

Touis XVI teach chairman of the board?

No executive can afford to ignore the latest developments in air cargo

Two centuries ago, the man who shipped by air was ahead of the times.

Today, the man who doesn't is behind the times.

For air cargo is no longer just a method of transportation. It is a way of doing better business, increasing your company's potential at home and abroad.

Here's what overseas air cargo can do for your business:

Air cargo can actually cut shipping costs. For when you ship hy air, there are no "hidden" charges — whereas total cost by sea can be 10 times the ocean freight rate.

Swift air delivery opens new markets, stimulates repeat orders, reduces inventory, eliminates overseas warehousing.

Air cargo saves extensive crating, solves packing problems — yet assures arrival of goods in showcase condition.

Air cargo shortens the gap between manufacture and delivery, smooths out production flow, speeds up payments.

No wonder more and more executives are re-examining the way their goods are moved. They are finding out for themselves that it pays to ship by air—not just in emergencies, but on a regular basis.

And when it comes to overseas air cargo, more and more companies are coming to Pan American. For only Pan Am offers the Pan Am Profit Lift—the most comprehensive service of ANY overseas cargo carrier.

A fair trial will prove the case. All it takes is the Pan Am Profit Lift and the right executive!

For more information, contact Pan Am, your cargo agent or forwarder — or write L. P. Cornwall, Cargo Sales Manager, P.O. Box 1790, New York 17, N. Y., for the free booklet, "There's Profit in the Air."

ONLY THE PAN AM PROFIT LIFT GIVES BOTH SHIPPER AND CONSIGNEE ALL FIVE:

Fastest delivery to all the world. No other airline can match Pan Am's number of direct flights to and from the 6 continents. Result: no unnecessary transshipments, no timewasting layovers. World's fastest, surest reservations. Space can be confirmed in 4 seconds flat by "PAT"—electronic Pan Am Teleregister. But, reserved or unreserved, all Clipper* Cargo is expedited cargo. World's most experienced air eargo carrier. Pan Am handles 71% more overseas cargo than any other airline. Experienced personnel keep track of your shipment every step of the way. World's most modern air fleet. Your goods travel first class when they fly via Clipper Cargo. Up-to-the-minute equipment includes pressurized and temperature-controlled planes. "Doorstep" service from anywhere in the U. S. If your town has a U. S. If your town has a highway, railroad or airport, you can ship overseas by Pan Am. Just call PAA, your cargo agent, forwarder or local airline.

PAN AM CLIPPER CARGO

FASTEST DELIVERY TO ALL THE WORLD



Never carry more cash than can afford to lose

For business or pleasure trips, long weekends or extended vacations. insist on ...

AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELERS CHEQUES

- · Prompt refund if lost or stolen. Accepted everywhere-easy to
- spend as cash.
- Good until used-keep unused cheques for emergencies.
- Buy them at your BANK, at Railway Express and Western Union offices, Charges-only 1%.

Sign when you buy them . . .



Your matching signatures are

the only identification you need.

LETTERS

Earth & Space

May I pour a little soothing oil on American heartburn over the failure of your Sputnik? Look around the free world and take stock of what your first Sputnik-called by some Marshall Aid-did for mankind, and take heart. A nation capable of such deeds can laugh off its first failures. ERNEST J. BOURNE

London

Sir: Let us not worry about our delayed satellite. Who Sputniks last, Sputniks best. SIG. GROSSMANN

Rio de Janeiro

Here is one American's judgment of this country's "decision" to talk disarmament with Russia: this is appearement! Appearement! Appeasement!

BILL McGUIRE

Ridgecrest, Calif.

President Truman, an ex-captain, had the courage to fire MacArthur when the occasion demanded. Now, with the peril greater, why can't Eisenhower, an ex-general, show the same courage with the bickering Pen-

TOE RAY Oneida Castle, N.Y.

The Whole Schell

Sir: You devoted a lot of space to Maria Schell and her body in your Dec. 30 story, but only show us pictures of her face. I think you owe it to your male readers to show a picture where more of her is

M. HERMANSEN Edmonton, Alta.

I For the rest of Schell, see cut.-ED.

Without knowing it, Time also sketched a revealing portrait of contemporary Germany. Pale but plump, simple-minded but Prussianistically pompou D. H. WENDT Livorno, Italy

M-G-M need have no worry about the impact of Maria Schell on the U.S. male moviegoer. The strapping thighs plus classic features of European girls are among the reatures of European girls are among the assets which have turned thousands of them into G.I. brides. Being a cautious European, I will say nothing about the reactions of the U.S. female moviegoer.

(Mr.) I. T. O'CONNOR Galway, Ireland

Remembering Hungary

Concerning your story on the "Widow's Christmas" [Dec. 30]: there are many who would like to forget the Hungarian revolu-

would like to forget the Hungarian revolu-tion because it is such an unpleasant re-minder of the political impotency of the Western world. Time deserves credit for keeping our consciences troubled. STEPHEN BENKO

Chester Po

Going to Hell

Bravo to Rector Kinsolving for saying, "Hell is a damnable doctrine . . . is responsi-ble for a large measure of the world's hatred [Dec. 30]." He has the courage to preach the beliefs that others in the clergy don't even dare to admit to their parishioners.

I. A. Morris Jr.

Clifton Springs, N.Y.

Before denying the existence of Hell, one should consider God's infinite capacity for justice. Evidently this is something that Pastor Kinsolving has neglected to do. DAVID MURPHY

Halifax, Nova Scotia

After the Crucifixion, it took Christ three days to liquidate Hell. We all know, but of course we don't tell the priests. D. W. EISENRING

Bandung, Indonesia

Hell is necessary. W. N. RIDDELL New York City

Bulletins From the Doahouse

As an English-bulldog owner and exhibi-tor, I resent the letter of one Albert M. Grossman who refers to White House Press

Letters to the Editor should be addressed to TIME & LIFE Building, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N.Y

IME is published weekly by TIME INC., at 540 to. Michigan Ave., Chicago 11, Illinois, Printed 1 U.S.A. Entered as second-class matter at the ost Office at Chicago, Illinois.

Subscription Bates: Continental U.S., Alaska, Ha-waii, Canada and Yukon, 1 year, \$7.00; 2 years, \$11.00; 3 years, \$14.00; 5 years, \$20,00, Burope, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, Puerto Rico, Canal Zone, Virgin Islands, Guam and Japan, 1 year, \$10.00; all other countries, 1 year, \$12.50.

Subscription Service: J. Edward King, Genl. Mgr. Mail subscription orders, correspondence and instructions for change of address to:

Time Susscription Service 540 N. Michigan Avenue Chicago 11, Illinois

Change of Address: Send old address (exactly as imprinted on mailing label of your copy of Time) and new address (with zone number, if any)—allow three weeks for change-over

Advertising Correspondence should be addressed to: Time, Time & Life Building, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N.Y.

New York 20, N.Y.
TOBL 19c, also publishes Larg. Fostyrone, spoars
LLUSTRAYED, ARCHITECTURAL FOSTUME and HOUSE
LLUSTRAYED, ARCHITECTURAL FOSTUME and HOUSE
GORD, AND ARCHITECTURAL FOSTUME AND ARCHITECTURAL
FOR THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE
GORD THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE
LIVE Periodent and Secretary, D. W. Bruinbaught
LOW Periodent Amount of Secretary, D. W. Bruinbaught
Chay Buckloute, Arnold W. Cartinoo, Allen Grover,
Andrew Heiskeld, C. D. Jackson, J. Keburd King,
Andrew Heiskeld, C. D. Jackson, J. Keburd King,
Periode, Weston C. Pullen, Jr.; Comptroller and
Ansistan Secretary, John B. Harrey, John B.

Volume LXXI

RCA VICTOR and Book-of-the-Month Club



AS THE HEART AND CORE OF A LIFETIME RECORD LIBRARY

BEGINNING MEMBERS WHO AGREE TO BUY SIX RCA VICTOR RED SEAL RECORDS FROM THE SOCIETY DURING THE NEXT YEAR WILL RECEIVE

The Nine Beethoven Symphonies



IN AN ALBUM OF SEVEN 12-INCH LONG-PLAYING RECORDS FOR

Nationally advertised price \$34.98*

*Effective February 1, 1951

ANNOUNCE THE FORMATION OF

The RGA Victor Society of Great Music

... its common-sense purpose is to help serious lovers of music build up a fine record library systematically instead of haphazardly. By doing so, they can save ALMOST ONE THIRD of what they would pay otherwise for the same RCA VICTOR Red Seal Records.

OST MUSIC-LOVERS, in the back of their minds, cerintend to build up for themselves a representative record library of the World's Great Music. Unfortunately, almost always they are haphazard in carrying out this aspiration. The new Society is designed to meet this common situation, sensibly, by making collection more systematic than it now is in most cases.

* Because of more systematic collection, operating costs can be greatly reduced, thus permitting extraordinary economies for the record collector. The remarkable Introductory Offer at the left is a dramatic demonstration. It represents a 45% saving the first year.

* Thereafter, continuing members can build their record library at almost a ONE-THIRD SAVING. For every two records purchased (from a group of at least fifty made available annually by the Society) members will receive a third RCA VICTOR Red Seal Record free.

* A cardinal feature of the plan is GUIDANCE. The Society has a Selection Panel whose sole business it is to determine "must-have" works for members. Members of the panel are as follows:

DEEMS TAYLOR, composer and commentator, Chairman SAMUEL CHOTZINOFF, General Music Director, NBC JACQUES BARZUN, author and music critic JOHN M. CONLY, editor of High Fidelity AARON COPLAND, compos

ALFRED FRANKENSTEIN, music critic of San Francisco Chronicle DOUGLAS MOORE, composer and Professor of Music, Columbia University WILLIAM SCHUMAN, composer and president of Juilliard School of Music CARLETON SPRAGUE SMITH, chief of Music Division, N. Y. Public Library G. WALLACE WOODWORTH, Professor of Music, Harvard University

HOW THE SOCIETY OPERATES

ACH month, three or more RCA VICTOR Red Seal Records will be announced to members. One will always be singled out as the recordof-the-month, and unless the Society is otherwise instructed (on a simple form always provided), this record will be sent to the member. If the

member does not want the work he may specify an alternate, or instruct the Society to send him nothing. For every record purchased, members will pay no more than the nationally advertised price of RCA VICTOR Red Seal Records at the time (plus a small charge for mailing).

Please register me as a member and send me the seven-record Toscanini-Beethoven Album under the conditions stated at the eft and above. If I continue, after buying its records, for every two records I pur- tis.	unth (lob, Int., 345 Hudson 51., New York 14, N. Y. chase from the Society, I will receive a third RCA VICTOR Red Seal Record, free. To maintain membership after the first year, I need buy only four records from the Society in any 12-month period.
	orial plainly?
ADDRESS	
STY	ZONE STATE
NOTE: If you wish to enroll through an author	rized RCA VICTOR dealer, please fill in here:
PEALER'S HAME	
IDDRESS	
aty	ZONE STATE V2-1

"Employees' enthusiasm for BLUE CROSS"

proves it gives the sound hospital expense help families need and want!"

> says ARTHUR F. BROWN, President, Imperial Paper and Color Corp.



"Our first Blue Cross group at Imperial was formed in the days when such protection was still a new idea. Some 42 employees were enrolled then. Over the years, the Blue Cross objective of helping in terms of hospital care rather than a daily dollar allotment has proved its practical value. It's one of the main reasons 1600 employees here are today enrolled in Blue Cross."

Blue Cross Plans, serving locally coast to coast, bring Americans this famed program for prepayment of hospital care...the only one officially approved by the American Hospital Association.

XTMLE space of a generation. Blue Cross has pionexer due idea of hospital care protection and proved its value. Today more than 54 million Americans belong—almost one out of every three men, women and children in our country!

Blue Cross is unique in the way for the protection of t

Here is realistic protection. The benefits provided by Blue Cross are based on hospital care, rather than dollar allowances. Emphasis is constantly placed on the need of the individual member.

Sares office time and expense. Working directly with the hospital, your Blue Cross Plan handles all details of employees' cases. The company inherits no bookkeeping or claim filing problems. Bills clear when Blue Cross members leave the hospital.

Easily built into your welfare program. Blue Cross protection offers wide flexibility to fit any employee benefit program . . whatever its size or scope. The program is equally advantageous for large or small companies.

Cost kept low. Blue Cross Plans are dedicated to the principle of giving the greatest possible protection at the lowest cost. Except for necessary administrative expenses and reserves, all money taken in by Blue Cross Plans goes toward the payment of members' hospital bills. For answers to any questions about

For answers to any questions about how Blue Cross can serve your company, contact your local Blue Cross Plan—or, if you wish, write direct to Blue Cross Commission, Dept. 419, 425 North Michigan, Chicago II, Illinois. A few of the 300,000 companies with Blue Cross

CROWN ZELLERBACH CORP. FORD MOTOR CO. LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO. MATSON NAVIGATION CO. MARCHANT CALCULATORS, INC. MCGRAW-HILL PUBLISHING CO. SUNKIST GROWERS. INC.



S Blue Cross and symbol registered by the American Hospital Association Secretary Jim Hagerty as humorless and "Ike's little bulldog." The bulldog has char-acter and the best sense of humor of any dog in the show ring; my dog has such a sense of humor she would even run to Hagerty. ROBERT D. HEGGE

Sir So Jim Hagerty got mad at Art Buch-wald?—I don't see that that's any reason for a bunch of self-styled pundits to start publicizing the fact as an international incident. More of them might do well to remember that their stories are only as good as his information, and be thankful for the best press secretary in history

ELIZABETH CAVANAUGH SHAW Lake George, N.Y.

Sir: I nominate James (Bird Brain) Hagerty as the No. 1 Jerk of the Year

NEWTON F. STOGNER Saint Jo. Texas

Action at Albany

Congratulations on your excellent Jan. 6 origratulations on your excellent Jan. 6 article on the State University of New York's President Carlson. While it is certainly true that he lacks the support of the regents and the governor, he is a clearsighted and forceful educational leader who is making a out of its humiliating position vis-à-vis public higher education

M. E. GRENANDER Associate Professor of English State University of New York

New York State College for Teachers

Your sentence dealing with last year's successful campaign for the approval of the \$250 million bond issue says it met with opposition from the board of regents and Governor Harriman. The governor and the regents gave their unqualified and effective to the campaign throughout the year. You also suggest that the campaign was my responsibility alone. The bond issue was a policy of the board of trustees, all of whom gave indefatigably of their time and effort on its behalf WILLIAM S. CARLSON

State University of New York Albany, N.Y.

Who's What?

Regarding the low percentage of Catholics in Who's Who in America (Dec. 30): would St. Joseph have made the Who's Who of Rome in his day? THOMAS R. PETERS

St. Clair Shores, Mich.

Sir: Since the Roman Catholic Church hierarchy in the U.S. is composed mostly of Irish immigrants or their direct descendants, it is understandable why Catholic education has so many of the Irish character traits: has so many of the Irish character traits: self-deception as to personal worth, lack of perseverance and tenacity of purpose, and desire to escape reality.

MARION A. TROZZOLO

Kansas City

Heart & Hardship

You give Elvis Presley plenty of space yet never do you note any of his good qualities, and the Dec. 30 issue under People has your usual "barnyard Timisms." Why



ARTHUR F. BROWN, President, Imperial Paper and Color Corp. says:

"Generous BLUE SHIELD doctor bill benefits have long been a key part of our employee welfare program!"

"Imperial was the first company in this area to offer Blue Shield protection to employees. Through the years we have received many heart-warming reports of how Blue Shield has helped our people with doctor bills, The benefits are liberal, and the cost is very reasonable,"

Points to remember about Blue Shield!

Doctors back Blue Shield Plans through their local state or county medical societies.

Broad protection. Blue Shield provides benefits for hundreds of operations-many nonsurgical services, too, The cost is low. Blue Shield Plans are organized in the public interest, All money taken in, except for necessary reserves and expenses, goes to help pay surgical-medical-maternity bills for Blue Shield members.

Direct handling on each individual case speeds payment and saves companies the trouble of filing claims and follow-ups.

Highly flexible. Blue Shield fits into all types of welfare programs in large or small companies.

For specific information, contact your local Blue Shield Plan, or write Blue Shield Commission, Dept. 419, 425 North Michigan, Chicago 11, Illinois,







don't you ever mention that Elvis doesn't drink, smoke, and has tried very hard to set a good example for the teen-agers? MARILYN CORDY

Corvallis, Ore.

What's with Elvis and the White Christmas bit? Has that beat-up tune become the guy alone? He obeys the laws of the land (he ain't a bank robber or anything), and he pays his taxes, don't he? C. OVERILL

Santa Ana, Calif.

Sir:

I have been around the world seven times. Elvis' "hardship" story is undoubtedly the saddest story I have ever heard.

(SP/3) MEL CZAJKOWSKI U.S.A. Fort Huachuca, Ariz.

Back on the Record

The Haydn Society did not go "down to noble defeat (in 1955)" and "go out of business," as you stated in your Dec. 16 issue. The society merely curtailed its activities temporarily in order to gather strength after it went through bankruptcy proceedings that started in 1955. We are back in the running with a new, successful Sampler, 20 December releases, and have scheduled 108 records for 1958. V. RICHARD TALBOT

Executive Vice President Havdn Society Inc.

New York City

Man of the Year

How in the hell could you pick one of the most potential menaces to humanity? R. CLARKIN Thompsonville, Conn.

Sir:
I thought you named only human beings J. L. McCurdy Sarasota, Fla.

Sir:
I found no men-tion of Mrs. Khrushchev in your article. Do you suppose JEAN C. ANTHONY Springfield, Ohio

¶ What does Reader Anthony think (see cut)?-ED.

A very appropri-ate cover. However much we may hate to admit it, the Communists have opened

Girard case.

new space age Mrs. KHRUSHCHEV

while we made world headlines with our internal convulsions at Little Rock and idiotic ballyhoo over the

CAROL LEE KUCEROV Lafavette, Ind.

Let's all hope his head swells and the crown topples. H. R. BATCHELOR

Ontario, Calif. TIME, JANUARY 27, 1958

How can business increase profits with the help of the telephone?

One of the real tests of management is the ability to maintain or step up profits during periods of adjustment without making false or even harmful economies.

At such a time, out-of-town telephone calls may be more valuable than ever. For example . . .

In purchasing: to find the best buys fast, clarify instructions and expedite deliveries. In production: to keep a tighter control on the flow of raw materials.

In sales: to save time and paper work and yet continue to close many sales personally and directly.

Out-of-town telephone calls can produce profitable economies in almost every phase of your operation. More and more companies are proving it right now.

SEE HOW YOU SAVE ON STATION-TO-STATION CALLS

For example:	Day Rates (fi Person-to-	st 3 minutes)	Each Added Minute (appl
Philadelphia to	Person	Station	to all calls)
Washington, D.C.	85¢	60¢	15¢
Cincinnati to Detroit	\$120	85¢	25∉
St. Louis to Des Moines	\$135	95¢	25∉
Chicago to Pittsburgh	\$160	\$115	30∉
New York to Los Angeles	\$350	\$250	65é

Add 100 Pedanel Fraisa To

BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM



underwood

Post-Master 92

THE NEW LOW COST POSTING MACHINE

"like wearing Magic Gloves"...

Master-Touch adding & accounting

EXCLUSIVE UNDERWOOD Moster-Touch

Master-Touch combines the world's simplest number-printing keyboard with instant machine-response and silken smooth control. 10-key keyboard handles all figuring.

Master-Touch works the way you write - automatically inserting decimal points correctly. Only Underwood has 10-key Master-Touch on all adding and accounting models.

Master-Touch

STOPS HIDDEN LOSSES

in hand-posted accounts receivable

Cost analysis uncovers surprising losses in old fashioned hand posting. But they're simple to eliminate in both large and small firms. Here's how the low priced Master-Touch Post-Master stops hidden losses:

- Saves time lost footing and balancing accounts
- Saves money lost through bookkeeping errors
- Saves time spent proving all items have been posted Saves time spent preparing customer statements
- · Saves costly overtime at month end
- Saves money lost through illegible figures
- Saves money by giving you up-to-date figure-facts

The Master-Touch Post-Master posts, balances and proves ledger and statements in a single line entry. Bookkeepers like its swift, error-free operation. You'll be amazed at how little it costs to put the money-saving Post-Master to work in your office. Ask Underwood about its easy terms.



underwood Sundstrand Adding

Master-Touch

Multi-purpose figuring machine. Handles both forms and tape. Simple 10-key Master-Touch system on cuts operator fatigue.



underwood Sundstrand Cycle Billing

Master-Touch

Proved in open competition, in stores from coast to coast this Master-Touch accounting machine is a natural for smooth, efficient cycle billing.



CUTS YOUR RISK OF ERRORS

underwo

masters your paperwork



Relax enroute to Australia

via ss Mariposa...ss Monterey

Settle back. Stretch out. Let cares float away under sunny South Pacific skies. This is your adventure in leisure: 19 thoroughly restful days on the Matson way to Australia, via Tahiti and New Zealand.

You arrive relaxed, refreshed, and ready for all the fun of this friendly down-under wonderland. Matson travel does it every time. Elegant cuisine and service. Spacious, air-conditioned ships. All accommodations in First Class, all with private bath.

SPECIAL SPRINGTIME TRAVEL OPPORTUNITIES

Space now available for these vailings: April 2, April 27, May 18 and June 11

... when the weather is at its glorious best all along the route. Sail round trip by ship, or return by air from New Zealand or Australia. Or plan an exciting journey around the Pacific or around the world. Whatever you choose, the Mariposa or Montercy is the perfect beginning for an unforgettable adventure. See your Travel Agent.

Matson !

THE SMART WAY TO THE SOUTH PACIFIC AND HAWAIL

OFFICES: New York - Chicago - San Francisco - Seattle

Portland - Los Angeles - San Diego - Honolulu



TIME

MENRY R. Luc

MANAGING EDITOR Roy Alexander

ASSISTANT MANAGING EDITOR

SENIOR EDITORS

ks, Robert W. Boyd Jr., Thomas Griffit

uole Grunwald, James Keogh, Robert Mar

ning, Hillis Mills, Content Peekham, Joseph Purtel John Walker.

ASSOCIATE EDITORS
Douglas Auchincioss, A. T. Baker, Bruce Borton Ir

Joughs Ademicos, A. F. Baker, Brace Borion Jr.
Lester Bernstein, Rodingy Campbell, Gibbert Can
Chaup, Clark, George G. Debiels, Henry Bradford Ba
much Jr., Alexander Blot, Wilhar Forbis, Max Glaser
Barker T. Hurtahora, Crunston Jones, Alvin M., Joseph
T., Lonia Krousebberger, Jonathan Norton Leonari, Max
gare Quimby, Richard Seannon, Carl Solberg,

Richard Armstrong, James Ajwater, Harriet Bachmare, L. Birthaum, Hichard W. Hoest, W. Himmellows, L. Birthaum, Hichard W. Hoest, D. Himmellows, C. Bartin, H. Harriet, Almi H. Harriet, H. Harriet, Almi H. Harriet, H. Harrie

ART DIRECTOR Michael J. Phillips

COURSE MESSACHES

THE COURSE MESSACHES

THE

U.S. AND CANADIAN NEWS SERVICE James Shepley (Chief of Correspondents). Hen Wil

Moreova Woodmarrow Lance and State a

FOREIGN NEWS SERVICE

Boylet George Voger, Clark Applemite, Elsow Mickeling, Bernard Lower, Max Way, Muson Hilden, Joe Hand Laker, Richard Mickel, Mickel Carlot, Schrifter, Mickel Carlot, Schrifter, Mickel Schrifter, Device Frank Witter, Bilmond Schrifter, George Willed, Charlot, Charl

PUBLISHER James A Lines

ADVERTISING DIRECTOR

ASSISTANT TO THE PUBLISHER
Frank R. Shen

6 1958 Fine Inc. All rights reserves

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of

TIME, JANUARY 27, 1958

A letter from the PUBLISHER

James a. Linen

DANCING may seem a sin to some Christians, but in Asia it is still what it always was—a way of worship. In six pages of color. That looks at the religious dancers of the East, their ups (in Ceylon) and their downs (in India). See Religion, Dancing for the Gods.

EW areas of the world have marched so briskly with the news in recent years as the great continent of Africa, Since World War II. five new African nations have achieved independencesome through war and rebellion, others as a result of a policy of enlightened gradualism on the part of their onetime colonial masters. An outstanding example of the second category is the onetime condominium known as the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Next month the Sudan will hold its first general elections since independence was formally achieved two years ago. For a report, see FOREIGN NEWS. Promise on the Nile.

TO 14,678 tourists who visited underhold Nassau has year, mardy from the U.S., a special charm of the quaint old British colonly was the ample corps of cheerful servants. But the black men who drive the trais and rote the trays of rum punches had their private thoughts shout the shift minority that runs the island. Last week old resentantise, but the shift of the control of the shift minority that runs the island. Last week old resentantise, but the shift of the shift

FRANCE'S Jean Auguste Dominique Ingres was once described as an artist who painted the heauties of woman "with the keenness of a surgeon.

B



CAMBODIAN DANCERS

with the humble devotion of a lover."
Last week. Time: Art editor discovered
that one of Ingres' most famed portraits of a woman had been quietly
shipped out of France, installed in a
Manhattan apartment. For who bought
is and how much, see ART. The Lost
Ingres.

SINCE last July, thousands of scientists in opations, positions, positions, the intermediate in the intermediate in the same been busine enough the caps, and closely inspecting the atmosphere above the earth and the mysterious, high-pressure stuff beneath the earth's surface. For an interim report on the International Geophysical Year, see SCIENCE, A Look at Mon's Planet.

THE nation's big spotlights are on the play between the President and reconvening Congress, but many a promising pollitical carreer hangs on a similar play between governors and state legislatures around the U.S. One governow has baxing it out with his legislature is George Docking, Democratic governor of one of the most Republican of states—Rangas, See National Apraelias, The Governor Bids of Slam.

INDEX

	THULK	
	16 Color: Dancing for	
	Letters2	
	Medicine38	
	Milestones88	
inema90	Miscellany96	
ducation71		
oreign News22	National Affairs13	
emisphere30		TV & Radio62

LIBERTY MUTUAL

The Company that stands by you



This man is making a new life

HE LEARNED HOW AT A LIBERTY MUTUAL REHABILITATION CENTER



BEHABILITATION OF BADLY INJURED WORKERS.
Of thousands treated in Liberty Mutual
Rehabilitation Centers, 85% were improved — and of those, 82% went back
to work. By preserving human values,
Liberty helps reduce insurance cost



LIBERTY'S "EXPENSE RATIO" on Workmen's Compensation is lowest of any general casualty company operating nationwide. Liberty has returned \$422,111,000 in dividends to policyholders. For 20 years—the nation's largest writer of Compensation.

HE WAS A MACHINE OPERATOR - earning his living with his two hands. Then suddenly one day, an accident with his machine. Amputation of one hand wiped out all his years of skill. That was his discouraging situation when he came to Liberty Mutual's Rehabilitation Center. Medical science, prosthetic know-how, physical therapy and occupational therapy went to work for him. In about six weeks he returned to the job. Good work won him promotion, Now, two years after his injury, he earns even more than before. The Rehabilitation Center, part of Liberty Mutual's service to workmen's compensation policyholders, is a big factor in preserving human values and in reducing insurance costs.



Insurance for: Warkmen's Compensation, Group Accident and Health, Automobiles, Liability, Fire, Marine, Crime

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

THE PRESIDENCY

Just Reasonable

The last big hurdle facing Dwight Eisenhower in his recovery from his stroke was the on-the-spot questioning and answering of the presidential press conference. He had journeyed to Paris and strengthened U.S. ties with NATO leaders. He had recaptured the diplomatic initiative and restored the cold war perspective in his reply to the U.S.S.R.'s Bulganin (Time, Jan. 20). He had gone far, in his State of the Union message. toward bolstering the public confidence and military energy of the U.S. His special farm and economic messages to Congress carried hard, specific recommendations for bolstering the U.S. economy (see below).

But when the President met the press last week for the first time in eleven weeks, his performance was something of a letdown. He knew his subjects, and his demeanor and clarity of character gave strength to the reasonalheness of his answers—but this reasonableness, laid down in cold print, often sounded like weakness and an open invitation to his opponents to walk all over Dwight Eisenhower and

his programs.

Groons on the Hill. Asked what he intended to do to carry out the reorganization of the Defense Department promised in his State of the Union message. He replied that nothing could be done until there is a "consensus" of Congress and service chiefs—an answer that was promptly interpreted in the Pentagon as

backing down. Would the President fight to get his complete program, presumably including his \$73.9 billion budget, through Congress this year by quietly threatening to withhold election support from Congressme who opposed him? "No," said Ike, "I don't deal on that basis. I do every possible thing I can in the way of consultation, communication, both in Congress and with people outside of Government, to persuade them of the soundness of [my] views . . . I will continue to urge and argue far more behind the scenes than in front, but, nevertheless. I will argue . as long as I have strength to do it." (On Capitol Hill loyal Republicans groaned; they would like Ike to carry a big stick while he talks softly.)

On the economic front the "consensus" of his economic advisers, he said, was that 1958 would produce "an upswing



Internation

THE PRESIDENT & THE PRESS
On the last big hurdle, a letdown.

rather than a continuation of any downturn. But in case of a continued downturn turn. But in case of a continued downturn he though. "a little needle" would be heetter than a character. Therefore, for fiscal 1959, orderfers, better would be better than to set the continue of the better than the set of the continue of the better than the set of the continue of the tax raising." But the Administration has no intention "at this moment" on intention "at this moment" or up the excompa-

Would be release the highly publicated Gaither report (Thus, Dec. 2) that warns of the perilous position of the U.S. in its arms race with Russia and advocates a stepped-up arms program and vast bomb with the state of the would not. He needs the advice of Government and citizen panels. In order for them to know what they are talking about they have to be entrusted with top-secret information. Therefore he must alverted and the advice to greater than the part of the property of the property

Goof in the Draft. Reasonableness was his theme again when he was pressed on prospects for the parley at the summit & THE PRESS
rolle, a letdown,
that the Russians are clamoring for, although he altered not a line of the tough

stand of his letter to Russia's Premier

Had be considered asking Bulganin to publish his letter in Busias "I think if you will read the letter. Jyou will ace that it said: 'I hope this letter will have the same publicity in Russia that we gave yours.' Now maybe in one draft, that might have gone out, but that is the way I remember it.' Press Secretary Jim Hasery laped to his feet to whisper in the Possiblent's ent that it had indeed gone ently made a good. I have apparently made a good of the proposed proposed the proposed proposed proposed to the proposed propose

Trash in the Basket. The high point of the press conference came when calm and equanimity went out the window. New York Daily News Reporter Michael O'Neil quoted anonymous newspaper reports to the effect that Secretary of State John Foster Dulles had submitted his resignation and that the President had resignation and that the President had re-

jected it. Blazed Ike: "Have you seen that report or have you written it your-Replied the reporter: "No. sir. But it was in the newspapers." Said Ike "It was? Then I would say. I would class it as trash . . . The last person that I would want to see resign is Mr. Dulles. I don't mind saying this: I think he is the wisest, most dedicated man that I know . . He stays right squarely on the job, and that is where he belongs.

How was the President himself bearing up under the strain of "Little Rock, Sputnik. Khrushchev and so on" in the wake of his three serious illnesses? Said he: If at any time his doctors told him he was not up to his job. he would resign-but the doctors assured him that there was "no damage to whatever intellectual faculties I have . . . For myself, I feel very well indeed . . . As long as I am able, I am going to carry on just exactly as I have in the past, and with no thought of it, and from there on it is in the lap of the the five years [in office], I can say this: I do not believe that it is much rougher than I anticipated."

Backing Away?

The Pentagon was quick to catch the note in the President's press conference last week which indicated that Ike was less enthusiastic about the need for prompt reorganization of the Defense establishment than he had sounded in his State of the Union message (TIME, Jan. 20), "My own convictions are rather fixed," Ike told the newsmen mildly, (General Eisenhower came back from World War II convinced that U.S. defense needed "central planning -the essence of unity in the armed forces.") But when a reporter asked last week whether he was still in that fight, Ike seemed to back away, Furthermore, it was increasingly clear that Defense Secretary Neil McElroy was in no hurry to present to the President a specific reorganization plan. McElroy's big move last week: to call for advice on reorganization from the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Nathan Twining, and from ex-L.C.S. Chairmen Admiral Arthur Radford and General Omar Bradley,

In this kind of climate the Defense Department announced a decision as grave as any that Neil McElroy has yet made: the vast, complex job of building a weapons system to intercept and destroy an attacking missile will be split in effect between two hotly competitive services. The Army will expand its Nike series with a contramissile called Nike Zeus, and the Air Force will develop the missile radar-detection system to go with it. Both will be under McElroy's missile boss, William Holaday, at least until McElrov's pet project, an Advanced Research Projects Agency, gets under way. McElroy did not specify which service would operate the weapons system once it was developed, but the split-up of single problem seemed an odd way to get efficiency-unless McElroy could find a way to pool the best brains of the Army and Air Force for the project.

THE ECONOMY

Prospect: Growth

Like sleet out of a grey winter sky, loomy economic reports pelted out of Washington. The December industrialproduction index drooped 7% below the fell off in the steepest monthly drop since the alltime peak of last August. Year-end unemployment edged up 200,000 to 3,4 million to make it 5.2% of the labor force. the highest December rate since the recession year of 1949.

Against the wintry backdrop of statistics. President Eisenhower sent to Congress this week a calm reminder of the U.S. economy's strength and a firm prediction of its renewed growth. The President's yearly Economic Report, drafted with the help of his Council of Economic Advisers. reiterated that 1957 was a year of recordsetting prosperity. Total industrial output equaled the 1956 record. Gross national product (\$434 billion) and total personal els by 5%. At midyear the employment total stood at a new record high of 67.2 million, and the last quarter's "moderate" decline still left employment at 64.4 million, a higher mark than the U.S. reached in any year prior to 1956.



2.6 million

What of this year? Without pinning himself to exact numerical predictions, the President declared that "economic growth can be resumed without extended interruption," and he added a promise: "The policies of Government will be directed toward helping to assure this result." Easier credit would spur both homebuilding and federal-state outlays for schools. roads, etc. Increased federal spending for defense would add further economic pep.

In a free economy, said the report, "growth will inevitably proceed at a somewhat uneven pace." The "unfavorable feature" in the economy of 1957 was not the dip but the fact that, even with industrial capacity outpacing demand, the consumer price index kept creeping upward.

CONSUMER PRICES DEC.-121.6 UR 2 - JAN

Viewing this kind of against-the-tide price inflation (Time. Jan. 6) as a serious danger sign, the President pledged the Administration to promote price stability. But he also called upon business and labor to show restraint in using their power to force up prices and wages. Price boosts unjustified by cost increases can curb demand. Wage boosts unjustified by productivity increases can push prices upward, slow down economic recovery.

The main economic task confronting the U.S., as the President's Economic Report saw it, is not merely to get the indexes of output and employment moving upward again, but to assure that the coming upturn brings "increases in real output accompanied by stable prices.

AGRICULTURE

Prospect: Foot-Dragging "There has been more change in agri-

culture within the lifetime of men now living than in the previous 2,000 years, said President Eisenhower last week in sending to Congress a new farm program designed to bring U.S. Government policy up to date with the U.S. farmer's "unparalleled ability to produce." Principally, the President asked Congress to

¶ Give Agriculture Secretary Ezra Taft Benson authority to reduce price supports on cotton, tobacco, corn, wheat, peanuts, rice and dairy products to a minimum of 60% of parity, if necessary to avoid surpluses. The present floor is 75%

C Eliminate the escalator clause in the present law that automatically sends price supports up toward the same old high levels when the surpluses are cut down, thus encouraging more surpluses

6 Knock out the costly short-term acreage reserve phase of the soil bank and build up the long-term conservation reserve to encourage the retirement of marginal farm land from production for up to ten years.

Start now to free the farmer of Government controls on acreage by letting the Secretary of Agriculture gradually increase acreage allotments up to 50% above present levels if-as Benson hopes-lower farm prices stimulate consumption at home and abroad in areas where U.S. products have been priced out of the

As the President's message hit the Capitol, farm bloc regulars hit the chandeliers, turned sober discussion of issues into noisy attack on Ezra Benson. North Carolina's Harold Cooley, chairman of the House Agriculture Committee, cried that Eisenhower wanted to give Benson a "blueprint for bankruptcy." Louisiana's Allen Ellender, chairman of the Senate committee, said Benson would become a "czar." promptly summoned him to a committee inquisition. Benson arrived at 10 a.m. with a 24-page statement, was badgered after the third sentence. At one point Missouri's Democratic Senator Stuart Symington accused Benson of "insincerity" in saying he wanted to help farmers by lowering price supports. Then toned: "Every time. Moses. that you strike the rock you hurt my people.

As the attack steamed up, even Vermont's once friendly Republican George Aiken turned his back on Ezra Benson,

Akken had wanted the Administration to make a special exception in the new program for dairy farmers, but Benson said no. 1 As the committee members closed in. Chairman Ellender, unable to conceal his delinkt, looked at Aiken and broadly winked. Not until almost 6 o'clock was Benson allowed to complete his statement, By then all but two Fenators, after having their say to the press table, had gone

In the post-Sputnik eta many a Congressman had raised his voice asking for the Administration to show 'leedership.' The Administration showed it by attacking the nation's \$\$ billion-a-year farm giveaway in an election year—when the money is sorely needed for defense. Judging by its first spokesmen. Congress was in no mond to deal with the issue. tractors, he declared, are "bogged down in a labyrinth of advisers advising adviseers... We are often "helped to death" by the hierarchy of Government agencies," Conflict-of-interest statutes defeat the Government's opportunities to hire the most able civilians for key posts. "We really cannot ask people to come down to Washington as experts for a problem

as long as they have a vested interest in the very problem that they are trying to

solve. This means that you get somebody to solve the problem that does not have any experience in the problem."

Cots & Guts. Even angrier was Thomas G. Lamphier Jr., warrime fighter pilot and vice president of Convair (prime contractor on the Atlas ICBM). The Pentagon, said Airman Lamphier, indulges in "dangerous semanties" by indicating that the

have the power of negative endorsement; but nobody to give "an absolutely clear-cut decision that you know will stand; Titan is still on a "one-shift basis" and has not received a dollar of speedup money. Curtiss-Wrights President Roy Hurley aimed at the Pentagon budgeteers who withhold money for a program that has been approved by the Joint Chiefs and authorized by Congress: "You should shoot them. or drown them or put 'em in Jail." Summed up Donald W. Douglas ("Thori: "What we need most is more guts and less gobbledypook."

Doubts & Bucks. It remained for the U.S. top military man to turn the tables and question whether alarmist testimony might not be doing U.S. defenses more harm than good. It is probably true.











Douglas

LANPHIER KINDELBERGER HURLI Like a skein of yarn that the cat has been pawing for years.

DEFENSE

Expert Testimony "If you will pardon me." sighed North Carolina's Democratic Senator Sam Ervin Jr. after listening to a missileman's technical talk, "it sounds like unscrewing the inscrutable." By last week Sam Ervin. Chairman Lyndon Johnson and the rest of their colleagues in the Senate Preparedness Investigating Subcommittee hearings had reason to suspect that the Pentagon. like a complex missile, needed unscrewing badly. Having taken testimony on the state of the U.S. defense posture from military and civilian defense officials as well as scientists, the committee last week sat back while the nation's top missilemakers and planemakers opened up with an unprecedented and chillingly unanimous attack on Pentagon administration. By no means, testified the missile builders, is the U.S. doing all it can to advance its missile programs; in fact, what it is

Slight, pink-theeked Robert E. Gross, board chairman of Lockheed Aircraft Corp. (prime contractor on the Navy Polaris). registered the common complaint that Government agencies, bureaus, committees, staffs and boards interfere with quick and able decision-making. Con-

doing is being slowed by red tape and

Alls will be reliably operational in the near future. Actually, said he he Russians are two to three years ahead of the U.S. ICBM program because they have tested "hundreds" more parts. Convair could double its efforts on Atlas if the Pentagon so ordered, accelerate its B-54 bomber program by three or four months and put 50 times as much work into its anti-missile projects.

Big, booming James H. ("Dutch") Kindelberger, board chairman of North American Aviation Inc. (rocket motors), heartily agreed with Tommy Lanphier: "I think it is going to be a long, long time before we have what I consider dependable, reliable | ballistic | missiles . . . They are intricate beyond human belief." Also beyond belief, according to Kindelberger. is the state of the Pentagon. "It reminds said he, "of a skein of yarn with which the cat has been playing for years. It is badly snarled and loose ends stick out all over . . . It cannot be untangled by wrapping more yarn on the outside . . It is a big, vast, intricate thing, and I don't think you can wind another committee or another czar or another group on the outside of a tangle and straighten out the tangle."

President George Bunker of the Martin Co. (the Titan ICBM) complained that the Pentagon has "so many people who said the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, capable, loss-pressure General Nathan Farrastal Twining, that the U.S. is than Farrastal Twining, that the U.S. is than Farrastal Twining, that the U.S. is the U.

Prodded by Missouri's Stuart Symington, onetime Air Force Secretary, on whether he thought the 1959 military budget was big enough. Air Force General Twining growled an answer that Symington should have known. Once the budget is firmly set by the executive department of the Government, said West Pointer Twining, the committee "should not bring [military men] back again and say, 'Is this still adequate? . . . In the military terminology, a commander makes a decision, and if everybody starts bucking it, it is just no good, you have no military . It puts the military man in a pretty tough seat, because . . . if he says it is inade-quate, he just, I think, is approaching insubordination, and if he says it is ade-

multi-layered bureaucracy.

quate, he has more or less perjured himself. . . It is a hell of a note."

Good Soldier Twinnig's point reflected Dwight Eisenbower's growing irritation at admirals and generals who have used the committee's platform to sound off for favorite causes that have been overruled. But all the military discipline in Washinston could not erase the shattering charge by the missile-makers themselves that the U.S. is falling far short of doing all it can in the missile program.

FOREIGN RELATIONS Author Meets Critics

Probably nowhere in the U.S. are the words and ideas of Secretary of State John Foster Dulles more thoroughly or frequently attacked than at the bar and across the dining solves of Washington's still glowing from the President's presscanference tribute, went to a sellout luncheon at the National Press Club to face his critics. By the time he had finished his formal speech and a questiontished his formal speech and a questionord one of his clearest appraisals of his own job and U.S. cold war pollous.

No doubt, said he, the Communist rulers gained a success in Sputnik. But Sputnik, mocking the American people with its beep-beep, may go down in history as Mr. Khrushchev's boomerang. A wave of mortification, anger and fresh determination swept the country. Out of that mood is coming a more serious ap-

praisal of the struggle.

The Iron Grip, In the new cold war struggle, said Dulles, the strengths of Communism are bound up in its iron grip upon nearly a billion people enabling Communism to squeeze the great bulk of its resources into armaments and politicaleconomic offensives. But the weaknesses of Communism are also bound up in that iron grip, above all in the restless demand of subject peoples for freedom of thought and freedom to buy more consumer goods. This is why the U.S. has been trying to hase its cold war policies upon 1) "everpresent and ever-alert retaliatory power to deter Soviet aggression," 2) politicaleconomic aid and beefed-up world trade. 3) the exportable and basic meanings of the U.S. way of life. "It is up to us to make our freedom so rich, so dynamic, so self-disciplined that its values will be beyond dispute and its influence become so penetrating as to shorten the life expectancy of Communist imperialism.

Dulles moved on to blunt the newest anti-Dulles campaign the argument that he is too rigid an anti-Communiat to permit a patiety with the U-Si-Si. The permit appears of the per

could be ended and the need for sacrificial effort removed by a stroke of a pen at the summit. That is the kind of illusion that has plagued mankind for a long time."

The Rool Respect. Dulles struck his hardest blow—and got his warmest applause—when he took out after a question that summed up much of what his critics have had to say. The question: "No far as the harden had been a summer of the property of the property of the microphone, a smile beginning at the corners of his mouth. "I can hardly answer that question, perhaps, without a certain amount of bhas, I would say, to CS, stands higher than ever before with



Dulles at National Press Club Not entered in a popularity contest.

the governments of the free world countries. I cannot say the same as regards public opinion, where I think public opinion may perhaps have been somewhat misled, but perhaps you gentlemen have a very different view of that.

"Now there is a difference between being respected and being liked. We do not run the foreign policy of the U.S. with a view to winning a popularity contest. And we have to do things which we know are not going to be popular. But we have not done in my opinion, anything for which we are not respected, and I prefer being respected to being popular."

In the ensuine punditry many an eftoralist and opinion moder cuministed that Dulles had "changed." that he was now showing an encouracing willingness to negotiate. And it was true that the procecupation of most of the press with the summit had forced him to be more explicit about what the U.S. would and would not do. But, It was also true that would not do. But, It was also true that you had been also been also been also the base view of the cold war, who went into office just five years ago this week.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Authentic Voice

James Campbell Hagerty left his gale green office, walked go brisk steps down the hall opened a door and toole seven more paces to the desk of the President of the U.S. He had a case to make Dwight Eisenhower had not held a news conference in eleven weeks and White House Press Secretary Jim Hagerty knew that it was past time for another session

of the great give-and-take. In those eleven weeks President Eisenhower had suffered a stroke, recovered, gone to the NATO conference, joined criticized television report on the NATO meeting, delivered his State of the Union message, written a letter to Soviet Premier Bulganin urging dramatic works of peace, sent his budget to Congress. This added up to an impressive amount of activity. Yet Hagerty keenly realized that it was not enough. Closely tuned to the press and newsmen, he sensed that the clamor for a news conference might soon take a politically unfavorable turn. Closely tuned to the man before him, he knew that the President was in fine shape to get across the feeling of vitality and familiarity with the affairs of the nation that Ike has made the trademark of his news conferences. Dwight Eisenhower listened carefully to Press Secretary Jim Hagerty-and agreed to meet with the

For the 125th time in five years, bluegord, stocky (18 ft. 9 in. 127 blas J jim Hagerly, 48, rolled up his sleeves and went conference. He read through the script of the last previous press session: reporters have a disquieting habit of reviving old, unanswered questions. For two days he perfectly the properties of the state of the subjects. When the answers seemed to require extensive updating he called for help; cgs., he asked White House Science. Adviser James Killan for a report on

"Lef' Go." By 7:30 o'Cuck un pressconference morning. Hagerty had a full list of possible questions. He read it sloud at breakfast Lucer-troubled Jim Hagerty drank milk instead of coffee; with senior White House staffers, who contributed information from their own special fields. Economic Adviser Gabriel Hause was asked to knock off a fast explanatory of 42 when Haperty. White Husse Staff Chief Sheman Adams and other aides trooped into the President's office.

As always. Press Secretary Hagerty pulled up a chair directly across the desk from the President and began running down his list: "Mr. President, there is likely to be something on the economy." From time to time other staffers

nkely to be sometiming on the economy,
... From time to time other staffers
chipped in with a word of advice or a
piece of information. Their aim was not
to put words in the President's mouth but
to help him assemble relevant facts; they

had long since learned that Eisenhower answers questions in his own way. On the question of Russia's demands for an international summit conference. Hagerty pointed out that last May Russia's Nikita Khrushchev had taken a position that was now close to the U.S. position; i.e., that a summit conference should be preceded by a working-level preliminary conference. Khrushchev statement and passed it to Hagerty by telephone just before the briefing.) It was an item that President Eisenhower could (and did) use at his press conference. At 10:27 o'clock, only three minutes before conference time, Hagerty concluded: "That's all I have." President Eisenhower, already on his feet, replied: "Fine. Let's go."

Forty-eight minutes later, press-service teletypes across the U.S. were clattering with news of the conference, copy boys were ripping off the white sheets of the Associated Press and the yellow of the United Press, and editors began making over their front pages. Jim Hagerty had done well; only two news-conference questions touched on areas that Hagerty had not anticipated. One was whether President Eisenhower planned to accompany Mamie to the May launching of the first nuclear surface ship at Camden N.J. (Ike's answer: "I don't know anything about it.") The other was whether he planned to meet and discuss racial problems with New York's Negro Representative Adam Clayton Powell, (Answer: "I will have to look this one up.") In fact, Jim Hagerty's news judgment, as evidenced by his briefing, may have been better than the reporters': they asked no questions in the headline-making field of U.S. missile progress, for which Hagerty and Ike were thoroughly prepared.

"Lef's Hagr." Such judgment, hacked by meticalous attention to detail, has made New Yorker Jim Hagerty by every stundard the best—and most powerful stundard the best—and most powerful tory. Day to the control of the control of the tory. Day to the control of the control of the between presidential speeches and press conferences, during Eisenhower vacations and Eisenhower illnesses. Hagerty is the authentic voice of the White House and whole Admissiration.

To the U.S. public Hagerty's voice sounds loudest when he announces White House plans and decisions—and in a republic where the manner of presenting policy can be almost as important as its substance. Hagerty's influence is great. 'Jim has been largely responsible for the public of the Administration.' The public of the Administration.' The public of the Administration of the Saministration of the guidence of the Administration of the Administration.'

But Hagerty's backstage role is equally important. Of all the White House staffers. Hagerty has the warmest personal relationship with the President (The most admires the efficiency of Staff Chief Adams, but there is little real camaraderic). At Calionet and White House staff meetings. the President, having listened to arguments on both sides of an issue.

is likely to say: "Let's hear what Jim

Moreover, as no man before him, Hagerty has placed the news systems of all the departments of Federal Government under his sure thumb: he holds regular conferences with departmental press officers, scans departmental news bulletins before they are released-and plays a key part in advising Cabinet members who have got themselves out on limbs and need rescue. Example: when Agriculture Secretary Ezra Taft Benson wrote a politically explosive letter to Harper's in praise of a 1956 article condemning farm supports, he and his staff tried to dodge the ensuing political shot and shell by composing a senseless semi-denial. Hagan "I don't like it." he is not necessarily speaking of whether a policy is right or wrong. He is thinking of how it will look in print.

For all his skills. Jim Hagerty is an intensely human man with a good many human faults. First of these is a temper that can turn truly mean, resulting in words that can turn truly mean, resulting in words that are not easily forgiven. Says sorry, he thinks the whole thing more happened. Other people don't always feel that way. When New York Headd Fribmer Funnyman Art Buchwald parodied a Megerty press conference during the Paris were kicking use. Haperty (whose ulters were kicking use. Haperty) and the said. He demonded Buchwald, demand-stack. He demonded Buchwald, demand-stack. He demonded Buchwald, demand-stack. He demonded Buchwald, demand-



HAGERTY & FRIEND AT 135TH NEWS CONFERENCE

Over the White House, a lens ground to his prescription.

erty hastily called Benson by phone. "Ezra." said he, "you pulled a boner and

the thing to do is admit it." Benson did. Laughter from Ike, "I'm Hagerty," says a Washington newsman, "holds a lens ground to his own prescription over the White House-and outsiders have little choice but to look through it." Such broad influence carries with it heavy national responsibility. Hagerty more than meets it. He is a superb technician, down to the point of knowing by heart the strengths and weaknesses of the 30 regular newsmen on the White House beat as well as the deadlines of nearly all major U.S. newspapers. His loyalty to Dwight Eisenhower puts him in a position of trust, so that he can avoid blundering on points of policy. Although he frankly recognizes his job as that of making the President look good, he keeps both the confidence of the press and the public it serves by dealing in fact. In private Administration councils he does not try to influence policy as much as he tries to keep good policy from being damned by bad timing or inept presentation; when Hagerty snaps out with an "I like it" or

ed that the Trib print the denunciation on Page One (which it was only too delighted to do). President Eisenhower, who has a famous temper of his own and seems merely amused by Hagerty's merely said: "Simmer down, Jim, simmer down, "Said Hagerty later." It was so mad I could cry. The President read it and laughed. This made me madder."

Wounded-Boor Yell, Aside from temper, Hagerty lends to overmanage. His eight-member staff exists mostly to do his specific bidding, and on the infrequent occasions when Hagerty is away, things are likely to go wrong. Hagerty was in Paris preparing for the NATO conference when Ike suffered his stroke, and Associate Press Secretary Anne Wheston, a content of the Magnety Some child to the staff of the National Wheston and Associate Press Secretary Anne Wheston Anne Wheston Anne Wheston Anne Wheston Anne Wheston Anne Whesto

In a place where leaking news to favored reporters was long considered the best way to do business (in Franklin Roosevelt's day. Press Secretary Steve Early could do little but wring his hands at the sight of braintrusters passing secret papers to press pets—a sight as familiar as the White House flagpole). Hagerty discourages contacts between correspondents and other White House sources. His standard reaction upon spying a leaked story in a newspaper is a wounded-bear yell: "Good God! Where do they get it?"

Hagerty's remarkable success lies fales in his personal than in his professional perfection. And the key to Jim Hagerty is that despite eight years, which made him is first-rate reporter. for the New York Times, he is not a professional newsman. He works the opposite side of the street. His bone is the President of the LS, and his duty is to present Res' Jim Hagerty, by institute and training, it is professional presidential press secretary—and as such, he is the first of his kind.

Waves from Wendell, Press Secretary Hagerty's father is a newsman through and through, He is James Andrew Hagerty (the middle names are different, and Jim dislikes having a Jr. hooked on), who left the little Plattsburg (N.Y.) Press for the old New York Herald, went on to the Times, where he became one of the fine political reporters of his day (he retired in 1954). Young Jim went to Columbia (A.B. '34) and followed his father to the Times. He worked the city's political districts and, in 1938, went to the State Capitol in Albany. There he was a big wheel in amateur theatricals, developed a taste for Scotch and soda and an enduring reputation as a two-fisted drinking man in Matt McCaffrey's saloon (because of his ulcers, doctors now advise against soda, but Hagerty cheats for the forthright reason that "I don't like water"). He also earned a reputation as an industrious, thoroughly competent reporter. In 1940 he joined his father in covering Wendell Willkie's presidential campaign.

With Willkie in Colorado, young Jim Hagerty first took up golf (he has a sure touch on the greens, but his body sway on the tee leads to flubs, which Frequent Partner Dwight Eisenhower calls "Hagerty Drives"). Hagerty was genuinely fond of Willkie. But his memories of the mismanaged Willkie train make White House Press Secretary Jim Hagerty, who train than most railroad presidents, writhe in professional pain. The Willkie train often pulled out of wayside stations with reporters still standing on the tracks, and Wendell Willkie, thinking they were voters, waved farewell from the rear platform. When Jim Hagerty was press secretary to Tom Dewey a few years later, an officious Dewey aide ordered a train to move out while eight reporters were still rushing to clamber aboard. Hagerty dashed up ahead of the train, planted his foot on the track, forcing the engineer to stop, "They yelled like hell," recalls Hagerty. "But I knew my job.

Taking a Fling. That job began in 1943, when newly elected Governor Tom Dewey, looking around for an able newsman to serve as his press secretary, picked Jim Hagerty. Against the wishes of his

father, who knew young Jim was crossing the fence from the working press, Hager-ty accepted. Says he: "I thought I'd take a fling at it." Confident young Governor Dewey's press relations were atrocious at the time, and Jim Hagerey shared with ness toward his new boss. He gradually came to like and respect Dewey, although he never overcame his extreme distrate for wasding through manure on the governor's Pawling farm (it is City Boy Hager-nor's Pawling farm (it is City Boy Hager-New York Control of the Work Control of Section 1) years of the control of the work of the Section 1 years of the control of the work of the Section 1 years of the Section 2 years of

Slowly, almost despite themselves. Albany reporters found themselves writing stories favorable to Tom Dewey. At his press conference Deweyalways announced the big news of the day before newsmen got a chance to ask questions (Dwight Eisenhower often follows the same practice), and Hagerty handed out releases explaining the details, "If it was late and



THEATRICALS IN ALBANY
An intensely human man.

you wanted to get home for dinner," recalls an old Albany hand, "you ended upwriting pretty much what Hagerty gave you to write. The stories were always accurate and reasonable, and that made it easier,"

Jim Hagerty saw Dewey through two successful gubernatorial campaigns, two unsuccessful campaigns for President, and, early in 1952, was part of the tough, experienced political organization that Dewey set to working for Dwight Eisenhower. Hagerty thumped the tub for Ike throughout the preconvention campaign and the general election. The day after Eisenhower's inauguration, Hagerty was sworn in as White House press secretary. The President discovered early in the game that he was hiring no sycophantic flack: Hagerty got stubborn about some sinceforgotten point of press policy, and the Eisenhower temper flashed. After several minutes of colorful language. Ike paused

for breath, regarded the uncowed Hagerty. Said he: "You don't scare very easily,

You're Not Being Fair." Hagerty does not scare easily, but his problems were a stern test of fortitude. To be sure, his boss was a pressagent's dream, and Hagerty set about making the most of the Eisenhower personality-to the point of letting presidential press conferences be filmed for television for the first time. (Other Hagerty press-conference innovations: tape recordings for radio, and an end to the tortured old rule that required indirect quotations.) But if Ike was a publicrelations natural, a good many other members of the Administration were not. Cabinet officers, out of the business world and unfamiliar with the ways of the Washington press, at first talked too much, got hurt, and began clamming up completely.

During an early Cabinet meeting, Hagerty talked for 30 minutes, advising Cabinet officers to loosen up, to sell their accomplishments, get on TV panels ("make some use of that free time"), and to defend themselves when necessary. He explained exactly what off the record means (some of them had got to thinking that a clever way to kill a story was to call in reporters and give it to them off the record). Says Hagerty: "I told them I didn't care who they saw, but that if they talked to a reporter, it was going to turn up in print some way or another, I said, 'You're not being fair to yourselves or to the reporters, if you don't understand that,"

Joe McCarthy was in his raucous prime during the first Eisenhower years, and it was Hagerty who bore the brunt of refusing to respond to needling questions at his twice-daily press conferences. Actually, the decision to avoid a public brawl with Joe was the President's, but Hagerty, who loathed McCarthy, agreed completely from a public-relations standpoint. Says "You could only lift the junior Senator from Wisconsin to the President's level or-worse-lower the President to the level of the junior Senator from Wisconsin." After McCarthy's Senate censure. Hagerty suggested that Utah's Republican Senator Arthur Watkins, chairman of the special McCarthy-investigating committee, be invited to the White House for congratulations, which he was,

"Tell Jim to Toke Over." At 5,30 o'clocks on the affermen of Sept. 24, 1955, Hagerty was napping on the couch of his doen at his Chevy Chase home on Reno Road when a phone call changed forever the dimensions of his job. It was from Assistant Press Secretary Murray Snyder at the President's vacation headquarters in Denver: Dwight Eisenhower had suffered a coronary thomboast. The word that Hagerty was flying to Denver to take charge was soon relayed to the stricken charge was soon relayed to the stricken dange was soon relayed to the stricken McC. Snyder, the presidential physician, "Good" said flee. "Tell I'm to take over."

Hagerty took over. For twelve weeks, both in Denver and during the convalescence at Gettysburg, Jim Hagerty controlled Administration news. His press



WITH DR. WHITE (HEART ATTACK)
In the outside world . . .

conferences and medical bulletins began before 7 am. (to help the afternoon papers get 3 fresh lead), and, with the help of Heart Specialist Paul Doubley White furnished the fullest. Frankest information ever given the U.S. about the physical condition of an ailing President (some Administration leaders bridled at public discussion of the presidential bowels: Hagerity innoved the complaints.)

erregulated the complaints should office a the behavior of the behavior of the complaints of the like hadmition who had the behavior of the and Denver was made by the White House staff as-a whole. But Hagerty, who does not consider it his duty to stress the dark side of presidential file, certainly saw to it side of presidential file, certainly saw to it time papers they brought for the Pres, man time papers they brought for the Pres, man time papers they brought for the Pres, and to sign, were bernalded in beadines. He produced them for interviews and at least once handed a Cabinet member a statement to read about how well like lookedment to read about how well like lookedment to the president.

Remember the Major. Hagerty's skillful handling of the Denver crisis deepened his association with President Eisenhower. Before Denver, although holding profound respect for Hagerty's professional ability, Ike had referred to him as "my technician. After Denver the phrase was "my friend." More and more often Ike would pop his head out of his office, look around and inquire "Where's Jim?" Says another White House staffer: "He just wants to know where Jim is because. I guess, he feels better when Jim is around." Usually Hagerty still has to check with the President before answering press questions on substantive issues. "But." he says, "I think I know the President's feelings and philosophy so well that many times I can speak for him without checking. Remember, you live with the man.

Part of living with the man is knowing how to approach him 'Hagerty remembers that the President once told him 'When I was a young major in the Philippines I worked for a general 'Douglas MacArthur! with strong opinions. But when I felt it was my duty to argue. I never healtact.' The property of the p



WITH CHARTS (ILEITIS)
... they were driving him crazy ...

Broken Logiam. Less than a year after the Denver coronary President Eisenhower underwent surgery for ileitis at Washington's Walter Reed hospital. Hagerty set up a special phone connection outside the operating room, had the report of a successful operation to reporters three minutes after the surgeons had finished and 16 minutes before the President was wheeled back to his hospital room. In 36 hours Hagerty held 14 press conferences. but he generally kept newsmen and doctors apart, was by no means so lavish with medical details as in Denver. Says Hagerty: "A presidential heart attack is the property of the people. But we did not consider the ileitis something that endangered the President's life."

What the ileitis did do was to throw even greater doubt on Dwight Eisenhower's availability for renomination. and for months the Washington press asked about little else. Hagerty knew when Ike was ready to run again, but he still had to fend off questions. Finally, at Gettysburg. Hagerty talked to Ike in a cattle pen near the gabled farmhouse. "How are things in the outside world?" asked the President, "They're driving me crazy about re-election," said Hagerty, "Let's break the replied President Eisenhower, 'Jim, why don't you go back and grin at them?" Jim Hagerty did just that, and his grin made national headlines. It was confirmed a week later when the President subtly revealed his intentions to visiting Senate Republican Leader Bill Knowland and Knowland was allowed to break the news.

Washington's flap is eternal, and no somer had the made his availability known than a soorm brewed about Richard Nixon as his running mane. Harold Slassen, who was supposed to advise the President on international disarmament, urged dumping Nixon in favor of Massachusetts' Governor Christian Herter, Hagerty, who liked Nixon and thought he was the strongest candidate for Vice President.



WITH NIXON (STROKE)
... until he gave them the grin.

consulted the President, issued a statement pointedly reading Stassen out of the official Eisenhower family in his fight against Nison. Later, when Nison announced that he wanted a second term, Hagerry again went to Be, came out to describe him as "enthusiastic" about Nison's decision. When Stassen's dump-Nison campaign fell completely flat, he publicly blanded Press Secretary Jim Hagerry for knilling him. "You're goldam right I was "It's no secretary in the Charterto-"It's no secretary." It is no seret that Eisenhower was for Nison 100.

Bending a Rule. The exertions of the winning 1956 campaign, piled on top of the President's two illnesses, dampened the Administration's drive in the second term-and made Jim Hagerty's job that much harder. Although the slowdown was year-long, it got talked about most during the President's frequent vacations and long Gettysburg weekends. Hagerty struggled valiantly and, to a point, successfully in stressing work over play. He took with him on trips briefcases full of executive orders, appointments, etc., and parceled them out daily to make news under the Augusta or Gettysburg dateline. He encouraged feature stories on the Army Signal Corps' elaborate setup to keep Ike in close touch with Washington. He produced Cabinet members in wholesale lots. (Does Hagerty really call for Cabinet members? Says he: "Maybe sometimes I do.") He did anything and everything, in short, to keep the subjects of golf and fishing far down in the daily stories about the President.

Vet for all his efforts, had news kept pilling up, Russia's Sputniks circled the globe and, beyond recognizing them as nne news copy. Hagerty shared in the White House's early so-what attitude, For

all his freedom to argue in White House councils he sat silent during a pressconference briefing when Dwight Eisenhower said he intended to tell newsmen that Sputnik I made "not one iota" of military difference. The extent of Hagerty's contribution to immediate post-Sputnik urgency was to bend an old rule. Wary lest he disclose top-secret security information by a slip of the tongue. Hagerty has always declined to attend National Security Council sessions. He is reluctant in the extreme to hand out even the barest information about the officials who do attend. But after Sputnik I, he not only trumpeted the news that members of the long-neglected Scientific Advisory Committee were attending NSC conferences, but arranged for reporters to meet the scientists as they emerged

Speedup from Slowdown. The Administration tried to regain the foreign and domestic initiative with the NATO heads of government meeting, and Hagerty was in Paris settling the preliminaries of press coverage when the White House phoned to report that Ike had suffered a chill. Hagerty instinctively suspected worse, took off from Paris' Orly Field in zerozero weather to fly back to Washington. He was just in time to rescue Associate Press Secretary Anne Wheaton, who, cut off from direct communication with the President's doctors, had managed to confuse Ike's cerebral hemorrhage with some sort of coronary disease.

Hagerty brought order, set up an unorthodox press conference for the Vice President at the White House, at which Richard Nixon expressed optimism about the President's health. But Hagerty was touchier than ever before about giving out medical details. He came under strong criticism for making the President sound

perfectly chipper within hours after his seizure: that blame was unjustified, since Hagerty's natural desires had squarely coincided with fact. Five days after the stroke. Hagerty drove the 84 miles to Gettysburg with the President. The long. close conversation ranged from the Civil War to World War II-and to Ike's hopes for the NATO conference. "I knew then," says Hagerty, "that he would go to Paris if he could possibly move." And the voice of the White House promptly started making announcements along that line.

Out with Ike. The NATO sessions speeded the presidential pace, and although there have been a few stumbles. the forward momentum has not since stopped. Jim Hagerty can be expected to make the most of that fact. His schedule is killing: he has had only 17 days' vacation since the President's heart attack; he leaves his home by 7:30 a.m. and rarely gets back in time for dinner with his wife: last Thanksgiving, when the younger of his two sons came home from college. Hagerty saw him only for minutes. Even a professional presidential press secretary cannot long stand that gaff, and Jim Hagerty has made it clear that he will leave the White House when Dwight Eisenhower does

Hagerty has been accused at times of doing his job too well, of creating the image of a President more vigorous than he actually is, and thereby lulling the U.S. into a false and dangerous sense of complacency. But Press Secretary Hager-

ty cannot by the nature of his job manufacture a presidential record. He can only reflect what President Eisenhower does in its best light. In his ability to do just that. James Campbell Hagerty, first of the professional presidential press secretaries, may never be surpassed.



LUMBEES ATTACKING KU KLUX KLAN The immigrants were put to rout.

INDIANS The 30,000 Indians who live in Robeson

The Natives Are Restless

County, N.C. are a tough but fairly peaceloving lot. They are called the Lumbees, and some claim to be descendants of the centuries-old Croatans.* They are professional people, political leaders, small businessmen, small farmers, sharecroppers; like most Indians, they prefer to keep to themselves while maintaining fairly good relations with the 40,000 whites and 25,-000 Negroes in the area. But last week in Robeson County, there sounded ancient Indian anger. The Lumbees were out against the Ku Klux Klan, an organization of sons of immigrants who have long cried their devotion to 100% Americanism, white division.

Zero Hour. The Lumbees were restless because the Klan had burned two crosses as warnings to Indians to keep their place, (Backward Robeson County has threeway segregation in schools.) Despite the gentle protests of their elders, and of community officials around the county, many of the Lumbees calmly began to polish squirrel rifles and knives. Rumors ran that ammunition and other arms were selling at a fast clip in neighborhood shops. When the Klan sent around handbills announcing a rally in a field near Maxton, the Indians fixed their zero hour.

In the field that night, 75 Klansmen, one robed in white sheets, some armed with shotguns, gathered round the publicaddress system set up by Klan leaders. Above the crowd, hung a single bare electric bulb. Off to one side assembled fascinated observers and newsmen. Across the road stood about 150 young Lumbees.

Lights Out. First the Indians hooted a few jeers. The Klan ignored them. Then slowly the Lumbees fanned out and moved across the road. A tall Indian youth walked closer, raised his ritle, calmly drew a bead on the light bulb and bam!-out it went. Suddenly the band galloped toward the huddled Klansmen, yelling old war cries, firing into the dark night and at auto tires. Most of the Klansmen dropped their guns and made for their cars in fright. The Indians kept coming (one proudly wore a traditional feathered headdress marked Souvenir OF CHIMNEY ROCK, N.C. |, burst upon the public-address system, tore it apart, grabbed the emblazoned Klan banner.

Yelling, shouting and shooting at nothing in particular, the Indians struck their cheerful terror until a plain-clothes denuty tossed a tear-gas bomb into the mob; then braves and Klansmen alike scattered Soon state troopers sped into the field and disarmed them all. Happily the Lumbees jogged home, certain that the race-baiting bunch of newcomers to American soil would not mess around much more with Americans of a different brand,

* When Sir Walter Raleigh's Roanoke Island colony mysteriously disappeared some time between 1587 and 1500, the message Chiaronn was found carved on a tree. The "lost colony," some experts believe, joined the Croatan Indi-

BEHIND THE SCENES

Bonds & Bombs

The Air Force leaked the news that a plane carrying an atomic bomb had crashed without setting off a nuclear explosion, Plan behind the leak: to ease British uneasiness about SAC bombers operating over the British Isles. Behind the news is the story of how U.S. scientists have worked for years to build accident-proofing devices into Atomic Age bombs so that they cannot be accidentally set off in a crash-or even by blasts of high explosives, Proof of the scientists' success is the fact that not one but at least four bomb-lugging U.S. aircraft have crashed without nuclear explosions-one between Dayton and Cincinnati, one at Travis Air Force Base near San Francisco, one near Albuquerque, and one over the St. Lawrence River in a midair accident in which the accident-proofed "nuc" was jettisoned safely without explosion-and quickly recovered by a search

Within a fortnight after he had begun to campaign openly for the Ohio Republican nomination for governor, ex-Senator George Bender, now an aide in the Department of the Interior, abruptly bowed out. Behind-the-scenes reason: ex-Treasury Secretary George Humphrey, now board chairman of National Steel and the man with a firm grip on Ohio G.O.P. pursestrings, told Bender that the party was reasonably satisfied with Republican Incumbent C. William O'Neill, could not

stand a bitter primary fight. Two moderate Southern governors are

working a Damon-Pythias routine that is turning many a Dixie radical red with frustration. North Carolina's Luther Hodges was chairman of the 1957 Southern Governors Conference, engineered the election of Florida's LeRoy Collins as his successor even though a nominating committee had already settled on Georgia's racist Marvin Griffin. Collins, in turn, was succeeded last year as chairman of the Southern Regional Education Board by Hodges, Last week Hodges worked another ploy. Planning their Jefferson-Jackson Day Dinner in Raleigh. North Carolina Democrats planned to invite as main speaker a tubthumping segregationist, possibly Georgia's Senator Herman Talmadge. Hodges held out for-and got-his own choice: Florida's soft-talking LeRoy Collins. ¶ Defense Secretary Neil McElroy is

aware that his honeymoon with Congress and the armed services may soon be over-The problem: space. McElroy is determined that his long-discussed Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA) will handle development of future space projects. The services-which have their own designs on space-are complaining bitterly and effectively that ARPA will be a costly duplication, a fourth service, Presidential Science Adviser James R. Killian is arguing for a plan to turn the ARPA mission over to the independent, efficient National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, headed by Lieut. General Jimmy Doo-little-a plan pushed by both the Navy and the NACA

KANSAS

The Governor Bids a Slam

George Docking, the genial, 53-year-old governor of Kansas, and his wife Virginia had just finished a rousing round of duplicate bridge and a lively tournament postmortem of the play over coffee and ice cream in the Hotel Kansan snackshop, the Purple Cow. It was past midnight in Topeka as Democrat Docking paid the bill. escorted Virginia to his state-owned Cadillac outside, helped her into the car, slid into the driver's seat and purred off into the night.

The governor was in a purring moodand the fact that he and Virginia had won



KANSAS' DOCKING In a losing finesse, a trick or two.

third prize at bridge (\$2) had almost nothing to do with it. As Kansas' first Democratic governor in 20 years. George Docking has been winning most of his contracts from Kansas Republicans since he took office last year. Last week he dealt out a fresh hand that may well keep him in the governor's chair for another term. The slam bid in this case: a budget so carefully conceived and publicized that the Republicans might as well he against motherhood as oppose it.

Nuts & Jolts. In the Docking bid were such jolts as a 1¢ reduction in gasoline taxes (to be offset by a truck ton-mile tax), which pleased the oil companies, the railroads and plain, ordinary car owners: a 5% salary increase for state college and university teachers: slightly bigger corporation taxes, which outraged business but pleased Kansas' growing labor unions. Chuckles old Banker Docking: "This is one of those bankers' Machiavellian ideas, I dreamed up the gas tax-reduction plan all by myself, and later some of my people tried to talk me out of it. I said. 'Nuts to that.' Bureaucrats never think of reducing

a tax any more, and this is one I want to reduce." If the Republican-controlled legislature resists his program, it will have to raise \$20 million elsewhere-probably by an increase in the sales tax from 2% to 3%, a move which Docking already has promised to veto.

Though his tax program sounds like orthodox Fair Dealing. George Docking has made a political career out of being an offheat Democrat in Republican Kansas (he regards himself as "a kind of cynic. likes to read Voltaire, Swift, Defoe), The son of a prosperous Kansas banker. Docking sold bonds for a few years after his graduation (A.B., economics) from the University of Kansas in 1925. Eventually he went into the family banking business. took over in 1942 as president of the First National Bank of Lawrence. He played his first political hand in 1952, as moneyraiser for Adlai Stevenson's first presidential campaign

Barks & Blights. Docking lost his first campaign for governor in 1954 by 44.000 votes. On his second try, he campaigned in every county of the state, won by 115,000 votes. His victory followed a crunching split in the long-powerful Kansas G.O.P., where highhanded Republican Governor Fred Hall had thoroughly alienated his own party. Even so, the Republicans felt that a Democrat in the statehouse represented some political quirk of fate and would prove to be a brief nightmare. But once in office. Docking settled down to a program so different from Hall's that it pleased even some Republicans.

Where Hall closed his door to virtually everybody and worried about tapped telephone lines. Docking played the genial host. He put signs outside his office: "Come right in. The doors are closed only in the interest of efficient air conditioning." He made himself available to politicos, welcomed daily press conferences (and set up a coffee-maker for newsmen in his office suite), would interrupt almost any affair of state to have his picture taken with plain folks, who came in steady

streams to pay their respects. Factions & Finesses. Such has been the success of Democrat Docking that in county after county across the state, once hopelessly labeled by blighted Democrats as the Land of Landon, the Democratic Party is showing gaining strength, building a fresh, new organization, putting up candidates for county and municipal offices where Democrats have never had a chance. The Democrats already have one of Kansas' six congressional seats, have high hopes of gaining one or two more this November. The Republican factions are still too busy snapping at each other to find a good candidate to throw against Docking in the November election

It worries Docking not at all that his budget is in for a drubbing. He has maneuvered so that the Republican defensive will make him look good to Kansas voters. With such a losing finesse likely to work out in his favor, the governor and his Democratic partners stand a good chance of picking up a new book of tricks

in November.

FOREIGN NEWS

WEST GERMANY Pause on the Rhine

"Germany's economic expansion is slowing down." warned Economics Minister Ludwig Erhard in a radio speech to his countrymen last week. Gold and foreigncurrency reserves shrank by \$150 million in the last two months of 1957, construction was off by 4%, coal production had declined in 1957 for the first time since World War II, and unemployment had reached its highest level (1,200.000) since 1954. Privately. Erhard told friends that the German aronomy has paused for "a breathing spell." Confronted with the added threat of strikes by transport, coal and bank workers demanding shorter hours and more pay, the engineer of the German miracle had a typically German solution. Citizens. said Erhard. should ponder whether the German people ought not to be prepared, instead of working less than a 45-hour week, to work one hour more."



Pride & Practicality

Patrolling the Algerian side of the Tunisian border cardy one morning, Captain René Allard and 4,8 men of França, Captain René Allard and 4,8 men of França René Allard and René Allard later reported by dead. The rebels Allard later reported by dead, The rebels Allard later reported by the Allard later rep

In France, where Tunisis's President Habib Bourguish has long been charged with giving aid and comfort to the Algerian rebels, Alland's report offered Fremier an rebels, Alland's report offered Fremier play upon France's toucher presenting to the play upon France's toucher produced by the play the play the produced by the play the produced by the play the play

The Tunisians, offended by the "bellicose tone" of the note, refused to accept it. Next day the Tunisian government declared. It is inexact that the Algerian elements withdrew into Tunisia with French prisoners. (Best guess as to the truth: the four Frenchmen were whisked into Tunisia for a day or so, then shipped back to a rebel base in Algeria,)

At this rebuff, Félix Gaillard promptly suspended discussion of the military and economic aid pact that France has been negotiating with Tunisia. Simultaneously, the dispatched a pair of personal aides one of them Army General Georges Buchalet—to Tunis with a private message for Bourguiba. Bourguiba took the general?



LUDWIG ERHARD Slowing down.

presence as an implied threat, coldly refused to receive him. After a two-day impasse the two French envoys, their message undelivered, flew back to Paris, "An affront to France," cried Paris newspapers,

In reply, Bourquiba told his National Assembly that he wanted friendship with France, but friendship with dignity. "The time for intimidation is past," he said. As for the prisoners, a representative of he International Red Cross had arrived in Tunis to talk to representatives of the Algerian rehels, and he hoped that the rebels would release them.



HABIB BOURGUIBA Standing pot.

For all his tough talk, hard-driving little Haibh Bourniush has done his best to keep Tunisis on good terms with France, a month ano even suggested of formal alliance between the two countries. His tiny according to the superior of the transfer of the three desired in the superior of the transfer of t

SPANISH MOROCCO The Battle for Aiun

After two months of fighting, irregulars of the Moroccan Liberation Army, under the leadership of a squat ex-Marrakech street vendor named Ben Hamou, have driven the Spanish out of most of their Atlantic Coast enclave of Ifni. Ifni is not much but rocky rubble and scrub, but its single city, Sidi Ifni (pop. 10,000), has been used by the Spanish as the seat of the governor of all its desert provinces-Ifni. Rio de Oro. Spanish Sahara. as well as the part of southern Morocco that they have continued to rule on the ground that King Mohammed's government is unable to establish its authority there. Last week, with Moroccans encircling Sidi Ifni's tightly held perimeter. Madrid merged all the rest of its West African colonies under one military governor, and set up the new administration at the fortified town of Aiun, 250 miles south of Ifni.

But Ben Hamus's nationalists and tribensens were moving fast. Now calling themselves the new Saharan Arms of Liberation. Ivey appeared at Edebera, near Aiun. in the midst of a blinding sandstorm, launched a fierce attack on its garrison of Spanish soldiers and Legionaires. It was the most mutderous hattle since the 1934 French "pacification" camniers. It was been to the sold the

ge

W

m

50

TIN

Aiun is a capital of unpaved streets and adobe huildings. Inckine proper port facilities, adequate airstrip or water suspension of the superior of the superio

snoteco's Anig Monammed V declines to admit that the 12,000-man Liberation Army even exists. To repeated protests of the army's "aggressions," complained Spain's War Minister Antonio Barroso recently, all Spain has got back "are replies that Spain was responsible for them,"

RUSSIA

Tidying Up

The center of Soviet power is no longer in the Kremlin but a half mile away in the three-story, pastel green and yellow Moscow building that houses the secretariat of the Communist Party of the S.S.R. Three behind a door bearing nily the brans nameplate "Comrade Khruchew N.S." the First Secretary has been dydying up the political battlefield follows: gits sensational breakthrough of 1057.
At the year-end Plenum, Khrushchew Aller of the Secretary has been down on the secretary that the power of the secretary in the sensation of the secretariat juniors when the secretary that the power of the secretariat juniors when the secretary that the secretary is not sense that the secretary in the secretary that the secretary in the secretary that the secretary is not secretary that the secretary in the secretary that the secretary in the

noved a clutch of his secretariat juniors to the party Presidium in place of Montov and other old stagers flung out in sts June's big command scrap. Of the pa Presidium's 15 members, all but five Bulganin, Voroshilov, Mikoyan, Shversik and Kozlovi are now Khrushchev bloordinates who also hold jobs in the

arty secretariat

Last week Khrushchev carried his po-tical housewifery into the army. The ed army newspaper published word that olonel General F. I. Golikov. 57. a orld War II commander (Stalingrad. harkov) who served most recently as tief of Moscow's Armored Forces Acadny, had been named the army's chief olitical commissar. Golikov replaced olonel General Alexei Zheltov, a polital general who held the post when arshal Zhukov was dismissed as army ief last summer on charges of interferwith the ideological training of officers. Cheltov is remembered as the Soviet puty high commissioner in occupied istria who remarked of his soldiers' pecdilloes: "So what if an Austrian woman raped—she may even have enjoyed it. id lootings? It's capitalist property anyw that they are stealing.") By this the switch. Khrushchev rid himself of man who helped him get rid of Zhu-v. just as he had rid himself of Zhukov ee months after the marshal helped him rid of Molotov & Co. The further all was to give a member of the prosional officers' corps the unpopular pice of enforcing the December direces () making compulsory 50 hours of loctrination lectures yearly, and 2) king attendance obligatory for all. inding highest-ranking officers.

The boss of all the Russias also took e to mend an international fence. thout fanfare or announcement, he rered to a hunting lodge on the Polish of the Soviet's western borders, there for three days in closely guarded recy with Poland's Communist Boss adyslaw Gomulka and Premier Josef ankiewicz. Likely subjects: 1) interty differences brought out at last Nober's Communist summit meeting in scow, notably Gomulka's reluctance to ept revival of any sort of Comintern; coordinated moves to follow up Po-l's plan for creating a "denuclearized" e in central Europe: 3) Gomulka's headed insistence on trying to borrow e \$100 million from the U.S. rather from the U.S.S.R. Results: unknown.

GREAT BRITAIN

The Riddle of Birth

Scotsman Ronald MacLennan and his wife Margaret, a professional ice shater, separated in 1958. Margared the Adlantic to live in Brookby, and challenged the Rolland Ronal Scotland, Ronald brought said for divorce, charring that she must have committed adultery. Margaret's reply: the baby was the result of artificial insemination. Her husband answered that, even if this were true, he had never agreed to her adopting such a course.

Was such an act adultery? A sin, or a triumph of science? Last week these questions were exercising the best legal religious and journalistic minds of Britain. Hearing MacLennan's suit. Lord Wheatley. a Roman Catholic judge of Scotland's Court of Seasion. Istened to the argument of Seasion. Istened to the argument of MacLennan's lawyer that the real essence of adultery is not how it is accomplished.



ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY
Less responsible than adultery.

but "the surrender of a woman's reproductive organs to another man." Commented Lord Wheatley: "Of course, it is not another man, but a test tube. She does not know who the man is. How can you have intercourse with only one person judge noted: "The idea that adultery ludge noted: "The idea that adultery ludge noted: "priss had no coastion to which earlier jurists had no coastion to wrestle," concluded that it did not constitutive "adultery in its legal meaning."

Lord Wheatley's ruling raised more questions than it settled. Father Paul Crane. a Roman Catholic spokesman, declared. "Human beings are not cattle to be bred by test tubes. Only a pagan world would treat them as such." Britain's popular press disagreed, argued that artificial insemination could bring comfort to women previously unable to conceive. Dr.

Geoffrey Fisher. Archbishop of Canterbury, addressed the synod of the Convocation of Canterbury on the issue. Whether or not artificial insemination by donor was legally held to be a crime or not, he said, it was a sin in the eyes of the church, "It is something far less responsible and far less human than adultery." he asserted. "It violates the exclusive union set up between husband and wife. It defrauds the child begotten, and deceives both his putative kinsmen and society at large, As for Mr. MacLennan, the Archbishop added: "On the facts of this case, some legislation would seem to be inevitable. If the law gives him a remedy against adultery by his wife, it can hardly deny him a remedy against his wife if she bears into his family a child born out of wedlock and without his knowledge."

Going Up

Only 4s Britons last year had tanable incomes of more than ironoon (\$580,000). But that was five more than in the previous fiscal year of 1054-55. There were similar modest rises in other brack-only of the product of \$10.500 or \$10

FRANCE

The Quiet Man

I knew a man once did a girl in Any man night do a girl in Any man has to, needs to, wants to Once in a lifetime, do a girl in. Well he kept her there in a bath. With a gallon of Lysol in a bath. Nobody came.

But he took in the milk and he paid the rent,

-T. S. Eliot's Fragment of an Agon Like Eliot's Anyman, Charles Clément, at 61, began to have mordant thoughts about Félicie Crippa, who had been his mistress for 13 years. A soap and perfume salesman, Clément lived with Félicie in a cozy, two-room Paris apartment just down the street from Père-Lachaise Cemetery. He was a quiet man, always neatly dressed, always polite to his neighbors. Félicie was a short, plump, sad-eyed widow with bobbed greying hair. Eleven months ago she disappeared. Clément explained "Félicie has gone to Italy. Life is much easier there. I will soon join her," But to occasional callers who rang the bell and asked for her. Charles Clément was more truthful: "Madame cannot be disturbed. She is in the bathtub."

Recently. chatting with his concierge, Climent grumbled that his business was doing poorly, that he was fed up with life and kept going because of his old mother, who lived in the country. Last month a telegram informed him that his mother had died. Ten days later. Clément disappeared as completely as had Félicie.

Last week tenants complained of a persistent stench coming from the Clément apartment. Policemen broke down the door. Charles Clément lay on the couch. his wrists slashed, a bullet in his temple. All the furniture was broken, picture frames and glassware smashed on the floor In the bathroom, police found the tub covered with plywood hoards and a mattress. In it was the decomposing body of Félicie Crippa, eleven months dead of head wounds. Instead of Lysol, Clément had poured several gallons of Eau de Cologne into the water.

Police found a letter to the commissioner of police. Clément was anxious that the commissioner understand why he had wrecked his apartment. He had not acted from remorse, sadism or simple vandalism, wrote Clément, but "because I do not want to leave anything to our French government, which is leading the nation to its ruin . . . I believe it is better to die quickly, rather than suffer slow death in the chaos of modern democracy.

Of the murder of his mistress, Clément said not a word.

He didn't know if he was alive and the girl was dead

He didn't know if the girl was alive and he was dead He didn't know if they both were alive

If he was alive then the milkman wasn't

and the rent-collector wasn't And if they were glive then he was dead.

ITALY

Romulus & Son

Italians call him the man who built modern Rome. Stocky, stingy and strongwilled, Romolo Vaselli, 75, has turned the Eternal City from a decaying, pest-ridden capital of 500,000 into a marble and



ROMOLO VASELLI "Never spend more in a month . . .

concrete metropolis with a population (1.800.000) surpassing that of Augustus golden days. He has also made himself, as city tax records certify, the richest Roman of them all, worth some 100 billion

lire (\$160 million)

The Builder. At the age of 19. Vaselli enlisted in the army for one single purpose: to save enough money to buy eight mules and a partnership with a go-ahead drayman. Even then, Vaselli had one overriding maxim: "Never spend in a month more than you make in a week." By this Spartan pecuniary principle, Vaselli waxed rich before World War I, contracting to haul away the garbage that householders had been tossing into Rome's fly-fouled

The same rule fed his fortune as he drained the city's malaria-breeding lowlands and on them built whole new developments such as Prati, where Rome's wealthy now dwell. It fortified him through the galling years when he repaired and built streets in Rome, ports in Sicily solini's whim. One day Mussolini called him to his Palazzo Venezia, said: "I can't see the Colosseum from my window." Replied Vaselli: "There's a hill in the way, Give me an order and I'll remove it." Cried the Duce: "I want a wide road joining the Palazzo Venezia and the Colosseum. Along it shall march Italian youth with its 8.000,000 sharp bayonets. It shall be called the Via dell' Impero

Vaselli built the Way of Empire and much more. Like Crassus of old (who introduced the first fire-fighting service to Caesar's Rome but always bought up threatened nearby properties dirt-cheap before dousing the flames), he picked up many a real-estate bargain from cashshort owners in the course of cutting through the Duce's grandiose streets and squares. By 1937 Vaselli was known as the "garbage baron" and "asphalt king." when typhus broke out again in Rome. Mussolini blamed him. After a vast check. Vaselli took Mussolini early one morning to a Roman creamery. There the Duce saw that the milkmaids, bent on beautifying their skins, were taking baths in the milk before it was bottled. The furious Duce rained blows on the girls' heads, ordered their boss dismissed, and personally overturned every milk can (Vaselli finally collected what he could of the spilled milk and sold it as swill for

pigs).

Vaselli survived the transition from Fascism to freedom-though one Communist leader proclaimed, when the Reds briefly gained a place in the government: "The state and the party need Vaselli's hundreds of millions. With our fine Communist surgical knife we must cut out this sore from the body politic." "I built Rome; with Rome I stand or fall." Vaselli growled, and refused to leave his 250room Piazza del Popolo palace (a floor apiece for his three sons, the ground floor thriftily let to a popular café, where the intelligentsia met to debate socializing wealth). Instead, he used his depreciating lire to buy apartments and land from fellow capitalists who lacked nerve and foresight to bet their wealth against the Reds. and emerged richer than ever.

The Spender, With parsimony's contempt for popularity, the old enterpriser might have held unswerving to his moneymaking maxim to the end but for the prodigality of his eldest son. Balding young Mario Vaselli, having already spent millions on a moviemaking enterprise, a pet soccer team and lavish parties for Roman topers at his Frascati vineyards, betook himself to Naples. There he made a deal with Mayor Achille Lauro to build a new Municipal Square.

A few Neapolitan nights later. Lauro remembered that the square really ought to have fountains, gardens, and underground passages for pedestrians. Mario expansively agreed. Lauro then said it was a pity the whole square could not be ready within six months. Mario bet him \$160 .ooo that it would be done before then. As they parted in the riotous dawn. Mario gave Lauro's city soccer team a \$200,000 South American soccer player in token of friendship, and the mayor, not to be outdone, promised Mario a yacht. Putting his men to work at double pay, Mario finished the job, underground passages and all, five days before the deadline. But the bill had grown from \$201,600 to \$1,120,oco. The national treasury refused to pay Eventually Lauro lost his mayoralty, and Mario, unable to muster more than \$3,200,000 assets to cover \$11 million in debts, wound up in bankruptcy court. Three hundred creditors closed in, and

old Romolo Vaselli was faced with the choice of sacrificing either his maxim or his son. His younger son, Herbert, urged the second course: "Our name rests on money. With the money gone, we shall have no name. Your monuments stand but they won't carry your name once you are poor," As the old man dehated Rome's real-estate market came to a dead stop and some 10,000 building workers faced unemployment because banks would make



MARIO VASELLI ... than you make in a week."

no loans until they saw how many apartment houses Vaselli would have to unload.

The Payoff, Last week an official announcement came out: "Differences between Count Mario Vaselli and his creditors have been settled out of court," Haggard, drawn, looking as if he had aged ten years (rumor said he had not eaten for three days), the old man paid half his son's debt to his biggest creditor, a Turin bank. Best estimate was that the man who had built Rome in his day had been compelled to part with no more than 2% or 3% of his fortune. But what hurt Romolo Vaselli was that, for the first time since he was a baker's errand boy running through Rome's reeking streets at the heginning of the century, he had to pay out more in a week than he could expect to take in in a month.

THE SUDAN

Promise on the Nile

In the dusty, sun-baked capital of khartoum. A frieria's biggest new mation prepared this week for the Sudan's first general electron since independence was formally achieved two years ago. On the dapper officials gazed out over the heatshimmering waters of the Blue Nile, supped whistiges and sodie, conversed alternately in the chipped accents of Oxford and Cambridge and the through little of and Cambridge and the through little of the control of t

Across the river in Khartoum's sister city of Omdurma, to inside a mude-walled courtyard cut off from the street by a corrugated iron door and guarded by a somnolent sentry, an intelligent, tough and tenacious Sudanese politicain sat on the edge of a sagging couch downed auminusity with the control of the

Split of Midriff. Khalil is a soldier turned political. A nontime brigadier in the Sudan Defense Force under the British he lought at Gallipol in World War I, in the western desert and Italy in World War II. As a politicain, he presides over a constituency that is one of the world's more than the summary four more split of the proposition of the world's product of the summary four more split of the summary four more split of the summary for t

The unmarked line that divides Moslem Africa from Negro Africa (generally put

© Thirteen years after the Dervishes of the Mabili Killed Britain's fameel fanatical General Charles Rogers ("Chinisee") Gordon at the end of a ten-month siege in 1885, Lord Kitchener returned for exempe and to forestall Frenchespansion in the area, slew 10,503 Dervishes in a brief pitched battle at Omderson. Among Kitchener's cawalry substitems in the battle: Winston Spence Churchill, then



at 12° north of the equator) splits the Sudan at its midriff, subjects the fledgling country to the tensions of both. In the swampy south and in Kordofan live the eccentric Nuers (who stand for hours, like cranes or herons, on one leg), the equally naked Nuba (whose chief adornments are grotesque, cicatrized tribal scars on cheeks and foreheads), and, along the Red Sea coast, the mop-haired Hadendowa (Kipling's Fuzzy-Wuzzies, who "broke a British square"). Inevitably, the primitive southerners distrust and dislike their more sophisticated Arabic countrymen in the north, who used to swoop down on their villages and carry off their sons and daughters for sale as slaves in the marts of the Middle East. The north, in turn, is beset by factionalism among its Moslem religious leaders.

But the major strains on the Sudan come from outside Egypt would welcome a chance to annex the country, is meanwhile trying to force it into a Nasserstyled policy of neutrality. The Soviet Union, which recognizes that the Sudan is a gateway to the African continent, has tried its best blandishments. That neither has succeeded is largely due to toughmitted from the succeeded in the succeeded in

With the Egyptians Khalil maintains solid ties of friendship. Sudanese cultural ties with Egypt are close: many Sudanese were educated in Egyptian universities. But Khalil has labored mightily to remind his electorate (some of whom acmind his electorate (some of whom ac-

tually favor union with Egypt) that the Sudan did not achieve independence from Britain in order to become a dependent of Gamal Nasser. In the Khartoum Parliament, Khali personally glowered down an attempt by the opposition to force him to break off diplomatic relations with Britain and France after they invaded. Suez.

Cash for Cotton, Khalil's stand against Communist attempts at penetration have been forthright. His Umma Party espouses "positive neutrality," and Khalil sees that it is exactly that. When the Russians offered to take the Sudan's unsold cotton crop last year in exchange for arms. Khalil replied bluntly that what he wanted was agricultural machinery, not tanks, "We're not going to fight anybody," he said. "The cotton market is just a few hundred yards from the Soviet embassy. They can walk there and buy any time they want. And they can pay cash. In the auction there's no alternative for cash." Later he recalled: "They got angry. but that's how we're going to deal with them. We're going to tell the truth.

Khalil sternly refused to let the Russians stage an "atoms for peace" exhibition in Khartoum, arrested and questioned Sudanese students who attended last summer's Moscow Youth Festival. On another occasion he acidly reminded the Russians that they kept a 55-man staff in Khartoum, compared with the Sudan's three men in Moscow.

Though some of Khalil's critics recall



PRIME MINISTER KHALIL "They can't live on MIGs.

the time he edited the speech of a rival politician by indicating with the muzzle of his pistol the lines to be deleted, he has slowly built up increasingly solid support for his policies. Nine months ago Khalil felt unable to sign up for U.S. aid when U.S. Special Ambassador James P. Richards offered it under the Eisenhower Doctrine. But last month he announced acceptance of U.S. technical aid under the U.S. Mutual Security Program, And the Sudan's cotton crop, which Khalil refused to mortgage to the Russians for arms, is now moving well on Western

No Begging Bowls, As an administrator, Khalil is among Africa's best. His budgets are balanced, and any surplus has been applied to development projects. Visiting Western moneymen have been impressed by Khalil's insistence on a payas-you-go approach to loans, his refusal to ask for more aid than the nation can repay. "The Sudanese." said one admiring U.S. official, "are not holding out any begging bowls."

The major crop is cotton. But the Sudan also produces nine-tenths of the world's supply of gum arabic, is going ahead on its own with a well-thought-out plan (originated by Britain after World War I) for developing the Gezira region, a 5.000.000-acre triangle of potentially rich flatland between the Blue and White

All that the Gezira needs to make it the most green and pleasant land in all of the Sudan is water. Because of the area's gentle slope, engineers have only to scoop canals to bring water flowing in from the Blue Nile, Already, more than 25% of the Gezira tract is blooming-a sort of California Imperial Valley development in the midst of the parched Sudanese plains. A Sudanese proposal to expand the Gezira development by another dam on the Blue Nile at Roseires (see map) has met with violent opposition by Egypt. For years Egypt and the Sudan have worked under an agreement that gives Egypt twelvethirteenths of the Nile's flow, the Sudan the remainder. Egypt completely controls the Jebel Auliya Dam 450 miles inside Sudanese territory, keeps careful watch on the Nile's flow at Malakal and Juba, But the Sudanese, increasingly annoyed at Egypt's interference, may decide to go ahead at Roseires anyway, And they hold one long-term trump card: refusal to let Egypt undertake the proposed Aswan High Dam unless the Sudan gets more Nile water upstream.

Prison School. Ranged next month against Khalil and the Umma Party will be a conglomeration of rival political and religious factions, chief of which is the National Unionist Party headed by short. shrewd Sayed Ismail el Azhari, an exschoolteacher and longtime nationalist whom the British once jailed ("In a backward country, prison is the politician's university, and I graduated," he says), El Azhari, who is an alumnus of the American University of Beirut, was financed largely with Egyptian money in the Sudan's last elections four years ago, is campaigning for "closer ties" with Egypt, His followers talk an anti-colonial line that often slips over into outright anti-Westernism. El Azhari's main strength is in the cities in the north, while Khalil's speeches for water, cash and cotton go over well in the countryside. The real battleground may be the

south, because Khalil's Umma and El Azhari's N.U.P. are thought to be almost equally halanced in the north. Who will win in the south is anybody's guess. In the last elections in 1953, many southern tribesmen arrived at the polls under the impression that the government was going to give them a big party. A few arrived drunk on dura (millet) beer, and at one polling station a naked tribesman appeared smeared from head to foot with white wood ash. Asked why, he replied with simple dignity: "Is my clothes. Others refused to vote at all, regarded the whole procedure as a remote, devious and none-too-honest power struggle between the "foreigners" in the north. Now, though they still live in prehistory's backyard. many of the southerners are demanding increased local autonomy in return for their votes. Two and a half years ago, more than 200 people were killed when southerners staged a mass uprising in protest at discrimination against them by their administrators from the north.

Holding the Egyptians at arm's length. fending off the Russians, battling his political opponents. Abdullah Khalil is already under attack for seeking U.S. aid for future development. Intent on irrigation pumps and not guns. Khalil takes little pains to conceal his impatience with other Middle East leaders who have accepted highly publicized Soviet arms deals that leave their basic problems unchanged. "They need money," he says. "They can't live on MIGs."

Of all the promising new nations born since World War II. Khalil's Sudan seems to have a better chance than most of making its own way on its own terms.

CENTRAL AFRICA

Who's a Liberal?

In a land named for Britain's empirebuilding Cecil Rhodes. New Zealand-born Garfield Todd. 49, has enraged many a white settler by constantly echoing Rhodes's 19th century creed-"equal rights for civilized men." As Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia, one of the three British territories united in 1953 to form the Central African Federation (the others: Northern Rhodesia. Nyasaland), Todd, a onetime missionary of the Churches of Christ (Disciples), is a zealous advocate of the racial "partnership" policies of the Federation's Prime Minister. Sir Roy Welensky, Shying from the native-hating apartheid of neighboring South Africa, trying to avoid the Mau Mau race terror of Kenya to the north, the Federation's moderate leaders have sought some means to advance gradually the rights of the 7,000,000 blacks without upsetting the rule of the 250,000 whites.

Last summer Garfield Todd won grudging approval from his United Rhodesia Party for a compromise first step toward partnership: a grant of voting rights to a modest 6,000 Africans who had the educational level of a high-school sophomore or a monthly income of at least \$56. Ignoring the outraged protests of the opposition Dominion Party against partnership, Todd flew to a South African vacation recently so confident of the situation "that I did not bother to read a single Rhodesian newspaper while I was away.

Last week Todd found that his confidence had been misplaced. Returning from his vacation, he had been met at the airport with jolting news; his four-man Cabinet was resigning in protest against Todd's liberal racial policies. Furthermore, they demanded that Todd himself ouit. Todd appealed to the party leadership, only to find 13 of the 24 legislators lined up against him, Stubbornly, Todd



PRIME MINISTER TODD 'I must carry on.



The Continental Coupe Mark III prices are just slightly above the fine car field.

THE NEW CONTINENTAL MARK III

Uncommon luxury for the uncommon man



The man whose judgment leads him to the new Continental Mark III enjoys many luxuries available in no other car . . .

He is rewarded with the luxury of superb performance – from an engine so precisely engineered that it responds almost as an extension of his own reflexes.

He enjoys the luxury of the finest materials to be found in the market places of the world... of uncompromising craftsmanship lavished on every stitch and fitting... of clean and classic and enduring design.

And now, through the most modern facilities and methods in the industry, this motorcar can be priced just slightly above the line car field. You are invited to discover the unrommon luxuries of Continental Mark III ownership. . . now.

CONTINENTAL DIVISION, FORD MOTOR COMPANY





THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Known by the company it keeps

Good taste crosses borders, makes minds meet. For instance, consider the rich yet subtle character of Seagram's V.O. The superiority of this Canadian whisky is not only a factit is an international point of view.

IMPORTED

Seagram's V.O. WORLD'S FINEST CANADIAN WHISKY

SEAGRAM-DISTILLERS COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY - 88.8 PROOF, CAMADIAN WHISKY - A BLEND... OF RARE SELECTED WHISKIES - SIX YEARS OLD

refused to resign either as party leader or Prime Minister until a full congress of the party (now merged with Welensky's group as the United Federal Party)

meets next month.

"I am not a liberal." Todd insisted. thereby issuing a disclaimer necessary for any politician who hopes for majority support from Southern Rhodesia's white voters. He added defiantly: "The fact is that I believe in the welfare of all people of all races and will not pander to any one section to get votes. I have been deserted by my friends but I must carry on."

Welensky, anxious to heal the party split before he faces a general election next fall, sat out last week's crisis in silence. In order not to jeopardize Todd's position among the whites. African leaders also remained publicly aloof. But privately they were glum. Said George Nyandoro, secretary of Southern Rhodesia's African National Congress: "It would be a major tragedy for peaceful racial coexistence if Todd went. Without Todd, the Africans can forget further advancement unless they bring it about themselves, Nothing can hasten the breakup of the Federation quicker than Todd's exit."

OKINAWA

Unskilled Labor

With no political dexterity at all, the U.S. military government authorities on Okinawa moved two months ago to remove a political irritant-skinny little pro-Communist Kamejiro Senaga. mayor of Okinawa's capital and chief city, Naha. The method: Lieut. General James E. Moore, U.S. High Commissioner, rewrote Naha's laws to permit the city assembly's conservative majority to oust the mayor on a vote of no confidence, then effectively barred his re-election by decreeing that no convicted felons could hold office (Senaga was jailed by the U.S. authorities in 1954 for harboring a Japanese Communist).

Last week the U.S. authorities reaped the consequences of their ineptness as 70,000 Naha citizens clacked briskly to the polls on wooden geta to choose a new mayor. Both candidates were anti-American, and the winner was chosen chiefly because he was more anti-American than

Trampled Will. The plain fact was that the U.S. faced increasing antagonism among Okinawa's 600.000 people. Despite the prosperity brought by 55,000 U.S. military personnel and their dependents. Okinawans resent the fact that the U.S. has commandeered one-fifth of the crowded island's arable land for military use. chafe under the U.S. refusal to consider returning the island to Japan "in the foreseeable future." After Moore's highhanded tactics with Senaga, feeling ran so high that no pro-American candidate dared even enter the race.

* Under the Japanese Peace Treaty of 1951 Japan retains "residual" sovereignty in Okina-wa, but the U.S. has "the right to exercise all and any power of administration, legislation and jurisdiction" over the island, indefinitely.

Senaga brought forth a longtime lieutenant named Saichi Kaneshi to run for his old job. Kaneshi's only opponent was Tatsuo Taira, a onetime Japanese bureaucrat and small businessman whom U.S. authorities ejected as governor of Okinawa in 1952 because of his vaguely Socialist and pro-Japanese leanings. In the campaign, even Businessman Taira charged that "the Americans are trampling on the will of the people." As for Left-Winger Kaneshi, he called on the electorate to "avenge Senaga." Much of the time. Kaneshi sat smirking nervously at the back of his own platform while ex-Mayor Senaga hailed him as "a Sputnik." denounced "American oppression." and



LEFTISTS KANESHI & SENAGA For the U.S., the worst of two evils.

gleefully boasted that "Russia now has a weapon which can blow up the White House in Washington.

Conservative Advice, Concluding that Businessman Taira was the lesser of two evils, the U.S. military administration went into some more political flimflam to ensure his election. On the advice of Okinawan conservatives. General Moore consented to the merger of Naha proper with the neighboring town of Mawashi, supposedly an anti-Senaga stronghold. As it turned out, this bit of gerrymandering was what elected Senaga's candidate Kaneshi. When the votes were tallied last week. Kaneshi proved to have lost Naha proper by 3.000 votes. But in Mawashi, Kaneshi picked up enough votes to give him a narrow 35.491-to-34.507 victory over Taira. Since World War II, the U.S. has spent

\$588 million converting Okinawa into the key U.S. military bastion in the Far East. Last week Okinawa's biggest city (pop. (80,000) had a chief executive pledged to rid the island of its "atom-hydrogen bomb base." and to return it to Japanese rule. Said a high-ranking U.S. officer: "Our chief task is to prevent Okinawa becoming a Pacific Cyprus."

ISRAEL

Exoneration of Dr. Kastner

For four years the conscience of Israel has been racked by the case of Dr. Israel Kastner.

The case was set by one Malkiel Gruenwald, an aging Hungarian Jew who saw 52 members of his family go to the gas chambers of Auschwitz. Safe in Israel after the war, Gruenwald brooded. Why had none of the 500,000 slaughtered Hungarian Jews had any warning of their fate? With warning, Jews in Poland had had a chance to die fighting, and some had succeeded in escaping. But Hungary's Jews had gone docilely to their deaths, innocently sure they were merely being sent to labor camps. Gruenwald pored through old records, questioned other survivors, four years ago published his findings in a pamphlet. His accusing finger pointed at a well-known official in the Israeli government-Dr. Israel Kastner. Gruenwald charged that Kastner, former head of the Jewish Rescue Committee in Budapest. had made a traitorous bargain with the Nazis, allowed half a million Jews to die unwarned so that he might escape with 600 (including 19 of his own family, and 300 from his home town of Cluj),

Kastner denied that he was a traitor; if he had acquiesced in deaths he could not prevent anyway, it had been in order to save as many Jews as he could. The Manai Party of Ben-Gurion and Moshe Sharett. embarrassed by the charges because Kastner was a party official and a Mapai candidate for the Knesset, confidently decided to prosecute Gruenwald for libel. For a year and a half the case dragged on, and all Israel bled from this opening of old wounds. In June 1955 Judge Benjamin Halevy ruled that Gruenwald was substantially right. Kastner, said the judge, was a Nazi collaborator who "sold his soul to the Devil" when he accepted the Nazi offer to spare 600 Jews. By failing to tell his people what lay ahead for them, he contributed to the murders of Auschwitz (TIME, July 11, 1955).

Halevy's decision caused the fall of Premier Moshe Sharett's Cabinet, and it was re-formed in bitterness and distrust, Kastner quit his government job. withdrew from the list of Mapai candidates and, a broken man, lived in what he called a loneliness "blacker than night, darker

At the direction of Sharett, the case was appealed to Israel's Supreme Court. Last week, after studying the massive evidence for 21 years, the court by a 4-1 decision reversed Judge Halevy, found Malkiel Gruenwald guilty on all counts of criminal libel. Halevy had "erred seriously" in stating that Kastner had sold his soul to the Devil, the court found, Even the dissenting judge agreed that the charge that Kastner had "prepared the way for the destruction of Hungarian Jewry" was baseless.

Israel Kastner was not present to rejoice in his vindication. Last March he was murdered on his own doorsten by assassins who had accepted Gruenwald's accusations at face value,

THE HEMISPHERE

CANADA

Opposition to the Fore

Canada's Liberal Party, out of power sfince its upset defeat by the Conservatives last June, mee in Ottawa last veck to pick a new leader. The delegates' choice: Lester Bowles' "Wilke") Pearson, 60, former Secretary of State for External Affairs and winner of the 1957 Nobel Peace Prize for his role in creating the United Nations Emergency Force for the Middle East.

With all his political assets. Mike Pearson still had to make a fight for it. His chief adversary: Paul Martin. 5.4 former Minister of Health and Welfare and a principal architect of Canada's extensive social security system. But in the end Pearson's international reputation, easily more active to the present of the pre

for a younger man.

The Liberals, spiritless and ineffectual in the House of Common since their defeat, showed signs of reviving confidence. In a noisy three-day convention watched by a nationwide TV audience of millions, speakers hadly accused Tory Frime Minister John Diefenbaker of antisonizing iter John Diefenbaker of antisonizing that a speaker should be a speaker before the state of the speakers linked the Conservative trade policies with Canada's economic slow-down and fast-trising unemployment.

The Liberals with almost as many

seats (106) in the House of Commons as the Conservatives (113), have refused so far to vote no confidence in the government and so precipitate another election. But now with a new leader, a fresh platform and reawakened aggressiveness, they may decide to join forces with one of the two minor parties, vote down the government, compel a new election. Prime Minister John Diefenbaker, watching the Liberal convention last week on TV from his bedroom, where he was recuperating from a wrenched back, gave back the challenge, He was expected to call for a new vote of confidence this week, dare the Liberals to deny it and go to the country.

No Jews Allowed

In a gloomy basement room in Ottawa's Parlaiment Building, the House of Commons External Affairs Committee gathered one day last week to probe into a contentious affair. Why had the Canadian government abruply canceled plans to rent space for its various agencies in Canada abuilding on Manhaltan's Fifth Avenue, which was to be a Canadian business and cultural center in New York? In their digging the M.P.s. encountered a genuine shock, involving another logical Canada House tenant: the pretigious 1.000-member Canadian Culto of New York.



LIBERAL LEADER PEARSON
Enough confidence for no confidence?

On the witness stand was Ray Lawson, 71, who as Canadian consul general in New York from 1953 to 1955 was the prime mover behind Canada House. Ferreting about, the M.P.s wondered why the Canadian Club long installed in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, had decided, even before construction started not to take space in Canada House. Lawson could not be consulted to the control of the Canadian House, Lawson could not control to the Canadian Canada House Lawson could not control to the Canadian Canada House, Lawson could not control to the Canadian Club has some very strict racial rules."

Did this mean that Jess were barred?

Well, and Lawson. They have at least one ideal that one ideal that one ideal that of the control that is a statistical that is a statistical which is a statisti

THE BAHAMAS Strike for Power

Few island resorts have prospered more happily from the postwar tourist boom than the Bahamas, where last year 194-018 visitors—six times the 1949 total—enjoyed the other-century feel of picture-sque streets, cheerful native servants, and dress-for-dinner luxury in a sun-washed tropical setting. Last week the pastel shops of Nassau's Bay Street were

shuttered tight at the height of the einter season, the colony's 16 major hotels were closed and empty. In a matter of days all but 24 of some 3,200 tourists fleth home on the colony of the colony o

Minor Suce. Tast direves tunched of Minor Suce. Tast direves tunched of Minor Suce. Tast direves tunched out of the Control of

Money was not the real question. By island standards, the drivers and hotel workers are well paid, make up to \$85 a week in season. Even semiskilled construction workers get nearly \$1 an hour. But the Bahamas Federation of Labor and the Progressive Liberal Party want not just good pay but to be governed "like our brothers in Trinidad, Barbados and Jamaica." In those crowded islands universal suffrage has given control of the legislative assemblies to colored delegates. Bahamian voters must own real estate or pay at least \$6.50 rental a year-and only one tenant in each building may vote. The admittedly archaic code also allows corporations to vote in each district where they own \$14 worth of property.

Tempers Rite. Even with these restrictions So⁶/₂ of the voters in last July's Assembly election were Negro. But owing to the loyalty of many backlands Negroes to their white employers. P.L.P. got only six of 29 seats. P.L.P. tempers went higher three weeks ago over Governor Sir Ossaudi Raynor Arthur's annual appointments to the executive boards that help immediately the second of the property of the property of the property of the two the loyal three the property of the level to the Development Board, which most be key tourist industry. Hungering for an issue, the union and P.L.P. let the drivers' dispute serve.

Night after night striker; gathered in the colored quarter for inflammatory speeches; "If a Negro falls, let 25 whites go with him." When Governor Arthur and the delegates left for an Assembly meeting one murring, they were greeted by boos and the striker of the striker of the color violence. The striker of the striker of the speech of the striker of the striker of the government canceled all jugor licenses closed the bars and shops, where Scottch normally sells at \$15,00 a fifth. Su-Scottch normally sells at \$15,00 a fifth. Su-

O Of the oo,ooo people on the Bahamas' :



MERCEDES-BENZ

Sophisticated



Mercedes-Benz motor cars are distributed exclusively in the U.S. by the Studebaker-Pack rd Corporation and are sold and serviced through selected dea 78 franchised by Studebaker-Packard



Studebaker-Packard



The next time you see Paris ... why not see London, too?

London is on your way to Paris, ...in all Europe, ...when you fig BOAC. Take your choice of aircraft, ...dither the in-tyron Bitimation of the Dic. Either way, your holiday begins the moment you step abound BOAC! You enries a feeling of their galarmal dirently, waited upon delty, unothrussively by a British suff dedicated to your constort and pleasure. You'll arrive refreshed, eager for the slights you came to see.

Decide to go BOAC! With our Budget Plan, you can take a carefree, all-expense-paid tour of Britain and the Continent for 10% down. 20 months to pay. See your Travel Agent, the nearest BOAC office, or simply mail the coupon...and start BOAC service coming your way now?

B·O·A·C

						AIR								
ot.	BE-3		530	F	lith	Avenu	٥.	10.	Y.	36		MU	7-89	
nd.	beint	mi	1000		TON:					-	w -			

Send helpful, informative booklets on

BOAC Direct Service Cities: New York, Boston, Chicago, Detroit, Miami, San Francisco,
Other offices: Los Angeles, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Washington, Ibillar

pervisors kept the power plant going; a few white housewives learned to bake bread at home. Though the strike dragged on, the union had little chance to gain its real goal of political power this time, or in this way. Meanwhile the colony was losing some \$10,000 at day in tourist dollars.

CUBA

Tough Tactics

Out of the impenetrable Sierra Maestra, where they had histellen for 13 months, poured the imen of Cuban Rehel Chief Field Castro last week. Twenty miles out from the footbills they surrounded the bustling susar jort of Manzanille 1pop. 100,0001, attacked and halted Havana-bound teains and bases, burned attomobiles, rice and sugar installations, then vanished at night-

Two days later, 13 miles to the cast, in the farming village of Veguitas 190p. 8,0001, some 200 rebels reportedly led by Castro himself overran the village army post, grabbed food, scooped up the money in the post office, then withdrew after laying an ambush that trapped government armored cars rolling to the rescue.

Never had Castro taken such chances showed such strength. Yet this burst of lorce probably grew out of frustration and disappointment. Castro was three do statically considered to the control of the co

VENEZUELA

Strongman's Troubles

Vencuucian Dictator-President Marcos Pérez Jiménes estambled desperately to snatch back some of his waning authority and pressure. Last week he broke up a new plot masterminded by his longitime chief or staff. General Romulo Fernández. 45. and hustled the general off to exile. At the militation of the partially reversed the humilitation with the partial processed the humilitation of the partial processes of the humilitation of many partial processes.

night ago (Time Jan. 201. The dictator had little time to savor this success. Day after day, knots of rioting students raced through downtown Caracas, burning ears and chanting "Down with Pérez Jiménez!" Petitions circulated, men professional men and artists. demanding an end to the police state. Against the demonstrators, the cops used the strongman's best brand of brutal force. But despite hundreds of arrests. school closings and screams of pain echoing through Security Police headquarters. Pérez Jiménez could not still the civilian unrest. At week's end reports filtered from Miratlores Palace that the officers who helped dump Fernandez were pressing the dictator to slack off the oppression. Clearly, Pérez Jiménez' troubles were far from





GET SATISFYING FLAVOR...

SO FRIENDLY TO YOUR TASTE!

- Pall Mall's greater length filters the smoke
 - -- does not filter out the Pall Mall flavor!
- 1 Don't give up flavor to get mildness.
 For flavor and mildness fine tobacco
- 2 filters best.
- 3 Pall Mall tobaccos are the finest quality money can buy.

OUTSTANDING... AND THEY ARE MILD!



PEOPLE

Names make news. Last week these names made this news:

At her Malibu Beach home in California. Actress Sarah Churchill, a pert 41, occupied herself one evening by pouring libations into herself and a torrent of waterfront epithets into her telephone. On the receiving end; several of Sarah's neighbors and the phone company. Then somebody called the cops. Sarah greeted them with a bristling query: "What the hell do you want?" The deputies were about to depart when Sarah, rum potion in hand, jumped into the patrol car, got comfy on one cop's lap. He later recalled: "She didn't get fresh, but she wouldn't get off. She kept talking about how London was going to bomb the U.S. and that there would always be an England, but she was not so sure about the U.S." After a short tussle the cops sadly decided that Sarah was a little more than tiddly, hauled her to the county jail where she sat dryly for five hours, waiting for bail, making Churchillian victory signs and denouncing "American justice." But next day Actress Churchill, hung over or not, gave a fine performance on NBC-TV's Matinee Theater as the star of Karel Capek's play, The Makropoulos Secret. Britain's press, riled by the ways of U.S. justice, trumpeted: "Sarah's Finest Hour!" Later, in a Malibu court. Sir Winston's daughter pleaded guilty to being drunk in a public place. paid a Sto fine.

A coming-out soirce honoring the debut of the \$73.6 billion U.S. budget was staged in Washington's Sheraton-Park Hotel by Budget Director Percival Brundage. Unbending more than is his wont. Presidential Assistant Shermon Adams, in modified rustic garb, stered Mrs. Rocco Sicilifed rustic garb, stered Mrs. Rocco Sicili-



SHERMAN ADAMS & PARTNER
Do-si-dough.



BILLY GRAHAM & FAMILY*
Big hello.

ano, wife of a White House aide, through the galumphing podner-swinging of a square dance.

Out of the sports shadows popped baseball's Hall of Famer James Emory Foxx, 50. onetime slugging king and all round player of the Philadelphia Athletics and Boston Red Sox and second only to Babe Ruth in total home runs hit in his major-league career (Ruth. 714; Foxx. 534). On his way from his Miami home to a Boston sports clambake, busky Jimmy Foxx stopped off in Manhattan and told newsmen that he has struck out financially. Said he: "I had pride but pride's not much good when you're broke. Maybe I blew a lot of dough. That's my fault. But now all I want is a job so I can help my wife and three children." Even before "Old Double X" left for Boston, job offers began to roll in.

Winning back into the U.S. from his month-long trip and holiday visit with U.S. armed forces in the Far East. U.S. armed forces in the Far East. Windleywed Froncis Cordinol Spellmon, 68, greeted newsmen at New York City's Ver Yam had demounced the stinister partern and demounced the stinister partern of the U.S. and th

Before hopping off on a new crosside from the More Members on seven other countries in the Caribbean and Central America. Exangelist Billy Grohom, gave blessings and farewells to wife Ruth and his twe-children, including the newest Graham, three-day-old Nelson Edman, at their Morth Carolina home. With regret Crusader Graham crossed a two-week stay in the Neneauela of his itinerary; a cable from his Veneauela of his itinerary a cable from his Veneauela of his itinerary.

that he should steer clear of there until their country's political unrest subsides (see HEMISPHERE).

Ghana's Premier Kwame Nkrumah, already immortalized on Ghana's stamps, beamed in proud anticipation. In the yard or his public-works department in Accra lay some closely guarded packing cases. just arrived from Italy. Contents: the sections of a one-ton bronze statue of Nkrumah, guaranteed by his Finance Minister to have strained Ghana's state funds for less than \$112,000 (how much less was a state secret). The monument, twice as big as Nkrumah himself, will be unveiled on its pedestal in front of Parliament House in early March, will highlight festivities marking the first anniversary of Ghana's independence.

Bound for Mescow for what he hinted was a summit conference (probably with himself), Showman Mike Todd exhibited his wife, Cinemactress Elizabeth Toylor, to London reporters, then made a statement not likely to enchant his Soviet hosts. "It hought it might he a good idea to show off Liz to the Russians. It may undermine their whole structure!"

Two shangy Himalayan mastiffs, nor quite as hig as sheland ponies but just as playful, were on their way from the king, and on of Nepal to the White House, and had propressed to New Delhi last week. The upserty as whether the heasts were consistent of the heast week the heast week the heast week the heast week the accomment of the heast week the government what "someone" in the White House wants the dogs and will take delivery.

* Left to right Wife Ruth with baby, Nelson: Franklin, 5. Ruth, 7: Virginia, 12: Anne. 9.



"Our IBM 705 was paying for itself in a few weeks and we had just scratched the surface..."

 John S. Woodbridge, Comptroller, Pan American World Airways, Inc., in an exclusive interview

ACCOUNTING ENTERS THE JET AGE:

How can you find the best way of bringing the henefits of electronic data processing to your company? What does "electronics" coping in the way of planning and personnel? What can a company expect in actual savings and benefits? You'll find the answers in the remarkable achievement of Pau American World Airways, the transportation industry's pioneer in electronic data processing. In this recorded discussion. John S. Woodbridge, Comptroller, and James McGuire. Assistant Comptroller—the men who spearheaded Pan Am's project—reveal the problems and practical solutions to a successful data processing program.

Q. Let's start at the beginning. Why did you turn to high-speed electronics?

A Frankly, with our explosive increase in business, we had come so far and grown so last that the saturation point for our existing accounting and record-keeping systems had been reached. At that point—it was early in 1954—we began exploring electronics seriously.

Q. Were there many problems at that stage?

A some, but we did know pretty well where we wanted of the analysis done before we started. We've had continuing cyclical reviews of our methods for many years now. When you've got those studies behind you, half your evaluation work for electronics is done.

Q. How did you go about finding a system best suited to your requirements?

A we compared five different systems. Expandability was typical of the features we looked far. We left the system we chose should be able to encompass further company growth with the simple addition of extra units. The IBM 705 was puts such a system.

Were there other factors—beyond features of the system itself—that affected your choice?

A yes, of course, Aside from satisfying ourselves that the equipment would meet our needs, we looked into such things as the educational and service programs of the manufacturer. How well could be train our people? How well-trained were this own people? We looked into the extent and nature of his systems experience and know-how. HaM scored highly in all these areas.

Q. After you chose the IBM 705, what was the next step?

A Programming. You may be surprised to bears we did this job nuselves—with BMS help, of course. We felt on saler ground training some of our own people than in hiring entside programmers who would first have to be taught our business. Experience has borne out the wisdom of this approach. But here's a key point: we took only our top people—our department heads—for the job. There were



McGuire: "When you're comparing electronic systems, you've got to look at the manufacturer's know-how and service facilities, too."



THE PAN AM STORY

about ten altogether. They went to IBM program school for four weeks, and then went to work. In effect, we locked them up and said, "Don't come out until the job is done."

Q. How did they work out?

A Very well. Our programs—in fact the entire operation
—went off without any major hitches. That was in
May, 1956. Since then, there has been continued growth in
the company and in accounting volume, yet we haven't had
to enlarge the department.

Are there further savings and benefits you can point to?

A. Plenty. We're now handling—on just one-and-a-half shifts—a number of major applications, ranging from



Woodbridge: "It's much more than just an accounting machine. It's a management machine."

payroll through inventory analysis to "paper jet flying," In a typical area—monthly passenger accounting and control—we cut a 4,000-hour job down to 140 hours. And right off the hat, we picked up \$350,000 a year in interest by our ability to process fails for the airline clearing houses in two days instead of in two weeks.

You mentioned applications other than accounting.

What about these?

A They're interesting by products of our electronic accounting equipment, and they don't take up much
machine time...yet they have tremendous potential for us.
Take this 'page jet' application we spake oil. Online
Ieed into the '705 such data as distances between citizeness
feed into the '705 such data as distances between citizeness
way lengths, and weather factors. Against this way project
the characteristics of new jet nicrail. and the '705 produces
—among other vital data—the soxpe tertom-life of each type
of plane under different cruising conditions. We can know
in advance which of these aircraft will pay of fless for us.
The '705 does in one-half hour what would have taken
months and months of manual calculation.

You installed this IBM 705 for accounting. How did you get into these other areas?

A That's just the point. This 705 is much more than an accounting machine. He amanagement machine. All you have to do is expose your people to the potential of electronic data processing—and before you know it, you have more good ideas for using it to improve internal operations than you ever thought possible.



500 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 22, NEW YORK

MEDICINE

Two Pints a Month

Helen Maysey was a sickly baby. She had a stubborn anemia that did not respond to treatment with iron and vitamins. By the time she was three, doctors found her spleen enlarged, decided that this versatile organ, which both makes and destroys blood cells, was overdoing the destructive part of its job, Surgeons took out her spleen. That gave only temporary relief, and Helen had to have repeated transfusions to keep her stock of red blood cells anywhere near normal. When she was ten, doctors figured that Helen had about two months to live. That was 17 years ago, but she fooled them, Later, a surgeon, removing her gall bladder at St. Louis' Christian Hospital, found seven satellite spleens scattered through her body, hopefully took them all out.

Helen was kept in the Mothers and Babies' Home attached to the hospital so that she could have continuous medical care, frequent lab tests, and the evernecessary transfusions. As she grew up, Helen helped with the younger children. worked in the office, developed a cheery personality that belied her tenuous hold on life. Every two months (in recent years) she has received four pints of blood, a half-pint on alternate days to cut down the severity of her chills-andfever reaction to transfusions. She has responded surprisingly well to the transfusion routine, "It still hurts, but I'm a good girl about it," she says. Understandably. Helen was poster girl for the 1956 American Red Cross blood drive.

Last week, after 1,868 days in the hospital, off and on (the hospital figures the cost of all this free care at \$36,062.15), and after 1,539 transfusions of blood donated by the Red Cross. Helen Maysey, 27, married Shirley (Red) Andrus, 36, an



HELEN MAYSEY & HUSBAND
For life and love, 1,539 transfusions.

electrician. Although her disease has many of the earmarks of Mediterranean anemia, which appears in successive generations in Italy and eastern Mediterranean countries, there is no history of this anemia in her family, no evidence whether she would pass it on to her children.

Cutter in Court

The experts had just pronounced the Sulk anti-polio vaccine both safe and ef-fective. Three years aso. University of California Psychologist Robert M. Gotts-danker was delighted when he succeeded in aetting one of the first shots for daughter Anne Elizabeth; E gually happy was Engineer Charles Phipps of Monrovia toar Los Angeles), who got a shot for his son James Randall L. it months son James Randall L. it months was present the same control of the co

Within a fortnight, the joy gave way to anguish. The Gotsdanker and Phippis youngsters, like 73 others inoculated with vaccine made by Berkeley's Cutter Lahoratories, came down with polloa! Live virus was found in six for 132 Cutter and the cause of the disease in poople getting shots from the six batches was the vaccine itself, promptly tightened up its previously hit-or-miss testing methods to make make that no more live virus got

Nothing Left? Last week, little Anne Gottsdanker was in Alameda County Superior Court; she was paralyzed in both legs, had a heavy brace on one. Randy Phipps dangled a severely disabled left arm, For 27 days, a jury of eight women and four men under Judge Thomas J. Ledwich had heard reams of technical testimony to help them decide: Was the children's polio caused by the vaccine? Was there live virus in the vaccine? If so, was Cutter negligent in letting it get through? Was there, with every ampoule of vaccine, an "implied warranty" that the preparation was safe? On their answers hung suits for \$300,000 by the Gottsdankers, \$65,000 by the Phinuses,

For the jury, the first two answers were easy: yes on both counts. The issue of negligence developed into a long-distance battle between two giants of medical science. From Pittsburgh came a massive. 142-page deposition by Vaccinventor Jonas E. Salk, called by the plaintiffs' resourceful, aggressive Attorney Melvin ("King of Torts") Belli (pronounced bell-eye). Though Dr. Salk expressed no overt criticism of Cutter if the jury believed him it had to conclude that something went wrong at Cutter. For Salk stuck doggedly to his view that the killing of polio virus with formaldehyde solution to make a safe vaccine is a "firstorder reaction" and that its progress and its end point (when there should be not a single particle of live virus left) can be

4 As did 12s close contacts (mostly kin) of those who got the vaccine. There were eleven deaths. Vaccine from Wyeth Laboratories was suspected of causing several cases of polio but no live virus was found in it.



ANNE GOTTSDANKER & MOTHER For live virus, \$131,500.

predicted and plotted with a straight-line graph on logarithmic paper.

The trouble, he conceded, is that only the amount of virus killed during the first few days can be measured: after that, there is so filled left alieve that it may not be decreable. But, he missted, it goes on the measured of the decreable for th

No Straight Line? The University of California's famed Virologist Wendell M. Stanley took sharpest issue with Salk, A Nobel Prizewinner himself for original work in crystallizing viruses. Stanley flatly denied Salk's theory that formaldehyde kills polio virus particles in a neat, straight-line fashion, "I have seen many times where the curve does not follow that theory," he said-and not only in his own laboratory, but also in big vaccine factories. As for the testing methods before the "incident." Dr. Stanley declared: "In the light of subsequent knowledge, they were grossly inadequate." The implication; given the testing methods then in force plus a basically unpredictable method of vaccine-making, things could go wrong without any negligence.

The juroes took two days to decide despite their admiration for Dr. Salk took Dr. Stanley's word that the testing methods were more to blame than Cutter. They voted, to 16.2; that Cutter had not been guilty of negligener "under the conditions prevailing at the time." Exceeding the conditions prevailing at the time." Exceeding the conditions prevailing at the time." Exceeding the conditions of the conditio



Coin divers at Nassau-action for the new Kodak Medallion fl Movie Camera, Turret f/1.9.

New Kodak Medallion Movie Camera takes 3 kinds of shots-at a turn of the turret!

Gets wide-angle, standard, and telephoto shots... magazine-loads in just 3 seconds!

You great all the action with the great new Kodak Medallion B Turret Camera. Equipped to take wide-angle shots for greater scope . . telephoto shots that bring subjects up closer . . . and standard shots.

This trim, compact camera is Kodak's easiest-to-use movie-maker ever. Loads in 3 seconds—just drop in an 8mm Kodachrome Film magazine and snap shut.

It takes slow-motion movies and single-frame exposures. And it weighs only 29 ounces. Ask your photo dealer to demonstrate the new Kodak Medallion 8 Turret Camera. Only \$159:50, as little as \$15.95 down. See the Medallion 8 single-lens model, just \$106:50. (All prices are list, include Federal Tax and are subject to change without notice.)

New Cine-Kodak Showtime 8 Projector (right), Perfect matchmate for your Medallion 8 Camera. Shows 8mm movies up to 5 feet wide—brilliantly! Reverse-action. "stills," too. Cool, quiet. \$123.50, or \$12.50 down

See Kodak's TV shows-"The Ed Sullivan Show' and "The Adventures of Ozzie and Harriet."

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, Rochester 4, N.Y.





PPG AT THE SHOWPLACES OF AMERICA Lambert Airport, St. Loons Architects. Hellmuth, Yaniasaki & Leinweber

SOARING ARCHES with acres of PPG glass give St. Louis one of the world's most modern airports. Colorful aircraft, triminal and protected with PPG finishes, wing mits lambers field. Keep-passengers comfortable with PPG fiber glass insulation.

PPG opens new horizons in this golden age for building things

We can build airports to express the beauty of flight because PPG glass comes in sizes, shapes and kinds to do it. We can build sleek airliners of aluminum because Columbia-Southern soda ash refines raw ore to make this light, wonder meal. We can build powerful engines that speed planes farther and faster because of today's high-corane fuels made with Columbia-Southern chemicals. Progress all around us—and practically everything we see and use keeps up to date with glass or paint made by PPG, or chemicals made by Columbia-Southern. subsidiary of PPG. PITTSIR-RGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY, PittSupraNY, PittSupraNY.

to the Gottsdankers and \$15.800 to the Phippses. As Cutter's attorneys got set to appeal, 44 others claiming to be victims of Cutter vaccine prepared to press suits totaling about \$10.000,000.

Sequel

Two weeks after a daring, touch-andgo operation to replace a diseased part of his aorta (Time, Jan. 13). six-year-old David Fleming Jr. received the press at St. Francis Hospital in Roslyn, N.Y. Photographers got appealing shots, reporters



A line from the heart.

got one quote: "I want to go home." Two days later David was out of hed for the first time, had better circulation than before the operation. Doctors expected to let him go home within a fortnight.

Pain in the Foot

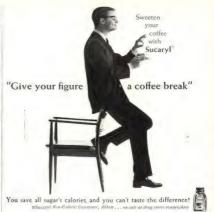
Foot doctors began to be called chiragodists in the sish century—just why is not certain. Down the years they have winced as though somebody had stepped on their corns when patients mispronunced the first syllable "sheer" or confused them with chiropractors. The book with amount them were bothered, too, to find that It. W. Fowler in his Modern England Congress was possiblely called the word chiragodist with the control of the control of

practitioner should be "corn-cutter.

Last week the National Association of
Chiropodists changed its name to American Podiatry Association, hoped that victims of corns, calluses and ingrown toenails would begin calling the nation's 8.000
foot doctors "podiatrisis" (Foot healers).

To most patients the new name, like the
old symptom, would be a pain in the foot.

4 The word may come from a combination of χείρ (hand) or χειρουργός τουτασουι with ποῦς, ποδ- (foot), or from χειροπόδης (having chapped teet).





friendly

VISCOURT service

in European skies

fly BRITISH EUROPEAN AIRWAYS



- **BEA** is largest airline operating within Europe.
- BEA operates Europe's largest Viscount fleet.
- BEA first with Viscount 800 service.
- BEA flies to over 70 European cities.
- BEA carries more passengers than any other airline within Europe.
- **BEA** Viscounts serve every country in Western Europe.
- BEA pleases all passengers with its friendly service . . . consistently.



BRITISH EUROPEAN AIRWAYS General Sales Agents in U.S.A., Canada, Central and S. America. British Overseas Airways Corporation.

THE PRESS

Yanked

The U.S. press, which abounds in advice to readers on their physical, mental and marital symptoms spurned their dental troubles until 1956 when a young (337, crew-cut Cincinnati dentits named Peter Garvin decided to fill the cavity. Three months after its first appearance in Columbus Ohio State Journal vcirc. 80,8341, Dentits Garvin's column (title: "Your



COLUMNIST GARVIN
More pull than Presley.

Teeth") was picked up by General Features Corp. and offered to newspapers across the U.S.

Five months later, when Dentist Garvin's home-town Clincimat Transe-Star (157,400) started running his belined weekly column and published a picture and thambiani sketch of its author the Cincinnati Dental Society objected that "Your Teeth" was a weekly advertisement and this violated its cause of the control of the control of the control period of the control of the period of the control of the control

Last week the Cincinnati dentists held a chosed membership meetine to hear Peter Garvin's appeal. By expelling him areued Garvin his fellow dentist dended him the constitutional right to "freedom of expression" as right which is profitably exercised by such famed columnist-M.D.s. as Chicago's Herman Bundeen and Walter Alvarea!. Nor have dental society officials criticated the content of his columns, which frequently unav consolidation of only your family dentist. 24 Dentis Garvin's collections voted nonetheless to sustain his exualsion.

Dentist Garvin vowed to anneal his case to the state and national dental societies and the courts, if necessary. His

column, bullyhoord by General Features, ("More reader interest than 3 publics, h) baseball, or Etics Presley, d) canals, or or Marilya Monroe, communicy?", is running in about to papers. Meanwhile, the Des Moines Register and Tribine Syndicate is startific a rival column written by the startific a rival column written by the medium benefit the rival of the fine of thin medium benefit her rival initiated is so flooded with would-he patients that he has to send them to other dentise. Dieclared an editorial in the Trimes-Narr. For to this community.

Newspaperman's Newspaper

"All successful newspapers," declaimed guernluns helifose H. L. Mencken, "are ceaselessly querulous and helifoste. The most conspicuous exception to Mencken's research of the second of

Balancing Fact. Fifty years old this year, and firmly fixed as one of the world's most respected dailies, the dignified Monitor permits itself the one gentle brag that it publishes "everything that a well-informed person should know." Since 90% of its press run is mailed to subscribers in the U.S. and 120 other countries. Boston's Monitor ("An International Daily Newspaper" has no truck with trivia concentrates instead on solid staffwritten interpretative reporting that its editors expect will still be relevant days or weeks later. For this reason, the Monifor gets the ultimate tribute of the news profession its subscribers include 4,000 editors and newspapers throughout the world some of whom pay as much as St.000 a year to have their copies airmailed (worldwide, first-class-mail sub-

To a large extent the Monitor's excellence derives from Editor Erwin Dain Canham, 53 veteran newspaperman who has little but scorn for the artificial "objectivity that cloaks the superficiality of much news writing. Says 'Spike' Canham. "We believe that the balancing fact should be attached directly to the misleading assertion. News interpretation, with all its hazards, is often safer and wiser than printing the bare news alone. Nothing can be more misleading than the unrelated fact just because it is a fact and hence impressive. Example during the rise of the late Ioe McCarthy the Monitor was one of the few U.S. dailies that consistently and searchingly matched the balancing facts against the Wisconsin Senator's strident fictions.

"Passed-On Mules." If the churchowned Monitor does not always attain its ideal balance, it is because it agrees with

the Christian Scientists who comprise 82%; of its readership (and 90%) of its staff) that disease, death and violence are mortal "errors." Thus the Monitor gives only token coverage to top medical stories such as the Salt vaccine it sternly downplays disaster and crune. It shuns error-prome society and show-basiness chitchtar and runs the world's teresest oblitatries tomiting the cause of death and runs to

Under gentle scholarly Spike Canham. the Monitor has shucked many of its old customs, become lighter and brighter, Of late it has run stories about such longtaboo topics as organized crime, prostitution and homosexuality, not infrequently reports that a person has died rather than "passed on" -- a sharp departure from World War I days when, it is related, a hard-pressed correspondent described a battlefield littered with "passed-on mules. When it comes to profit, the Monitor has netted only \$260 in the past 15 years; it firmly excludes a long list of advertisers it does not condone (c.g., whiskies, tobacco, patent medicines, coffee, tea : and refuses to run any ad containing the abbreviation "Xmas.

Unpolluted Prose. As decreed by Founder Eddy, who from its first issue vowed to serve "the better class of people everywhere," the Monitor maintains "a steady flow of dispatches designed to



EDITOR CANHAM
No truck with trivia.

Dierce the fog of confusion and the dic-

inter of prejudice, has won So Journalistic awards—most of them, including a 1050 Politizer for Edmund Stevens: reporting on Russan for its international coverage. With seven 'overseas' bureaus coverage of the seven containty word—it has one of the best-seasoned corps of foreign correspondents in the business. Explains British-born 25-year London Staffer John May What I write, they print—and for almost any



Westinghouse High Fidelity Challenge...we challenge

you to find High Fidelity to equal this-not just at the

same price-but in many sets costing far more!

Coast to coast people listening to Westinghouse High Fidelity for the first time are amazed at what they bear and what they save "They're finding they have to pay far more to equal Westinghouse performance. The reason is the Westinghouse "Balancest" Sound System. Every component—even the acoustic cabinet—has been so perfectly matched the substant plays. You have to hear it to believe its perfection of timbre and dynamic range, its freedom from distortion. But, hear Westinghouse High-Ridelity yourself, then let your ear decide. From \$149.50 to \$298.50.

Hustrates High Fightly Phonograph Cansale, 4 matched speaker ione 15 base one 2 intermediate, two 3 trebble, 4 speak Record Player with automatic shut-off, dual diamond-sapphine atylii, consection provisions for comote speakers and tape recorders. Choice of woods, Blarrits. 201500 in Manhounty, and the state of the

YOU CAN BE SURE ... IF IT'S Westinghouse



ONLY TCA FLIES VISCOUNTS TO CANADA...

...and more people fly TCA to Canada than any other airline



Looking for a "growth" investment? Planning an outdoors vacation? Fly to booming Canada. Come TCA—from one of seven convenient "gateway cities"—to-and through Canada. And remember . . . only TCA flies the world's most modern airliner the prop-jet Viscount to Canada.

TRANS-CANADA AIR LINES
See your local traval Agent Or contact TCA in 18 biton. Nav York Cleveland Detroit Windson Change

Seattle/Tacomo, Tampa/St. Petersburg, Los Angeles

newspaperman, this is a consummation devoutly to be wished for and less and less likely to be consummated."

Though its pay scale is frugal, the Monitor also arterests a high class of newsman. Many, like NBC Commentator Joseph Harseh and New York Herald Tribinne Pundit Roscoe Drummond, go inevitably to better jobs. But the average service is 15 years for the 115 Menitor staffers who work in its cathedral-husbed city room, where they turn out prose unpollured by ciars moke, gin fumes or

Long-Play Needle

Polish inutralities, believing that limited freedom is better than inune have carefully avoided onen battle with the ruline Communist Farry. They have been surely provoked nonetheless. Soon after the government's suppression of the free-ewinging youth magazine Po Prostin (Thas. Oct. 42) last fall, party evenous safeet liberal wounds by smothering at birth a new intellectual magazine name Europe.

Lost week the tension letween writer and commissar stretched even tribher. The party decided to turn the independent mided daily Scandar Models (Standar Models) (Standar Scandar Standar Stan

The only publication in Poland that seems immune to party lockyaw is a twelve-page satirical weekly with the apt twelve-page satirical weekly with the apt anne of Szpikis 'Poedles', Garsibly printed on cheap paper, corky, 24-year-old Szpiki (Pronounced "Supekig") sticks its needles into Communist hides from Moscone to Warssw. In a carton deriding the cultural isolation of Leon Kruczkowski and other lacks on the party's Production of the Company of the

One reason for Septiki's durability is that many of its best-known stuffers, including Cartoon Editor (and Co-Founder). Ergk Lipinski is on, have long been Communists or fellow travelers and know insultively how deep they can sink their shafts. In a country that has long suffered strictles more willingly than exporters. Publish revessions believe that 3-pilki is sufficient to the sufficient of the sufficient string the sufficient suffic

The weekly is also a harsh critic of the West, but to Publes in their donged rearguard struggle for democracy. Sphilish sharpest needles are reserved for Cunstanges and the struggle for democracy and the struggle are considered in the struggle of the sharpest needle that he are carroon that wryly helpot a technician standing with a visitor in front of a Rule of the struggle of the sharpest needle the struggle of the sharpest needle that the sharpest needle that the sharpest needle the sharpest needle that the sharpe



Fifteen months ago ground was broken for this new kraft pulp, paper and containerboard mill . . . now in production.

The mountain of wood chips behind the mill is its raw material supply... for which not a single additional tree is used. These chips are made from the wood waste of the Georgia-Pacific plywood and lumber mills in the background and are delivered automatically to the new paper mill.

Thus Georgia-Pacific integration moves closer to complete utilization of its huge timber reserves. For new booklet "The Georgia-Pacific Story", write Georgia-Pacific Corporation. 60 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.



GEORGIA - PACIFIC CORPORATION
GEORGIA-PACIFIC PAPER COMPANY GEORGIA-PACIFIC PLYWOOD COMPANY



FIRST STATION WAGONS TO COMBINE

Mercury gives you superior performance in station wagons. You get new Marauder engines with as much as 330 hp 4450 pounds of solid, road-hugging luxury all wrapped up in Clean Line Modern Styling.

NOW YOU CAN ENJOY STATION-WAGON TRAVEL. This year Mercury set out to give you station sagnons that would move as easily as passenger cars. And the results actually lear may other ear you could name. You get a 312 or 3304ph Maraulet V-8—either one with brand-new Coul-Power Design. And that means a new light in efficiency and economy—a new kind of response and maneuverability never before achieved in a station wagon.

You move safely past trucks—enter fast-moving traffic with an effortless case that tops any passenger car but a Mercury. And there are dozens of wonderful new driving aids like the push-button magic of Merc-O-Matic Keyboard Control.



The magnificent Colony Park (foreground), the luxurious Voyages (1971), the value-deading Communes (1997, 1994). Mercury's 3 series, Your choice of fit models

SPIRITED PERFORMANCE WITH BEAUTY AND SIZE

AND YOU TRAVEL IN STYLE! Clean Line Modern Styling, Mercury's reflection of the taste and tempo of our times. Lines as clean as a bridge—free from useless chrome or wings or things.

And like all good modern design, it is supremely functional. The airy, spacious hardtop design gives you the sidest, most wonderful view on wheels. There's no liftgate to get in the way when loading: a rear window that disappears into the thighet takes its place. And any Big M-station wagon for 1958 gives you the largest, most usable cargo area you can find—bager in all the dimensions that count.

No wonder Big M station wagons lead their field in sales. We invite you to see all the reasons at your Mercury dealer's.

1958 MERCURY

MEANS THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY



${\color{red}\textbf{CONVAIR-} Astronautics:} \text{ shedding light on the mysteries of space}$

"...The time is bound to come when man will venture ever deeper into space—
not to win wars on earth but to battle the limitless challenge of the universe."

— General Thomas 5. Fower, Commander in Chief, Strategic Air Command.

CONVAIR

A DIVISION OF GENERAL DYNAMICS CORPORATION



Sydney Morning Her CHAMPION GONZALES Bloodied

Tight Tour

The winds in Wellington New Zealand, last week were every hit as had as their reputation, and the visiting tennists were every bit as good. Despite blastering west-were bit as good. Despite blastering west-west-weight with the properties of the p

stone accusionier to calculating the process. Old Campaigner Gonacles came out alead. 6-3, 6-3, But the victory gave out alead. 6-3, 6-3, But the victory gave batch come alim 5-4 lead in the toobatch come alim 5-4 lead in the toobatch come alim 5-4 lead of the toobard in the same alim 5-4 lead of the tooworld. So close is the competition that next day in Christchurch, Lew zerood in on the base line and pounded Panchois backhand so aggressively that he evened the score in straight sets, 6-4, 7-5.

Remembering Lew's sad debut last year. when he first took King Jake Kramer's shilling (\$125,000 worth, to be exact) and was whipped by almost every pro he played, a few cynical sports suggested that last week's tight tennis was all an act. But no one with decent evesight took the sneers seriously; the matches were too tough, too tense to be the least bit phony. In Sydney a fine two-hour contest of four sets sent Pancho to the showers with an aching forearm muscle and a stomach tied in knots. In Adelaide. Pancho's tennistoughened hands took such a beating that he lost in five sets and left the court with three fingers bleeding. Next day. heckled by a pro-Hoad crowd. Pancho slammed a ball out of the stadium when a linesman's call went the wrong way. He snarled at a slow-moving ball boy, gulned a handful of salt tablets, and finally took out his explosive anger on Hoad. His blistering serves kicked too high and hard

SPORT

to be handled. He got his racket up to almost all of Lew's astonishing stop volleys, and somehow he kept up the incredible pressure until he won the wearing marathon, 11-13, 6-3, 3-6, 6-2, 7-5,

maration. 1:-13. 9-3;. 3-6;. 0-2. 7-5;. Said former Aussis Davis Cupper Adrian Quist: "Their sole aim seemed to be to crush was another. Their standard of play is better than we have ever seen." Said Head, who is only too happy to exceed the said of the said

This type of percentage tennis is something Head learned from Promoter Kramer. At week's end it was still paying off for him as he beat Pancho, 6-4, 6-3. 8-6, to take a 6-5 lead on the tour. It was obviously paying off for Big Jake too. As he counted crowd after capacity crowd, he happily predicted that he would come home with a whopping profit of \$22,000.

Just for the Kicks

With short, precise kicks, the five forwards tied up the scalle with a network of passes, then finished him oil with lowwhitstling hotos. When the intractity mismatch in St. Louis, Mo. was over last week, the Kuits Inderstakes had routed week, the Kuits Chrestakes had routed used to the state of the state of the guessing that Tom Kuits had again dug up the best soccer team in the nation. Last year the amateur Kuits Understakers were good enough to win hoth the



Undertakers Rooney & Kutis
Booted.



CHALLENGER HOAD Blistered.

national amateur and open titles. This year, lively as ever, they have won all 1 6 of their regular season games, Short, mild Tom Kutis, a St. Louis undertaker who gets his mind off his work by sponsoring athletic teams could not he happier about his boys, "I'm 55," says Kutis, "and association with these younger fellows has kept me feeling a whole tol younger,"

Home-Town Boys. The Kutis Funeral Home first became a soccer patron 15 years ago when some boys asked it to sponsor their team. Fearing maybem. Kutis and his father gloomily agreed, saw their stark pessimism confirmed when a boy broke his leg before even a ghoul was scored. They dropped the team, but five years ago Tom Kutis decided to try again, He built his championship team exclusively from home-town St. Louis boys, although at times he has hired a European coach. "We don't import players," says Kutis. "St. Louis boys fit in better with our aggressive, open game." Luckily for Kutis. St. Louis is one of the strongest American centers for a game that is Europe's No. 1 sport, has leagues in both the parochial and public school systems.

To feed talent into his championship club. Kutis has a farm system of three teams one for adults, one for teen-agers, one for youngsters from sever to tent. Branching out, ex-Amateur Infielder Kutis also sponsors 41 bowling teams, six baseball teams, two girls softball teams, and one girls basketball team. In all it costs him \$1,5000 a year.

To Kutis the championship soccer team alone is worth the price, even thouth none of his Undertakers undertake, Best of the lot is Center Forward Boli Rooney, 27, a beat-pounding St. Louis cop, who was a crack hish school football player and for five seasons a baseball farm hand for the Cardinals. Soccer. asys Rooney, gives him the biggest boot: "It's the speed and the pretty pass work and the extra



MY CLOSEST SHAVE by Pat Flaherty

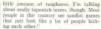


"My closest shave was at Indianapolis in 1953," says Pat Flaherty, 1956 Indianapolis winner. "The track temperature that day hit 125' and the exhaust fumes hung right down on the speedway. I was going into the north turn at 130 mph when the fumes god me. I blacked out, hit the outside concrete fence, and skidded along for 120 feet. The car was demolished, my helmet was torn off, my safety belt broke—but I didn't break a single bone!"

For YOUR Close Shave—with a razor, not a racing car—try new Colgate Instant Shave. What a way to shave! It's the quickest, easiest way ever, no matter what razor you use. Smooth, too! Shaves your whiskers, saves your skin. A great shave buy for the tough-beard guy!

The secret on everybody's lips ... From the man-about-town to

Colgate Instant Shave



Local Equivalent. With Rooney directing the attack. the Kuris Cindertakers have held their own against such jonker-teering German clubs as Augsburg and Nümberg. "We've been told that we're the equivalent of a first-division professional team in Europe." Kutis reports.

State of the state

Scoreboard

690

§ It nook the Dodgere' President Walter O'Malley vive consecutive days of negotiation and four considerably different "final offers" before he managed to rem a Los Angeles home for his footloose hall club. The site: the monstrous (10.2% seats) L.A. Colliseum. The price to be paid to the city and county of Los Angeles and to the state of Collifornia Szoo.000 a year for all controlled to the control of the con

@ Breaking the \$50-vd, and \$00-meter freestyle swimming records (TIME, Jan. 20) was so easy for Australia's Latvian Immigrant Ion Konrads, 15, that the tireless teen-ager barely paused for breath before splashing back into North Sydney's Olympic pool and churning past four more marks. He finished the 440-yd, grind in 4:25.9, which was a 400-meter record as well. He sprinted 220 yds. in 2:04.8, setting a new 200-meter mark in the process. 4 Sticking to the same old style-loafing off the pace until the last lap and then spurting to the tape-Villanova's Irish Olympian Ron Delany stuck to the same old habit of winning mile races. Ron opened the 1958 track season at the Massachusetts K. of C. Games by coming home six yards in front of Chicago's Phil Coleman in a Games record 4:05

When ye from the Court Editic Exclusive behavior and the Court of the



WOLFSCHMIDT VODKA GEREAL WINE & SPHITS CO., NEW YORS 22, N. Y. MAGE 47004 GRAIN, 100 OR 10 74007, PRODUCT OF 11.5 A.



Announcing New York Life's new Assured Accumulator . . .

New Plan combines the security of <u>life insurance</u> with the advantages of a successful <u>investment</u>!

Now, New York Life's new Assured Accumulator plan answers one of the toughest financial problems facing many pept todax—how to invest part of their income to accumulate money and at the same time provide basic family protection.

This new life insurance policy less you start a cash-secumulating plan for your future. The Assured Accumulator builds a continuously several fund for your retirement, for educational needs or for a back-log in an emergence. Equally important, from the day you take it out, your policy covers you with a least \$10,000 of life insurance for your family's protection, in case you should die.

A unique feature of the Assured Accu-

mulator is the flexibility provided by its four new options. By exercising one of these options, you can broaden your program to fit in with changes in your needs.

grant to titta with changes in your needs. Perminar needs for all this financial pur-Perminar needs for all this financial purthe Assured Accumulator's immunut facamount of \$110,000 permits administrative economies that are passed on to voya. For example, monthly premium for a \$10,000 policy issured at age 25 scondy \$25,000 policy issured at age 25 scondy \$25,000 policy for \$25,000 policy for a \$25,000 policy for a superior purpose to the property of the property Take advantage of this great new opportunity to invest for your own future while protecting your family in the meansime. Ask your New York Life agent for details or write to the address below.

The New York Life agent in your community is a good man to know

New York Life Insurance wile Company

Dept. T-35, 51 Madison Avenue, New York 10, N. Y. (In Canada: 320 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario)

RELIGION

Church in Suburbia

"We've been on so many retreats late-Iv." said a Glenview. Ill. housewife last week. "that I'm beginning to feel like retreating myself." The kind of retreat she was talking about-a program full of organized "activities"-would not have been recognizable to most U.S. Christians of a generation ago. But her Glenview Community Church, and the faith it fosters, is symptomatic of a kind of Protestantism that is burgeoning in the suburban nondenominational churches all over the U.S. The International Council of Community Churches now has 217 members, estimates that there are at least more than 1.500 other community



PASTOR RITCHIE & CHARGES With hot-rods, God's love,

churches in the U.S .- many of them. like Glenview, dedicated to the new-time religion.

Glenview Community Church has no simple pastor with assistants but a "team ministry" of four clergymen, all equal in authority. Their church is a believe-asyou-like, worship-as-you-please fellowship of searchers, and the ministers' language often sounds less religious than sociological. Christians should develop a "relationship with God." enabling them "to live out their potential"; an eye must be kept on "fringe individuals"; the church is "developmental-task-oriented" and its beliefs are "anchored but open-ended.

The open end is tilled with dozens of beaver-busy organizations in a daily boil of dances, pageants, picnics-holding "buzz sessions," helping out with "sicking" (i.e., sick calls) and organizing "casserole brigades." There are hunting and fishing groups, a men's discussion group named The Carpenters ("they try to face real realities"), a Woman's Association, a

boys' hot-rod group. "family festivals." camps for all ages, a radio program, a chatty church newspaper, ten choirs ("sing! sing! says a recruiting pamphlet . In a recent sermon, one minister ruefully quoted a newcomer as saying to another: "I guess I'll have to join that damned church to get acquainted.

Real Fellowship, Glenview Community Church is 17 years old, and when Congregationalist Minister Robert Edgar went there in 1941, it had only 50 members in a community of 2.000 people. Today the community has mushroomed to 16.000. and the church estimates its adult membership at 2,000, with an additional 1.500 who have not yet joined but take part in church activities. Some 2,200 youngsters engage the full-time efforts of two of the four ministers-Methodistordained Clinton Ritchie, who handles the teen-agers and Baptist-ordained Theophilus Ringsmuth, who concentrates on the youngsters below the seventh grade, also has "primary responsibility" for the families of his moppets.

Concern for the young begins in the "cradle room" for children from two months to three years. The big red-bricked, white-columned church building has a "cry room," where parents can take restive children and continue to watch services through a huge plate-glass window. Beyond the cradle and cry rooms, youngsters are drawn into a constant round of activities from canoeing instruction to communion classes. Most remarkable of these are the retreats. At a "winter changeover retreat a few weeks ago, 70 eighth-grade boys and girls piled into two buses-along with skis, sleds and skates-and headed for a three-day stay at a Y.M.C.A. camp on Lake Geneva, Wis. Counselors organized them with jolly efficiency ("9 p.m., Vespers: 9:30 p.m., bed-warming; next day, 7:30 a.m., hit the pavement! 8 a.m., breakfast, snow fun, etc.").

What Pastor Ritchie calls "directed meditation"-with film strips and recordings-included such programs as "How Honest Are You?" and "Do You Dig Friendship?" Recalls Ritchie: "We sat down right in the middle of the confetti and paper hats. A single candle was burning. We sat for ten or 15 minutes, thinking about what the old year had meant to us and what the new year could mean. We thought about the meaning of the candle itself. That was God's love-it made our friends visible to us even in a darkened place. As we looked at the candle, it made a fellowship out of us.

Fellowship is so much the order of the day that the opposite feeling needs artificial demonstration. At one retreat, by way of making teen-agers "live problems. Ritchie selected a group who did not know each other and left them out of things for hours-so that they would understand the experience of loneliness.

Self-Service Communion, Ritual at Glenview is clastic, but in general there are three phases to each service: "Adoration to God." including an opening hymn: "Communion with God," including reading of the Scripture, an anthem, silent prayer and the sermon; "Dedication to including the offertory, doxology, recessional and benediction. Glenview's communion is as free as its theology (i.e., God, Christ, the Bible, each understood as the individual sees fit). Communion tables are set in the chancel, and parishioners come forward and serve themselves. "Christ is the host, and we are guests at his table," says Pastor Edgar, "We partake without human intervention."

Glenview's ministers are sensitive to the criticism that their brand of religion is theologically thin, too much concerned with fun and games. Says Pastor Ringsmuth: "The average conception is that a suburban church sees religion as a way to get you something. But suburban churches are concerned with things far deeper than this, because people in prosperous Suburbia discover that their real wants aren't satisfied by material things. They look for answers to questions like who they are. what they are doing here, what kind of a relationship they can have with their Creator. Only in Suburbia, where so many material dreams have come true, can a church face real probing like this,'

DANCING FOR THE GODS

SIVA, the Creator-Destroyer of Hindu-ism's trinity, once stood on a demon and with one of his four arms began to shake a little hand drum. To the beat of this rhythm Siva moved his body, and with his movement the world took shape; he danced on and on until creation was completed.

Always and almost everywhere, dancing has accompanied religion. The Egyptians danced for their sacred bull, and the Babylonians danced in their temples and processions. King David "danced before the Lord with all his might" (11 Samuel 6:14), and the Old Testament Hebrews danced in their vineyards on the Day of Atonement. The Greeks danced in honor of Apollo, of Pan, of Artemis, and in the ecstatic mysteries of Dionysus. In Islam. the Meylevi dervishes still dance in patterns designed to expound cosmic laws as well as to achieve a state of inner peace.

Religious dancing has all but died out in the Christian West-probably the last to use it regularly are the all-but-extinct Shakers. But, as shown on these pages, among the peoples of Asia dancing is still an organic and important part of religion; each step and gesture, even a finger's tilt may be loaded with metaphysical meaning. Costumes are designed according to ancient and elaborate convention: in a classic Indian dance drama called Kathakali, the makeup alone often takes from early morning until late in the afternoon. The music accompanying dancers in the East ranges from the Kathakali's ceaseless



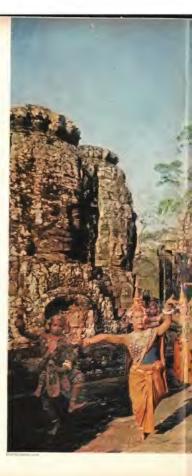
HIGH-LEAPING CEVLONESE DANCERS in breastplates, hats and jingling ornaments of beaten silver and beads, display aerobait; skill during enactment of Buddhist stories in vigorous Kandyan dance part of temple service at Amunugama.



DEVIL DANCER, as Demon of Vengeance, performs with torch while reciting Buddhist verses to cast out devils from the sick in south Ceylon village.



SPIRIT DANCE, called Nat Pwe, coupled with offering of fruit (on table), is held by Burmese at lake near Rangoon to appease angry spirits or seek favor of a god.





ROYAL BALLET OF CAMBODIA, in spired headdresses and jeweled costumes, performs Ramayana-based dances among

13th century ruins of Angkor Thom. Dancers wear masklike expressions, convey all emotion by movement of hands and body.





TRANCE DANCE, climax of Balinese good v. evil drama, begins as

fighting men of benevolent demon. Barong. attack vicious Rangda.

BALINESE WITCH, the wicked Rangda, appears through temple gate at start of dance representing conflict between good and evil.

SHINTO SHRINE of Itsuku-shima, on island in Japan's Inland Sea, is setting for classical Bugaku, dance form of Sea God, postures ferociously to frighten away enemies.





BLACK MAGIC of Rangda's white cloth makes her invisible to her enemies, who turn sharp krisses on themselves.



FRENZIED FIGHTERS (all in trance, from which priest in white (left, rear) will restore them with holy water.



MANIPURI RAS LILA, marked by graceful turning and swaying of Indian dancers in stiff, circular skirts, portrays

blissful joys of Hindu mythology's Krishna, danced by girl (left), Radha, a mortal he loved (right), and milkmaids.





thunder of drums (the drummers work in relays) to the Burmese Zat Pwé orchestra of a dozon varied instruments—teakwood

relays) to the Burmese Zat Pwe orchestra of a dozen varied instruments—teakwood xylophones, kroyt homs, cymals. Whether the dances tell stories of the gods, as do the Kathakali, seek to divine answers, like Burma's spirit dancers, or combat evil, like Ceylon's Devil dancers, the worshipers of the East continue Siva's sacred swaying.

African Christianity

Christianity in Africa entered a new phase last week: for the first time in the two centuries that missionaries have been sowing the Gospel seed among the continent's jungles, weldts and hills, the Protestant churches of Africa met ingether. Some 300 leaders gathered for a ten-day All-Africa Church Conference at St. Anne's Anglican Girls' School at Ibadan, Nieuri.

Ibadan, Nigeria. The delegates came from 21 African countries, from French, English, Belgian and Portuguese colonies, from such independent states as Ghana, Sudan, Egypt, Ethiopia Liberia and the Union of South Africa, They included Methodists, Presbyterians, Lutherans, Episcopalians, Dutch Reformed and "soldiers" of the Salvation Army. The ten days they spent together aired out many a mind that had been shut up in tribal parochialism. Said Anglican Archdeacon Erisa K. Masaba: "We in Uganda don't accept the Christians from our neighboring territory of Kenya as real Christians. For me it is a surprise to see members of different churches worshiping together here, and from now on I'm going to look at the Kenya Christians as just the same as ourselves.

Two Roman Catholic priests were present as observers. Also on hand were Dr. W. A. Vilsee 't Hooft. General Secretary of the World Council of Churches. and Dr. John Mackay, honorary chairman of the International Missionary Council. South Artican Novelina Man Cryd Artican Novelina Man Cryd Artican Council Man Cryd Gentle of a tive-man committee to explore ways and means of developing the Ibadan conference into a continuing association.

Major problems discussed centered around African sex and marriage customs such as the importance of the 'bride price' and the practice of female circumcisum. Some delegates advised against moving too fast in eliminating either, on grounds that to most Africans the bride price is the most tangible token of a marriage and that unercum-sedgirls unconsequirly.

marriage and that uncircumoisedgirls under present circumstances find it almost impossible to get anyone within their own tribes to marry them. 'Hasty action.' said one delegate, 'will only create new problems—problems of husbandless women roaming the streets.

Delegates reported that Islam is making

The against reprote that is making strong strides among Africans in compatition with Christianity. Warmed Anglican Bishop Solomon Odutola of Eastern Nigeras: "The spirit behind Islam is What shall I do to be saved!" The average person prefers Islam's simple answer of what to do. It appeals to him more than Christianity's deeper and more compicated method of what to be, to be saved."

Barber at the Met

In a nameless northern country, in a mansion like a padded hearse, a "lady of great beauty" sat winter alter snow winter waiting for the man she loved. The great gates were barred, the chandeliers were dimmed, and all through the dralty house the mirrors were draped against the reflected evidence of her advancing age.

This faded Victorian dreamscape is the setting of Vanessa, first opera by Symphonist (Adagio for Strings) Samuel Barber and the first new American work produced by the Metropolitan Opera in a decade.*

who promjuly seduces Vanesa's niece Erika From there on the plot seems to thunder toward a traditional deathled climax: Vanesas falls in love with Anatol, they amounce their engagement, and pregnam Erika rushes out into the bitter, stormy night. Vet death and destruction are sidetracked. Though Erika has a miscarrange, she survives her night in the sonor, Anatol, and the unsuspecting Vasum, and the proper control of the familiar living-death type of ending recomes Electron and Henry James's Washington Squares, the big house is shut



SINGERS ELIAS & STEBER IN "VANESSA" Life in a velvet-tufted hearse.

With last week's opening-night audience, at least, it was a direct hit. Composer Barber's Vanessa failed to be intensely moving or to spring any musical or dramatic surpress, but it could still lay claim to being the best U.S. opera yet staged at the Metronolitan.

Living Dooth, The results might have been even must impressive if the libretist band written the score instead of the book. The libretist and stage director. Common the libretist is a second of the libretist of the libretist in the libretist when the libretist is the words of the libretist when the words were sufficient to this longitum trend 3 mil Barber. Memotit's yarm is like a pulse-humping toth century melodrams of the libretist in the libretist is the libretist with the libretist is the libretist in the l

The last one was Bernard Rogers The Warring (1042). The Met has produced in other U.S. works, notion of which has gone into the opporture. The kines must successful. Deems Taylors? The Kines Henchman (1027) and Peter Interson (1041), and Louis Gruenbergs Emperor Jones (1043). again, the mirrors are covered once more, and Erika sits brooding before the fire: "Now it is my turn to wait,"

In addition to providing one tlashes of humor and plenty of surenre scenes. Librettist Menotti seems intent on making the point that as soon as a dream is realized it is destroyed; waiting and hoping are the whole of life, Composer Barber, 47, had to do a good deal of waiting himself. Menotti wrote the libretto in intermittent stretches over an 18-month period ("At one point," says Barber, "he left Anatol standing in a drafty doorway in deep winter for months"). Barber himself named the leading character after scanning a What-to-call-your-baby book entitled Name This Child. Souring Intensity, To Menotti's tale,

Composer Barber fitted a polished fusuriant scare long on technique but short on fresh ideas. Its chief merits are shown or chestration and dazaling vocal writing, owng much to the knowledge of smeaning that Barber picked up as a onetime voice student (bartione at Philadelphia's Curtis Institute. The opera's vocal line is sometimes pale and fragile Erika's Much.

the Winter Come So Soan?), sometimes, sweetly melodic (Under the Willow Tree), sometimes flaring in a soaring intensity that lifts the characters out of the Gothic web of the plot. For the parting scene in Act 1V. Composer Barber wrote a gorgeously colored quintet (To Leave, To Break), as fine as anything in contemporary opera.

The Met's lavish production of Vanessa is wrapped up in a velvet-tufted, purpleand-crimson package by Designer Cecil Beaton, is immensely aided by Dimitri Mitropoulos luminous conducting. The first-rate cast: Eleanor Steber, who was horriedly called on several weeks ago to substitute for ailing Soprano Sena Jurinac in the title role: Tenor Nicolai Gedda as

Beneath a striped canopy. Balanchine marshaled 41 dancers wearing spangled tutus and brass-buttoned coats loaded with a fruit salad of stars, medals and epaulets (famed Costumer Karinska who traditionally arrives, cavalrylike, just as Balanchine is about to burn, outdid herbefore curtain time). All the dazzle did not glare from the costumes: Ballerina Diana Adams, in a blue, yellow and red drum majorette's rig, led a regiment of girls in high prancing kicks to the tune of Rifle Regiment; Ringmaster Balanchine had 13 men of the ballet corps performing difficult, double in-the-air turns to Arranger Hershy Kay's combination of Sousa's The Thunderer and The Gladiator. The settings were roth century and romantic, the tutus were pink and yellow, the clinicing policed and heatuful. But Balship and the setting of the setting of the in such period passes. Me demonstrated in such period passes, the demonstrated great wheeling formations, be demonstrated uncanny accuracy from his corps, succeeded in presenting the audience with hard, precise form through the swaths of tulle.

With a toe-danced hoedown, a flight of several light-years into the abstract, an astringent costume piece and last week's hoisterous blast of Fourth of July fireworks. Balanchine accomplished the richest and most varied season of his immensely productive career.

"Wait Till You Hear Kogan" When the Boston Symphony toured

Russia two years ago, the members of the string section heapped praise on Russian Violinist David Otstrakh, who had played with the orchestra during his U.S. tour. Russian musicans countered with a standard response wait until you hear Leonid Kogan, In Manhattan's Carnegie Hall last week Violinist Kogan turned up with the Boston to demonstrate what his countrymen were falling about.

When he threaded his way through the orchestra, his 1707 Stradivarius at his side, t it, 5 in, Violinist Kogan looked as though he could never work his short arms through the pyrotechnic howings the music called for. But when he started to play Brahms's Violin Concerto, he proved that like the other Soviet soloists who have visited the U.S. since the war, he had all the technique he peeded and some to spare. The familiar music poured from his bow in purling, honey-sweet ribbons of sound. His inflections were a marvel of etched sensitivity, his pianissimos feathery light, his fortissimos bold and clear, with no hint of blurring, Kogan played the concerto with no apparent effort, smiled shyly to a thunderous ovation, which brought both audience and orchestra to their feet. Said he modestly: "The piece has plenty of technical difficulties to enter-

tain the audience." Violinist Kogan, 33. started tangling with technical difficulties as a seven-yearold prodigy in Dnepropetrovsk, was soon tagged as a good cultural investment, entered the Moscow Conservatory to study under Abram Yampolsky. In 1951 he burst spectacularly on the international musical scene by winning Belgium's Queen Elisabeth Concours against the best young talent of the West. Now married to Elizabeth Gilels, younger sister of famed Pianist Emil Gilels and a tine violinist in her own right. Kogan is something of a musical hero in Russia. To the impressed men of the Boston string section last week, he seemed to lack some of the interpretive maturity of 40-year-old Violinist Oistrakh (with whom he studied briefly), but all agreed that Kogan was playing in the same rarefied league. "He's among the top alltime performers on the instrument." said Concertmaster Richard Burgin, "He ranks with the best.



Ballerina Melissa Hayden & Chorus Line in "Stars & Stripes"

After the square dance and pas de deux, compah-pah.

Anatol: Baritone Giorgio Tozzi as the old doctor friend of the family: Contraito Regima Resnik as Vanessa's mother. Surprise of the cast: Massachusetts-horn 25-year-old Mezzo-Soprano Rosalind Elias as Erika. who made her Metropolitan Opera debut as one of the Walkiren in 1944. now turns in the production's most moving performance.

Unussa will be recorded by RCA Victor, will make its next stop at the Salzburg Festival. The work may achieve the even rarer distinction of becoming the first American opera to go into the regular repertory.

Balanchine's Big Season

The aulie accomplished New York Citys Ballet, which often dances in practice costumes to spare its skintight imances, shot the works last week on a brash, brassy-premiere, Stara and Stripes, set to the marches of John Philip Souss. The works were well shot, thanks largely to George Balanchine; at 3g anto dnyl the world's most profife choreographer (the Sousa ballet was hig 520f), but its fined profit.

Showstopper: a wacky session in which tiny Ballerina Melissa Hayden piccoloed about on her toes, and lanky Jacques d'Amboise bounded around in great, compah leaps to the Liberty Bell and El Capitan marches.

For Choreographer Balanchine, it was

the fourth premiere in an amazing nineweek stretch. The first was Signare Dance, a whimsical leap between cultures. To the chamber musics of Corelli and Visaldi and the cadenced commands of Square Dance Caller Elisha C. Keeler dancers executed the disciplined, classic patterns that Balanchine has made a trademark. The mixture was unlikely, but when Keeler had ture was unlikely, but when Keeler had dance is ended The music said; the caller's winded is audioness cheered the blend of dos-ids and par de death.

Next came the hugely complex Agon. Balanchine's danced counterpoint to Struvinsky's brilliant, abstract score (TIME, Dec. 16). Two weeks ago Balanchine presented the elaborately costumed Gounad Symphony, an intricate construction on the French composer's first symphony.



John R. Moore, Vice-President and General Manager, tells why Autonetics creates

Miniature computers for Space Age problems

"The new and urgent needs of the Space Age are everywhere," says Mr. Moore, "Not just on the road to the moon and Mars... or in missiles and manned aircraft ... but also in the increasingly complex problems of industry.

"These problems don't always occur where they can be solved by the roomfuls of pampered equipment that make up mammoth electronic brains. They may be in a missile zeroing in on its target . . . in a rocketship navigating in space . . . on a ship at sea . . . in a geologist's jeep in the middle of uncharted wastelands

"That's why, at Autonetics, we have

concentrated on developing original techniques in transistor circuitry, miniaturization, and quantity manufacturing of precision components. For only with these new arts is it possible to create computers so small, rugged. reliable-yet so big in performancethat they can solve most problems of the Space Age where they hannen.

"We have designed and built both analog and digital computers - for inertial navigation, fire control, and flight control systems. Out of this experience we've now produced Recomp. It's the first transistorized digital computer of true general-purpose capacity -so light, compact, and rugged it can

travel on land or sea, in air or space, "This experience and skill makes it possible for us to offer the military and industry today's most advanced and reliable portable computers."

North American Aviation is at

work in the fields of the future Today in North American and its divisions there's as potent a combination of scientists, engineers, and production men as any in American industry. Because they are constantly lorging ahead into vital new technologies, much of their work holds

NERVE CENTER OF THE NEW INDUSTRIAL ERA Autonetics A DIVISION OF NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC.



TELEVISION & RADIO

Return of the Blue Bird

When Producer Darryl Zanuck malaprophesied that the national institution of the '30s known as Shirley Temple "would be good every year of her life as long as she lived," few helieved him. Hollywood realists knew that most peewee paragons grew up to be monsters or misfits, kept little of their young luster. But the opening chapter of NBC's Shirley Temple's Storyhook last week sent viewers on a wildly nostalgic binge and helped make good the ancient Zanuck prophecy. Shirley Temple, now a full-bodiced 29, had bridged a whole generation without losing so much as a dimple. The goldilocks had turned to deep brown, and the manner was demure as dimity; but the eyes were still dewy, the acting full of artful childishness, and when she sang the show's theme song, Dreams Are Made for Children, the voice had the same lilting lisp that warmed the hearts of millions with Polly Wolly Doodle and On the Good Ship Lollipop.

Hands on the Wheel, Only the rules had changed. Instead of appearing "in every scene possible," as her old scriptwriters had her do. Shirley merely introduced and narrated Madame le Prince de Beaumont's enduring moral fable, Beauty and the Beast-the beginning of a closeto-surefire series of fairy tales prepared for Temple and TV by Lawyer-turned-Producer Henry (Peter Pan) Taffe.

Backed by a comfortable mixture of sponsors (Sealtest, Hills Bros, and Breck), laffe mounted his show with opulent care. and it was played out with style, charm and directness by the Old Vic's delicate Bloom, Claire, and Charlton Heston, Adapter Joseph Schrank's dialogue, clean, spare, and always faithful to the original. gave Beauty the illusion that "all life was still at sunrise, a wonder and a wild desire," made possible such a strikingly gentle image as when Beauty returned to her dving Beast. She touched his hirsute head for the first time, and Beast said, with disarming simplicity. "You are stroking my horrible head

Beauty: Yes. dear Beast Beast: You see me now with your heart.

Although Shirley Temple-still "Presh" to her mother-had very little to do during all this, she had clearly not forgotten the order that used to echo across Fox's back lot. "The little girl's hands must be on the wheel all the way." During re-hearsals she was consulted, says Jaffe, "on many things that don't really involve Of the 16 shows in the \$3,200,000 series, she wants to star in three-Rapunzel, Hiawatha, and The Legend of Sleepy Hollow-and narrate the others (Rip Van Winkle, Sleeping Beauty, Ali Baha, etc.). But to Shirley, the best feature of her Storybook is that most of it is filmed. freeing her for civic and housewifely chores around Atherton. Calif. 125 miles south of San Francisco), where she leads the life of a wealthy California mother.



SHIRLEY TEMPLE

Little Girl. From the age of three until she married darkly handsome Charles Alden Black, 38, an executive of Ampex Corp. and son of the chairman of Pacific Gas & Electric Co., Shirley Jane Temple had been growing up in public. She was a star at five, the No. 1 box-office draw at seven, the world's most photographed person at eight. She never got sick ("The only things missed in childhood were all the diseases my children get now"), loved castor oil, and could cry on cue-"by thinking of my pony. Spunky, and how he



MAY & NICHOLS Refreshingly fresh.

flunked every screen test." She would stop crying "by thinking of Ching-Ching, my Peke, and all the money he was making in my movies."

A has-been at 13 (with \$3,000,000 saved from her 25 features, 20 shorts) Shirley rebounded at 16 with Kiss and Tell, in which she proved she was still one of Hollywood's most adept scene stealers, In the late '30s the Ideal Toy Corp. sold

1,500,000 Shirley Temple dolls. This fall. with TV showing her old films and preparing for her re-emergence, astute Businesswoman Temple-Black talked Ideal into putting out a new nylon and vinyl version of the old doll Sometimes now, Shirley will join her

three children-Lori. 3. Charles Jr., 5, and Linda Susan, 10, her daughter by her first husband, Actor John Agar-in front of the TV set, and giggle at the wobbly dancing of the curl-cropped darling she calls "the little girl." Says Shirley: "I know her well and I know some of her

routines, but she's not me." As for that golden age, she adds: "I have no sad memories. I never had to work very hard. We all just seemed to play games." As for now: "It will be hard from now on-there will be competition."

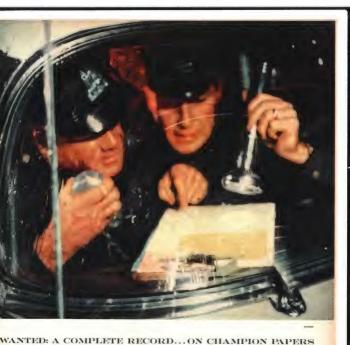
Review

Omnibus: Prettied up for the color cameras and invited by NBC to take George Gobel's place on Tuesday night. this good grey lady did not quite know what to do with herself. Touted as a "hilarious report on the suburbs," Suburban Revue got about as far out of Manhattan as Central Park, Host Alistair Cooke showed up in skimmer, foulard scarf, and blazer, to talk about the wonders of aluminum (spelled A-l-u-m-i-n-i-u-m, Ltd.). Bert Lahr, a mighty available Jones around all channels these days, blinked and "poo-poo-pa-dooed" through some excruciating jokes ("Are you Ivy?" "It's crawlin' all over me") and braved his inimitable full-octave singing quaver. Digging into Broadway's attic of old goodies. Omnibus borrowed Lend an Ear's funny, picture-hatted Gladiola ("Skiddy, give me some hooch") Girl and a rollicking Prohibition Era chorus line to vamp the Long Island playboys,

The best Revue had to offer was a splitlevel pair of café comics named Mike Nichols, 26, and Elaine May, 25, whose satiric thrusts at the telephone company's "Organization Woman" were fresh, inspired stuff. Nichols and May also did a racy, offbeat skit called "The Dawn of Love or The Moon Also Rises in an Automobile!" Scratching her ear and nervously shoving her sleeve up and down her forearm. Elaine admired the "suicidally beautiful" lake while Mike talked of other things. "Every human being has got certain natural urges, and I've got some," he began.

Elaine: I don't know what George has told you about me in the locker room. I mean, this is our first date.

Mike: I know what you're going to say. I know you're going to say I won't respect you. Right? Listen, honey, I want to tell



Whether it's a police report or production schedile, a customer list or data file. Champion pro-rides the durable, economical papers for these

ecord-keeping jobs.

CHAMPION PAPERS HE CHAMPION PAPER AND FIBRE COMPANY • HAMILTON, OHIO District Sales Offices in New York, Chicago, Philoselphia, Detroit, R. Louis, Cincinnati, Atlanta, Dallas, and San Francisco, Distrib-tions in very major city.

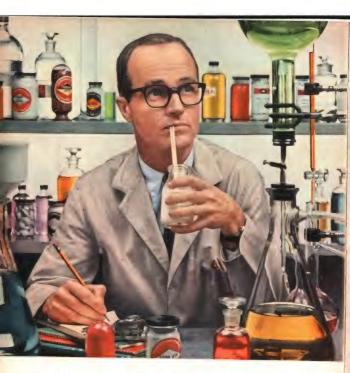
Quality coated and uncoated papers for books, magazines, snyelopes, labels, boxwraps, greeting cards, business orms, tags, tablets, food packaging, and many other uses.

CHAMPION SETS THE PACE IN PAPERMAKING

As a good cont adds just the right fluoring, a skilled technician pats exactly the right amount of die into this giant pulp mixer.







GLASS gives new vision to Science

The first crude microscope opened new vistas to science. The Levden jar, the retort, and now hundreds of implements of glass let the proncers of research watch theory become fact. Whatever the next advance in science, it is almost certain to be seen first through glass.

Like the scientist, the shopper, too, wants to see. She prefers foods in glass, drugs in glass, beverages, cleaners —

everything that has quality to put on view. Glass provides so many good things . . . sight, shelter, safety . . and best of all it is abundant and low in cost.

DIAMOND ALKALI'S contribution to the abundance and economy of glass is socia ash of superior quality. To meet growing demand we have enlarged and modernized production facilities ... to serve industry and you with more and better "Chemicals you live by."

DIAMOND ALKALI COMPANY, Union Commerce Bldg., Cleveland 14, Ohio.



you right here and now I would respect you like cur-ruser.

Elaine: Are you sure you wouldn't just be grateful? Conquest: Alone with the universe, the

astronomer peered into the eveniece of the telescope that towered through the observatory roof and spied on the moon. His voice echoed in the empty chamber. "Now, I note about twelve impact craters, and the largest of these I shall mark on the map with an A." said Dutch-horn Dr. Gerard Kuiper, head of the University of Chicago's Verkes Observatory. By such sharply focused glimpses of scientists at work, Conquest (CBS) started to live up to its promise as a \$1,000,000 series of ten science programs that will stretch into next season. After a talky start, the hourlong program settled down with Dr. Kuiper and Dr. H. Julian ("Harvey") Allen a rumpled giant who devised the bluntnose cone that can safely return a missile warhead through the atmosphere without

burning up with friction. One startling

sequence: a blunt-nose staying intact dur-

toons or high-powered hokum.

Twentieth Century: "Our truth was a half-truth, our fight a battle in the mist . . . and those who suffered and died in it were pawns in a complicated game between two totalitarian pretenders for world domination." So wrote ex-Communist Novelist Arthur (Darkness at Noon) Koestler after he came home from Spain's civil war. As CBS's corrosive documentary, War in Spain, made grimly clear, the pretenders were Hitler and Mussolini on one side and Stalin on the other, and the game that divided a nation against itself was a grisly dress rehearsal for the greatest war in history. The "pawns" flashed tragically across the screen in confused images, but it had been that kind of war-lightning offensives, confusions and counter-confusions and a million dead at their brothers' hands.

To catch its hackle-raising horrors Twentieth Century searched around Europe last spring out of a ten-mile tangle of celluloid salvaged 2.400 evocative feet. garnished it with an equally evocative script by Emmet John Hughes author of Report from Spain (and now chief of TIME-LIFE's foreign correspondents). There were some coruscant scenes crying. cursing Madrileños "running faster, faster along the very edge of the abyss," truncheon-wielding cops beating them back; women and children being evacuated under heavy air bombardment, their life's possessions tied in burlap on their backs or black coffins slung across their shoulders. There were sad, wizened faces in endless bread lines, hemorrhaging bodies on grimy stretchers, and images of Christ lying mute and broken in the rubble.

There was a Chekhovian frony in seeing jaunty, paunchy Dictator Franco review Moorish Spanish, German and Italian troops on victorious parade in 1939 and,



divide space in seconds



with Modernfold doors

Need extra rooms, offices, more privacy? Want to avoid costly additions or extensive remodeling? Today thousands of businesses and institutions are making space do "double duty" with MODERNFOLD DOORS.

Another room almost instantly...as Modernfolds move into place as a dividing wall. They're substantially built for lifetime

service; so perfectly balanced they operate lightly-at a touch, Now two types - fabric covered and genuine wood. The MODERNFOLD with steel inner framework has new grace of line-achieved by marvelous textured fabrics. Neutral or bright or wallmatching colors. All-new wood MontenantoLos are available in a wide variety of selected, matched veneers.

Installation is quick, simple. Ready for use the same day! And the maintenance on Modernfolds is practically nil. The durable fabric is washable, dependable-and wood Moderntoi by are as easily cleaned as any wood surface. Your Modernfold distributor can give you prompt information on standard and custom sizes. Call him-he's listed under "Doors" in the yellow pages,



The first and finest in folding doors

NEW CASTLE PRODUCTS, INC., New Castle, Indiana • Manufacturers of Folding Doors, Air Doors, Shower Doors, Vinyl-Coated Fabrics, and Peabody School Furniture • In Canada: New Castle Products, 11d., Montreal 23.



What's different about SelecTemp?

The SelecTemp system is an entirely new and unique type of steam heating. A nonelectric thermostat, built into each room unit, allows occupants to regulate temperature; also keeps temperature "on the beam" regardless of changing conditions of wind, sun or other heat gains or losses. The same steam which heats the air also operates the air circulating fan in each room unit; no wiring to units or electric power required. Air circulation is steady: thermostat controls room temperature by regulating the amount of warmth delivered-not by turning heat on and off. SelecTemp heat is clean because the air is passed through efficient filters. No smudged walls or draperies.

For homes, too, new standards of comfort

Temperatures can be varied in every room, at any time to fit the activities and personal choice of the occupants. Bathrooms can be extra warm; sleeping rooms cool. Steady air circulation prevents air stratification, "cold 70."

Costs no more than conventional heating

Initial cost is comparable to that of many systems not giving SelecTemp advantages Compact, space saving room units and small copper piping make installations simple and economical in new or existing buildings. Fuel costs are low because of efficient heat transfer; occupants do not waste heat through open windows; heat in unoccupied rooms can be turned down.

Send coupon below for complete information

IRON FIREMAN MANUFACTURING CO.
3019 W. 106th Street, Cleveland 11, Ohio
(In Canada, 80 Ward Street, Toronto, Ont.)
[1] Send SelecTemp specifications and full infor
mation.
11 Arrange for brief demonstration of SelecTema

		lemonstration operation, in	
Na	me		

Address City



Powns in a complicated game.

an instant later hearing Narrator Walter Cronkite remind viewers that U.S. Sherman tanks roll down these same avenues today. As Scriptwriter Hughes explained: Victory is a fragile thing, and history does not linger long in the 20th century."

Electronic Lure

Every day for four weeks the cops had poked around the homes, stores and vacant lots of Springfield, Mo. (pop. 80,500) looking for the weapon used to hack to death a shopkeeper and a liquor-store clerk. Last week an off-duty policeman named James Kitchell pushed a hand under an icehouse half a block from the scene of the murders, and pulled out a bloody butcher knife, Kitchell rushed to his boss, Police Chief Warren Norman. with the killer's weapon and an idea of his own, instead of calling the usual press conference, why not put the knife back and ask the town's newsmen to cooperate in a ruse? Springfield's two TV stations, two newspapers and four radio stations agreed to go along, and next day all of them announced: "Springfield's police will begin an inch-by-inch search of the murder scene at : p.m. tomorrow, looking for the murder weapon . . Back at the icehouse, Chief Norman

staked out five men. At 10:30 p.m. a man slid out of the shadows, looked cautiously up and down, then snaked an arm under the icehouse loading dock. Out jumped the cops. "Who-me?" cried the flustered man. "Why, I'm just waiting to catch a freight out of town.

But in jail. Herman Joseph Flood Jr., 20. confessed. His motive, he said, was robbery. His take: St. What had brought him back to the scene (in a stolen car)? Said Killer Flood: "I kept hearing that announcement over the radio.

* With General Miguel Arando on celebration of

The Wheels That Go Everywhere!

These are the wheels (1) that bring raw materials to the factory the wheels that move the finished products to the store , the wheels that help the farmer raise his crops , that get these crops to market , the wheels that build your , that deliver and serve your car, that go everywhere to bring you everything you eat, wear or use!



TIME, JANUARY 27, 1958



PETER ABATE'S "BEGINNING OF LIFE"

ART

Art in the Garden

In the space where the circus shows off its freaks, directly below the main arena where hockey players hack at one another with stick and skate. Madison Square Garden last week became a colossal art U.S. painting and sculpture in decades—the state of the state of t

Behind the art extravaganaa is crew-cut. Lee Nordness, §3., a partner in a small Manhattan gallery called The Little Studio. Nordness first conceived of his grandown of the studies of th

The Real Hunger, Nordness announced plans to take over Madison Square Garden, show 4,000 works of art painted in 1637. None was to be larger than 9 in. by 1637. Nordness are desired this would bring a deluge of mediocrities. Nordness agreed to have a jury whittle the entries down to about 1,000 volunteered works which would go into the show along with offeriness from a gonized name artists.

Though five Manhattan galleries turned away from what they considered a monstrous undertaking. Norshess himself got nearly \$75,000 in backing made the rounds of leading U.S. art centers preaching that "there is a real hunger for art if a show can be put on in a place where the public is not a fraid to go." Winning the

support of some 75 galleries. Nordness soon had to take over five stories of a warehouse to store the 7,000 paintings and sculptures that came rolling in, sweated through a fire that burned down the adjacent building, even surmounted a last-minute crisis when the beige cloth back-drops for the show were sent to Chicago by mistake.

Well before opening day, the juryo pared the show down to a grand total of 1,516 works, then passed over most of the better-known names and gave four of the seven \$500 painting awards to artists still outside the gallery circuit, tapped lesserknowns as well for the two \$500 sculpture awards. The painting winners: Manhattan's Zygmunt Menkes for his bright Girl with Mirror; San Francisco's Frank Ashley for his lively #12 Adler (see color page) Manhattan's Louis Bouché for his quiet Still Life with Blocks: Westchester County's Edmond Fitzgerald for his ashcan-ish My Studio; Manhattan's Sidney Gross for his abstract Promontory; Brooklyn's Joan Starwood for her abstract Fugue in Blue-Green: and Manhattan's Erne Joseph for his abstract Intersectional. The sculpture winners: Peter Abate of Brookline, Mass. for his tamely symbolic marble Beginning of Life: Arnold Geissbuhler of Manhattan for a bronze Bird, whose cock's crow hauntingly echoes the earlier work of Sculptor Jacques Lipchitz (see cuts).

The In-Between. Taken in its huge total, the show is more revealing of the plains and valleys than the mountain peaks of U.S. art. 1958. It suffers because many of the best refused to show with the

W Non-Objective Painter Adolph Gottlieb, Art Students League Director Stewart Klonis, Arts Publisher Jonathan Marshall Old-Line Abstractionist George L. K. Mortis, Realist Painter Ogden M. Pleissner and Sculptor William Zorach. crowd, but nevertheless it displays a competent level of workmanship. Said Juror Adolph Gottlieb "The show does constitute a cross section of contemporary structure of the contemporary tween abstraction and cealism. It's good to have a hig show, especially in New York. The worst and the best are excluded. What is hanging now is in the in-between level. The level is surprisingly good, for saw before the show was selected."

With the whole spectrum of U.S. painting up on the walls and Madision Square Garden converted into a supermarket for art. Promoter Nordness hung on the turnstiles, at week's end seemed to have a fair-chance of breaking even. Attendance tat 95¢ a head if for the first two days of the eneday show: 6,042. Total picture sites: strated the widespread, brush-in-hand U.S. interest in painting. With reasonable success in 1958, it might become a revealing annual even in U.S. art.

The Last Ingres

Since most of the world-acknowledged masterpieces of painting are now safely behind museum walls, the few prizes that remain for big art hunters are all tagged. blank space on the wall of one of Europe's castles, châteaux or palaces does not go unnoticed for long. Last week word quietly leaked out that what may be the prime catch of the years was quietly bagged last December by Manhattan Financier and Collector Robert Lehman, whose onecollection show at the Louvre's Orgneerie last summer was the hit of Paris (TIME. July 11. The painting: Jean Auguste Dominique Ingres' masterful portrait. La Princesse de Broglie (see cut), for more than 100 years the possession of France's Ducs de Broglie, now hanging in the dining room of Robert Lehman's Park Avenue apartment. Estimated price: \$500,000.

Ingres began the portrait on June 16, 1851, when the princess was 26. She was a subject made to order for Ingres, who, French Poet Baudelaire noted. "depicts women as he sees them, for it would

TOWNY WE



ARNOLD GEISSBUHLER'S "BIRD"



GIRL WITH MIRROR by Polish-born Zygmunt Menkes, 61, is culmination of three years work. Menkes did several versions, ended with "a synthesis" that conveys mood of show business.







This one was only a test (atomic detonation in Nevada).

Big reason for better roads

"It has been determined as a matter of Federal policy," propers the President's Advisory Committee on a National Highway Program, "that at least 70 million people would have to be evacuated from target areas in case of threatened or actual enemy attack. No urban area in the country today has highway facilities equal to this task."

But such highways are coming: the 41,000-mile National System of Interstate and Defense Highways,

This tremendous network of nostop freeways offers other vital defense benefits, too. Obviously, it will speed the movement of men and materiel. But more importantly, it will encourage the decentralization of our industries. Already more and more plants are following these fine new roads out of congested cities, out into the wide countryside just minutes awas the wiff, safe freeways. WHAT EVERY CITIZEN SHOULD KNOW

Don't allow the Interstate-Defense Highway Program to bog down. Find out how it will serve you, how much it will actually cost, how long it will take to finish. Send today for a free copy of an informative booklet. "The Road Abread." Write Dept. 12T. Catepillar Tractor Co., Peoria. Illinos, U.S.A.

CATERPILLAR

Diesel Engines · Tractors · Motor Graders · Earthmoving Equipment



EDUCATION



"La Princesse de Broclie" Into the dining room for \$500,000.

appear that he loves them too much to wish to change them; he fasters upon their slightest beauties with the keenness of a surgeon; he follows he gentlest sinussities of their line with the humble of the slightest beauty; hur a great lady, among whose descendants are great lady, and a surface lady of the lady

Not until two years after he first set pencil to paper did Ingres, then 72, interrupt the honeymoon of his second marriage to complete the painting, Every line of the light blue silk dress, each tuck in the dark blue chair covering, every fold of the vellow stole is lovingly recorded. The play of light in the ruffles and ribbons, the gleam of the rope of huge pearls at the wrist, and the light reflections on the pendant brooch are skillfully worked through. But Ingres' most consummate draftsmanship went into modeling the head, with its smoothly coiffured hair its serene brow, aristocratic nose and demure mouth, Finished, it met Ingres' high standards, derived from classic Greek and Roman art; the subject stood portrayed devoid of any distracting sign of the artist's labor, smoothly polished, monumental and lifelike. Ingres was able to announce with satisfaction that it had been received "a l'applauso di tutti.

Collector Lehman's new acquisition is considered by some experts to be Ingres' greatest portrait of a woman. But what really makes the purchase a prime coup is that La Princesse is, in all probability, the last great Ingres portrait likely to come on the market.*

6 Only two other major portraits are still privately owned: Baronne James de Rollinchild, still proudly owned by the Rothschild family, and M. Devillers, now in Switzerland in the collection of Madane Final Billste, widow of

The Kansas City Trouble

Since the public schools of Kansac City, Mo. were integrated four years ago, the hoard of education has tried to hush up uply racial incidents. But parents heard stories from their children, and the word soon got around town: in a few schools, white and Neero pupils were living by porting evidence: police cars kept daily watch on certain schools when the children arrived and left.

Last week, after one of his white male teachers had been hit by a Neere pupil. School Superintendent James A. Haalett and had been hit had been hit

At Central Junion High (64%, Neuro.) cenders patrol the lavatorie during class breaks to prevent gain gatacks, often frisk the pupils for switchblades and razors. Favorite weapon: a beer-can opener with honde edges, obe hoy at Central Junior was transferred to another school, his teacher reported. "because the extortion racket and fear were just about to produce a nervous breakdown."

Teachers—white and Necro—at Central Junior lay much of the blame for the classroom combat on a small core of Negro bullies whose methods were soon picked up by other pupils. Other trouble-makers: chronic malcontents who have to stay in school under Missouri law until they are 16, and non-pupils who invade the school grounds to sit; up trouble.

The lift blew of a fortraight saw when Preston Young, 6. a Negro pupil at Central Senior High, punched Richard Powser, 8.8 a gym tencher. Outraged Superintendent Hazlett last week prodded the beard of education-into expelling Young for the rest of the year, asked for the right to expel any disorderly pupil for up right to expel any disorderly pupil for up anames of juvenile extortionists and weap-no carriers, planned to make their parents "answer to the central office why their child should stay in school."

Meanwhile Kansas City cops continued to patrol the schoolyards, cracked down on non-pupil troublemakers. "Some day someone will bump the wrong person." said one sergeant, "and when it happens, I'm afraid we'll have a lot worse situation here than they had at Litte Rock."

Spinach with Vinegar

The trouble with women. President Lynn Townsend White Jr. of California's little (625 girls) Mills College (at Oakland) once wrote, is that they cling to the "biologically fantastic notion that to be different from men is to be inferior to men." And the trouble with women's colleges, he added, is that, in imitating the men's, they treat bigher education as "something like splinach, which can profitably be absorbed without reference to the gender of the absorbent." Since 1943, when he left his, blo as professor of his-with the control of the cont

He introduced all sorts of courses that on the surface would make the conventional scholar wince. He set up a major in Family Studies to teach "the vision of the family and the rewards it offers to those who devote themselves to it." added B.S. degrees in merchandising, personnel, business, interior design. He started a course in Community Leadership so that his graduates would be able to serve symphonies and hospitals, added another tagged "What to Do Until the Lawyer Comes." to teach them how to handle their business problems. Women colleagues on other campuses did not always appreciate White's efforts. "They think I'm trying to hem women in." he once complained, "I'm trying to liberate them. I won't be satisfied until I hear a woman say with pride, 'I'm a housewife.'

Actually. White wanted to turn out a special sort of housewife. The "home arts." he missted, should be a part of the liberal arts, and not just a viewing of the universe as an "infinite series of identical and isolated fruit salads. He gave his students a thorough grounding in literature, art and history, brought to, his campus such teachers as Composer Darius and teachers as Composer Darius and teachers as Composer Darius de Critic Alfred Funkenstein. Since the career of the average woman, White argued, is to



MILLS COLLEGE'S WHITE Into the kitchen with pride.

raise a family, why not prepare her for it while at the same time giving her the intellectual background to play her role creatively?

This week White announced that he would leave Mills to reach medieval history at the University of California at Los Angeles. "I've been here 12 years." he explained. "and I've begun to find myself onling myself." If White is quoting himself, other people have been quoting himself, other people have been quoting himself, other people have been quoting him found it, but it will miss Gourmet White's speedla brand of vinegar.

The Theme

English Teacher Ruth Ulferts of the senior high school in Anoka, Minn. (pop. 7.396) regarded the assignment as strictly routine. Write a theme on a book, she told her class; any book will do. Gaugling



Truth was as shocking as fiction.

Sophomore Richard Ingledue, 15, son of a

truck driver, picked up his pencil, frowned a bit and began.

"This book." he wrote. "does not have a title but is a story of a boy who was fed up of living. His name? That doesn't matter. It's what he will do that will shock you.

"One night when his parents went to bed he got up from his bed, took his shotgun, loaded it and went quietly into their bedroom. His mother and father were sleeping he took aim shot his father first his mother screamed he shot her.

"His smaller brother came running out of his bedroom to see what was the matter. He fired again.

"What was the reason for this grusom murder? What made him do it? He hated them, "His life ambition was to get a car. They promised him one but always fell down on their promises. He has a car now and will kill anyhody who tries to take it from him."

When Teacher Ulferts read the theme, she thought it abit on the morbid side, but did not take it too seriously at the time. An average student, young Ingledue had never caused any trouble. "He was." said Teacher Ulferts later, "a very quiet boy. Very quiet,"

Last week police announced that the quiet boy was in the Hennepin County Jail. The night after be wrote his theme, he had gone quietly into his parents' bedroom. wounded both with two blasts from a shotgun. Then he drove off in the family car's omilies out of town until his conscience caught up with him, and he gave himself up.

He had given fair warning. "This story," he had written at the end of his theme. "is not fiction although it sounds fantastic it happened in my family."

How to Be First Class

When they turned their thoughts to the state's educational system, the authors of the constitution of Texas seemed to have some Texas-sice hopes: they wanted the some Texas-sice hopes they wanted the state of all U.S. on that the fact remains that of all U.S. on that the fact remains that of all U.S. on the state of all U.S. on the state of all U.S. on the state of t

The very location of the main campuandy a few blocks away from the state capitol in Austin—was unfortunate for the politicians have never been able to keep their hands off the faculty. As recently as 1925 faculty freedom was so shaky that Historian Eugene C. Barker collemity warmed: "It is not secret to my acedemic collectures here or elsewhere that a collection and the state of the state of the way of the state of the state of the state of the have been losing more good scholars than we are replacing.

Away with the President. In 1922 Barker could have made his speech all over again. That year three economists were dismissed from the faculty for having were dismissed from the faculty for having the property of the control of the

of a questionnaire prepared by himself."
As a result of such reactionance, the
recense fixed Rainey and put milin
mannered Zoologist T. S. Painter in his
place. The American Association of University Professors consused the adminisreation, and when famel Policlorist J.
reation, and when famel Policlorist J.
reation and the present formation of the present
find of him, too. By the time the present
president, Logan Wilson, took over in

1953, the university was still suffering from the dispute.

Up with the Solaries. A professional college administrator from Hunsaville. Teas. Wilson has done his best for his its 127000 students main campus and its various branches sentered throughout the state. He fattly opposed admitting the college of the state of the st

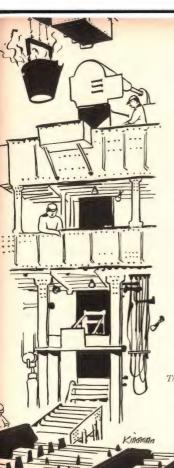
In order to attract better teachers, wilson upped salaries so that he can now pay top professors as much as \$1,000 misted of only \$11,000. He put through a rule that all students with a below-C average would be put on probation, even though that meant one-fourth of the student body. He started a fecture series that brings to Fexas such celebrities as W. H. Audien and T. S. Blott. The uniform the started and the started and the started and the started and the started are such as the started and the started and the started are such as the started and the started are such as the started are started as the start

Away with Illusions, Wilson's reign has had its dark sports. The student paper is still automatically censored because it came out against the Harris natural-gas bill, and the case of Coed Barbara Louise Smith—the soprano who was removed from the leading role in Dido and Jeneas because some legislators objected to the



Hope was bigger than realization.

fact that she is a Negro (Thut: May 20)—soill rankles. But in general Logan Wilson has, fortunately, no illusions shout how far his university must go. "I think." says, he, "we need frankly to face up to the fact that our competitive cademic standing is still not what it ought to be fact that our competitive adedmic standing is still not what it ought to be fact that our competitive adedmic standing is still not what it ought to be fact that our competitives the constitutional man-date of being 'a university of the first run of the constitution of the constitu



PIONEER

in metal products for 172 million customers

This is continuous casting—pouring the liquid metal directly into usable form without conventional molds. It is appropriate that Scovill pioneered this most modern brass-producing process in this country. For Scovill began the brass business in America in 1802.

Pioneering in the shaping of metal to purpose is common to all Socivil divisions. Schrader pioneered tire valees when there were more bieveles than automobiles. Hamilton Beach pioneered modern sorda fountain equipment, now makes electrical housewares, too. Socivill's Closure Division constantly creates new applications for GRHPER snap fasteners and zippers. Today, Lyndon engineers are pioneering control devices for tomorrow's aircraft and missiles.

Wherever you are as you read this—home, office, train or plane—it is more than likely that Scovill products are within sight or reach. The visible results of Scovill's pioneering in new fields and in new ways of making old things better.

Scovill Manufacturing Company, Waterbury, Conn., with 16 plants, 29 warehouses and 39 sales offices in 29 U.S. cities and 4 foreign countries.

The 9 Divisions of

SCOVILL

MILLS DIVISION - GENERAL MANUFACTURING DIVISION HAMILTON BEACH CO. DIVISION - WATERVILLE DIVISION - A SCHRADER'S SON DIVISION - L'YMDON AIRCRAFT, INC. OAKVILLE CO. DIVISION : INCLUDING DE LONG - CLOSUME DIVISION - FORGING

SCIENCE

Slow Death

When the radio beeps of Sputnik I died away in late October, most of the world's Sputnik watchers, official and unofficial total track of it. But not Engineer-Astronomer John Daniel Kraus, professor of cettrical engineering at Olio State University, who worked out a delver system than the state of the cettrical engineering at Olio State University, who worked out a delver system with the professor Kraus Sputniks. Last week Professor Kraus. Sputnik Little and presumptive death of Sputnik Little and presumptive death of Sputnik Little

As a free Sputnik detector. Dr. Kraus 47, uses the Dosmegacyler ando ime uisnal sent out zaj hours a day by the National Bureau of Standards' station WWW near Washington. D.C. In daytime the synal reflexts strongly from the ionoeffective, so the signal gets much weaker, where a small meteor streaks across the skey, it leaves behind it a trail of ionized air that cats as a small reflector. The ionized air increases the strength of the seconds.

Dr. Kraus was familiar with this effect, so when Sputnis I took to space, he went after it, antenna pointing like a hunter scroing in on a duck. The satellite, moving at near mereus speed, and much high the same the same state of the same through the same same same trained trail at each night passage. The trail reflected the ime signal strongly for as much as a minute. The bursts of reflected waves came from just the right places and at just the form just the right places and at just the satellite's slowly shifting orbit.

Dr. Kraus. Sputnik I began to break up. Night after night. Kraus tracked three pieces—one of them may have been the



RADIOASTRONOMER KRAUS
Track among the stars.

nose cone but the other two were certainly fragments of the stellite itself. Between Jan. 2 and 5, two of the pieces broke into smaller bits and spiraled closer to earth. On Jan. 6 be distinguished eight distinct fragments, all of them still orbiting. but at slightly different speeds. Tosward the end, it took as much as 50 minbard the procession to cross 50h; DT. Krause the procession to cross 50h; DT. Krause the procession to cross 50h; DT. Krause the procession to cross 50h; DT. Contens (batteries: instruments, radio apparatus, etc.) to come apart bit by fist.

On Jan. 7 one of the eight fragments failed to show up. Next day three more were gone. On Jan. 9 a single fragment spread its little ionosphere for Dr. Kraus to record. It appeared again on Jan. 10. but on Jan. 11 Dr. Kraus searched the sky in vain.

Dr. Kraus is not grieving for Sputnik 1; he is waiting for the breekup of dogcarrying Sputnik 11. He tracked it over Ohio early last week, but recently it has been crossing the campus during daytime and early evening hours, when the Kraus detection system does not work. Soon he will start watching again for its disintegration, dead dog and all.



"The conquest of space," says Rocket Engineer Harold W. Ritchey, "depends on solid propellants." Dr. Ritchey, Chiefor Cocket man for Thiokol Chemical Corp., manufacturer of solid propellants, backs up his lat statement in Astronautics. He has no hope that liquid-fuel rocket engines ("a remarkable chemical processing plant") will ever get space-hips into space.

The trouble with liquid-fuel engines says Ritchey, is their unreliability, which says Ritchey, is their unreliability, which hose who read newspapers. It is hard to make pump-fed engines much more powerful than they are now, and "the reliability of a single liquid-fuel engine is so low that even the mass optimistic may qual at the idea of grouping more than a few turn-briefles of grouping more than a few turn-briefles and the idea of grouping more than a few turn-briefles with the same than the same than the same free perfectly almost every time; they can be used in large clusters with expectation that all of them will do their duty.

But clusters will not be necessary, Dr. But clusters will not be necessary.

Ritchey says, because solid-fuel engines (unlike their liquid-fuel rivals) can be stepped up in power almost indefinitely. To show how this can be done, he starts with the semisecret Recruit rocket, which burns solid fuel, is 9 in, in diameter, weighs about 350 lbs. and has 35,000 lbs. of thrust. Using a set of formulas, he scales it up so times (perfectly feasible. he says) and comes out with a rocket that weighs 43,000,800 lbs. and has 87,500,ooo lbs. of thrust, twice as much as is needed to lift it off the ground. According to a generally accepted rule of thumb, the payload that reaches escape velocity will be one one-thousandth of the starting weight: about 21 tons. This will be enough weight allowance, says Ritchey, to send a



ROCKETMAN RITCHEY
Comfort ground the moon.

crew around the moon in reasonable comfort and safety. When better solid propellants come along (just a matter of time). Ritchey is prepared to design even better space rockets.

A Look at Man's Planet

When the sun rose over Moscow last June 28. Russian astronomers observed a solar flare—a great jet of intensely hot gas solar flare—a great jet of intensely hot gas sportring out of the sun. They lashed the Washington, D.C.; and a volley of massage, afterda scientists all over the world, including those parts that were still in addrances. The effects of the flare, a violent, darkness. The effects of the flare, a violent, observed from the South Fole to the Arctic and all around the equator.

With this example of cooperation began the International Geophysical Year (July 1, 1957—Dec. 31, 1958), a joint effort by all the world's scientists to benefit all the world. Last week in Science, U.S. 167 Director Hugh Odishaw made an interim report on U.S. participation in the 67country effort to study man's planet. Some of the high spots:

on the ingin spots:

Of Everything and the season of the same and the

¶ IGY scientists are giving the top of the atmosphere a going-over from a dozen different angles. Cameras photograph the aurora (caused by particles from the sun), and other sensitive instruments measure the faint glow of the night sky. Radio experts keep track of the yearly, daily, hourly and minute-by-minute changes in the layers of electrified air that are so important to long-distance communication

Weathermen are getting the first really worldwide picture of the atmosphere's circulation. U.S. Weather Bureau scientists drifting on the Arctic ice keep track of winds and pressure changes that will affect the weather of Keokuk and Odessa, Their colleagues at the South Pole do the same for the Antarctic, Already their reports have improved weather forecasting for the Southern Hemisphere

Man's planet is still in the grip of an Ice Age, with icecaps at both polar regions, and the IGY wants to know whether it is coming or going. In Greenland, scientists have bored 1.438 ft. into the ice In Antarctica they are doing the same, and measuring the great icecap by seismic waves. Other scientists are observing the advance or retreat of smaller glaciers in Temperate Zone mountains. Their reports may tell what changes of climate lie in the earth's future

The oceans make a great machine that distributes warmth and cold to many parts of the earth. By new, ingenious methods, IGY scientists are studying ocean currents, including those far below the surface. One of them flows under the Gulf Stream in the opposite direction. Even deeper, slower currents flow away from the Poles, carrying icy water along the ocean bottoms toward the equator. This water is rich in nutrient salts, so whenever it comes to the surface, as it does off Newfoundland and Peru, the sea boils with life.

The earth is a great turning ball of stone and metal, some of it solid, some of it plastic, and most of it largely unknown. Working with batteries of delicate instruments. IGV scientists are recording its every pulse and tremor. They have already found new earthquake waves that penetrate deep into the earth and come back to the surface laden with information about the mysterious, hot, high-pressure stuff that they have passed through, Other instruments measure variations in the earth's gravitation. Some of them are sensitive enough to detect the slight tidal heave of the solid crust of the earth as the moon revolves around it. A specially tricky new instrument can measure gravitation from the rolling deck of a ship in mid-ocean.

Director Odishaw points out that most of the achievements of the IGY scientists will not be known until the carloads of data that they have collected are passed around and digested. This job is already being done by three World Data Centers (the U.S., Western Europe and the Pacific, and the U.S.S.R.), Each has subsidiary centers that receive special kinds of information. As the raw data arrive, they will be indexed and carefully stored. Complete copies will be sent to each of the other World Centers, This is an enormous job, Not until 1960 will the scientists of all the world know how man's planet behaved during the International Geophysical Year.



This vice-president is making a sound movie while he sits at his desk!

He's working on a new public relations film. He's adding his personal message

to the movie right in his own office! How? By using the new Kodascope Pageant Projector, Magnetic-Optical. This new communications tool is two machines in one. It's a superb silent and sound projector for 16mm films. And it's a precision magnetic recorder.

With this machine you start with any kind of 16mm film, sound or silent, and, after processing, have magnetic striping added for about 21/2¢ per foot.

Do it yourself: Then you run the

film through the projector and record your own sound. Mix voice with music. add from other sound sources, record on the spot, blend automatically. Erase, alter, re-use the magnetic stripe at will, Change your message to fit different groups, as often as you wish.

Brilliant projection: And then use this fine portable projector for showing every kind of 16mm film. You'll be delighted with its simplicity of operation. brilliant pictures, and fine tone. And no more worry over maintenance because the Pageant is lubricated for life!



INTERESTED? More details about this unusually versatile business tool will be sent you on request. And, if you don't already know him, ask us for the name of the Kodak Audio-Visual Dealer nearest you. No obligation, of course.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY Dept. 8-V, Rechester 4, N. Y.

here's a way to do it better...find it!" Othomas a Edison





A ton of toast a day-to keep the ladies happy!

Scientific checks? Of course! But before it leaves the factory, every Toastmaster * toaster has to make a perfect slice or back it goes! It all adds up to the world's largestselling toaster! P.S. Toast goes to feed a prize herd of pigs!

"Found" is the byword at McGraw-Edison

In the spirit of research handed down by Thomas A. Edison, the men and women of McGraw-Edison are ever seeking the better way. To them, finding practical unswers to practical problems is part of each day's work. Whoever you are, wherever you go, you're served better by McGraw-Edison products.





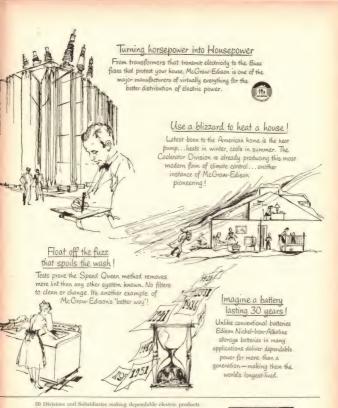
Grease a switch with coal and sand?

To keep them working freely from 48° below to 140° above, Line Material lubricates power switches with silicone grease ... made from coal and the silicon found in sand. Linemen swear by them...not at them!

FOR UTILITIES: Line Material and Pennsylvania Transformer Prod ucts · Switchgear · Fuse Cutouts and Links · Street and Airport Light ing · Insulators · Lightning Arresters · Fibre Conduit · Distribution and Power Transformers · Capacitors · Power Switching Equipment · Buston Equipment · Regulators · Construction Materials · Reclusers

FOR INDUSTRY: Buss, Clark, Thomas A. Edison, Griswold, Lectr FOR IMOUSTR'S DUSS. Clark, I hommas A. Edison, Criswold, Lecter dryer, Lectromell, Pennsylvanis, Toastmaster, and Tropic-Aire Pros uets Aireraft Fire Detection Systems: Are Furnace, Power and Fip Welding Transformers - Fuses Aircraft and Industrial Instrument Truck-Trailer Retrigeration - Industrial Batteries - Refrigeration - Atmospheric and Industrial Cas Dryers - Mines Safety Lamps - Mel ing Furnaces · Voicewriter Dictating Equipment · Medical and Indus-trial Gases · Commercial Cooking and Laundry Equipment · Load Cen-ter Unit Substations · Bus Air Conditioners

FOR THE HOME: Buss, Clark, Coolerator, Edison, Eskimo, Fostoria. FOR 7HE HOME: Buss, Clark, Coolerator, Edison, Eskimo, Fostoria, Manning, Bowman, Permaline, Powerhouse, Spartan, Speed Queen, Toastmaster, Tropic-Aire, and Zero Products - Toasters - Fans - Steam and Dry Irons - Fry Pans - Wallie Bakers - Percolators - Baby Bottle Warmers - Dryers - Household Fuses - Automatic Washers - Hair Clippers - Juvenile Furniture - Air Ganditianers - Water Heaters - Sibre Pipe Programment - Pr Space Heaters · Humidifiers · Dehumidifiers · Vibrators · Power To



for utilities, for industry, for the home. For further information about our company or its products, write on your business letterhead to McGraw-Edison Company, 1200 St. Charles Rd., Elgin, Illinois.



McGRAW-EDISON COMPANY

BUSINESS

WALL STREET

Surprise

For businessmen who pride themselves on inside done. Wall Streeters were caught flat-footed last week. The Federal Reserve Board announced what no one on the street had expected a cut in margin requirements (money that must be put up to buy stock on credit) from 70% to 50%. For a few heady hours next day, the market marched uphill. But before day's end it had marched right down again. It closed the week at 444.12 on the Dow-Jones industrial average, up 5.44 points, mostly on gains made before the announcemen

No one was quite sure why the Federal Reserve had lowered margin requirements at this time. Wall Street looked on it as a move to bolster investors' confidence, although the Fed insisted that its motives were not that at all. Said a Fed spokesman: "Our only interest is in loosening a credit restraint that was no longer needed." Actually, the higher margin has not been needed for months. Since last June, stock-market credit affected by margin requirements has declined steadily, at latest report stood at only \$5,218,000,000. the lowest point in three years and less than 3% of listed stock values on all registered exchanges. But the margin cut may make the market broader, bring heavier trading, help eliminate the thin markets that have caused stocks to gyrate wildly on a comparatively few shares. It should also prepare the market for a healthy rise should business suddenly

change for the better. RAILROADS Help Wanted

"A mighty industry has come upon sick and precarious times. Our railroads are in a very serious condition." Thus last week did Florida's Senator George Smathers. chairman of the Senate Surface Transportation Subcommittee, sound the keynote for a five-day public hearing in Washington. To the marble-pillared Senate caucus room he summoned a parade of more than two dozen railroad executives to describe



NEW YORK CENTRAL'S PERLMAN



SANTA FE'S MARSH



NEW HAVEN'S ALPERT

PENNSYLVANIA'S SYMES



BALTIMORE & OHIO'S SIMPSON



BURLINGTON'S MURPHY From a chaos of regulation, danger signals on the tracks.

what ails the railroads and suggest how to The hearings came at a time, said Smathers. "when the economic danger signals for the railroads have become even more ominous." Carloadings were down 19.8% last week from the same week last

year, after ending 1957 at their lowest point since the 1930s. Net income in November, the last reported month, was down 33% from two years before. The business recession played its part in the railroad's current plight, but that was not the main problem railroadmen had come to lay in Congress' lap. The real trouble with U.S. railroads, said Daniel P. Loomis. president of the Association of American Railroads, is the maze of Government controls that prevents them from working out their own problems.

\$500 Million Loss. The New York Central's President Alfred E. Perlman testified that his road has lost Scoo million in passenger service since 1946, largely because a "chaos of regulation" by both Federal Government and states prevents the road from raising rates or cutting out little-used and unprofitable routes. To dramatize his point. Perlman reported that a three-year-old request by the Central to cut rail and ferry service across the Hudson River into Manhattan is still pending, despite the fact that the railroad has lost \$2,000,000 a year on the line during the period, "enough to provide a Chevrolet for each of the less than 4.000 commuters using the service." Perlman asked for changes in the law to let railroads set their own passenger fares and service, or in least to put all passenger regulations under the Interstate Commerce Commission instead of under state agencies that "often tell the railroad opposite things."

Just as serious as the passenger problem, in the railroadmen's view, are Government controls that prevent the railroads from cutting their freight rates to competitive levels, thus letting much of their freight business go to trucks. Baltimore & Ohio President Howard E. Simpson argued that Congress should pass a law to permit transportation systems to cut rates "irrespective of the effect upon

TIME CLOCK

competing modes of transportation."
Muringson Lines President Harry C.
Murings section of the control of the control of the chief reasons for the rails' troubles.
While the railroads are forced to lay out more every year for maintenance appends more and more of the control of

more every year for maintenance and to pay local taxes the "Government spends more and more on airways. Bighways and who contribute little if anything to the cost of local government" through property taxes, James M. Symes, president of the Pennsylvania Raifrond. No. 1 U.S. carrier, also pleaded with Congress to end carrier, also pleaded with Congress to end airlines and competing carriers. Said Symes: "What we are asking for its the

freedom to compete on an equal basis with subsidy to none."

So long as trucks and planes get help, Symes suggested that the railroads be helped too; he recommended that the Government buy rolling stock and lease it to the railroads at a price that would enable the Government eventually to get its money back with interest. George Alpert, president of the New Haven Railroad, went a step further, suggested that eastern railroads that carry heavy loads of commuters, as "a vital public service, get a "modest" 1% of Government highway funds as subsidy. "As ugly and distasteful as the word subsidy may be," said Alpert, "I consider it a welcome alternative to a loss of service or bankruptcy." But Ernest S. Marsh, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, came out strongly against any Government subsidy for the railroads, was joined by spokesmen from other roads in the South and West, which do not have to cope with the commuter problem. Said Harry A. De-Butts, president of Southern Railway; "I would hate to see any further Government control over the railroads,"

Help or Else, Almost every top rail roadman went to the hearings armed with a set of recommendations designed to ease the railroads' ills. Among them: allow the railroads the full cost of carrying the U.S. mail, now carried at a loss; eliminate the 10% federal tax on passenger fares, passed during the war to discourage travel, and the 3% tax on freight; encourage railroad mergers; allow the roads to diversify more widely into other forms of transportation, such as trucks and planes, Said the Central's President Perlman: "If we fail to convince you of the desperate need to act now, if you fail to act, the nation's railroads will go downhill ever faster, dying of starvation.'

By week's end the railroadmen had made a strong case for some sort of legislative relief to help their ailing roads. In expectation of getting it, investors took a more optimistic view of rail stocks, which have been dropping for more than a year and a half. They surged up on the New York Stock Exchange, ended the week up 6.04 on the Dow-Jones rail average. TOLL TV TEST is arousing little interest. Only one firm, Philadelphia Broadcasting Co., has applied to FCC to try system, and deadline for bids is March 1, FCC Chairman Doerfer says that single test is not enough, and pay TV may never get started unless businessmen are willing to invest more in it.

UNION-BUSTING CHARGES are being hurled at A.F.L.C.I.O. itself. It fired, retired or switched jobs of 100 A.F.L.C.I.O. organizers in purported economy move. But many of men were members of new many of the way of the control of the c

ROBERT R. YOUNG has slashed his holdings in his Alleghany Corp. and New York Central Railroad, have York Central Railroad, barrier of the Railroad, hard of the Railroad Carlon Class, Dec. 23), Young sold 27,300 of his remaining shares last month to take termining shares last month to take have the remaining shares last month to take the remaining should be remained by the remaining shares and the remaining shares and shares when the remaining shares and shares with the remaining shares of Alleghany, is left with holds by the police of preferred. still holds by the remaining shares of the remaining shares are remained by the remaining shares and the remaining shares are remained by the remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares and the remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares and the remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares and the remaining shares and the remaining shares are remaining shares

COPPER PRODUCERS are pressuring Congress for higher import walls. They want 46-a-lb. tariff when prices fall to "peril point" of 306, instead of current tariff (suspended to the price of the price of

DEBT STRETCH-OUT will be attempted again by Treasury. It plans to offer long-term bonds as part of next month's \$10.8 billion refinancing, believes that monen has eased enough so that interest

has eased enough so that into

TAXES Trouble with the Neighbors

Among the perils of daily commuting to Manhattan from neighboring states is the New York income Lax. For 30 years. New Jersey and Connecticut commuters, who now number roughly 172,000, have when you will be a supposed to the supposed to t

Last month New York's nonresidents began to howl. It was the first real fuss since 1920, when the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that a state may tax income earned by nonresidents so long as it is not discriminatory. Studies show that non-New York residents may be paying 45% more New York tax than resirate will be less than the 4% it paid on last September's twelveyear issue.

AIR-FUEL TAX of 2/ a gal. stands good chance of being boosted this year. Airlines are protesting on ground of falling profits, but they must fight combined weight of President Eisenhower (who requested a 3½/c rate) and heavily taxed train and truck lines.

PENN-TEXAS CORP. is dickering to sell its 46% stock interest in Fairbanks, Morse (almost all of which is pledged against short-term loans) to Rockwell Spring & Axle Co. Cash-shy Penn-Texas also sold its fourth subsidiary in two months, Tex-Penn Oil, to Judarth Corp. for \$1.440,000.

TAX SLEUTHS can seize insurance policies of tax delinquents who leave U.S., ruled Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals. Setting precdent, court said that Government may claim cash-surrender value of two policies held by a West Virginia doctor who skipped to Canada after conviction on income tax

TENNESSEE GAS Transmission Co., nation's longest pipeline system, will go into manufacturing of solid rocket fuels and solid-propellant rocket engines. It is closing deal to swap \$6,000,000 worth of stock for control of Grand Central Rocket Co. of Redlands, Calif., which is building third-stage rocket for Vanguard earth-satellite.

AIRLINE JET PILOT'S pay will climb to \$26,800 a year. First U.S. jet-age contract, signed by National Airlines and Air Line Pilots Association, sets figure as top gross pay for senior captain of four-jet Douglas DC.8 (V, \$21,600 for piston-engine DC-7B).

dents with equal income and number of dependents. One big reason: out-of-state commuters may deduct only expenses directly connected with New York carmings. The great majority of them may claim only a flat 10% deduction on gross income or \$500, whichever is less. But a New York resident may deduct independent of the property taxes, medical costs, independent of the property taxes, medical costs, and the property taxes are property taxes.

New Jersey's Democratic Governor Robert Meyer and Connecticut's Democratic Governor Abraham Ribicoff took up the campaign in hopes of winning the votes of commuters, mostly presumed to are pressed for cash and would like to get some of the money geing to New York: The governors descended on New York Governor Averell Harriman, another Democrat. But Harriman was coul to about a Sco million drop in all revenue. There may be discrimination, he agreed,

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Their Accuracy Can Be Improved

THE fall-off in business is emphasizing a question that has long bothered economists: How accurate are the dozen or more key statistics generally used to show the health of the U.S. economy? Last week the steel industry decided that its closely watched production measure (i.e., the operating rate compared to overall capacity) is an unreliable guide for the unwary because () capacity is constantly increasing, and 2) the capacity total is arbitrarily set each January instead of being increased as capacity grows. Thus last week's estimated production of 1,538,000 tons is rated at only 56.9% of the new capacity, whereas it is actually more than 60% of capacity by the yardstick used only three weeks ago. From now on, the steel industry will emphasize actual weekly productions in tons.

No one denies that, taken together, the economic indicators have correctly mirrored the downturn in the economy. But just as the main indicators exaggerated the rise by failing to note price hikes and ignoring some slumping areas, so now they are apt to give an exaggerated picture of the drop, since they ignore segments of the economy that are steady or rising. So great is the latitude for individual interpretation that last week three of the nation's top economists, looking at the same set of indexes, made three different conclusions. One saw an upturn coming "during the year." an-other hazarded only "not in the first half," and yet a third guessed "maybe by spring."

One of the most frequently quoted indexes, the Federal Reserve's monthly industrial-production index, is widely regarded as a measure of total economic activity. Actually it measures current activity only in mining and manufacturing, which have been declining, and ignores both construction and public-utilities output, which have heen rising steadily, as well as the service industries, which employ the majority of workers and change very little during boom or recession. Thus the production index has dropped 7.4% in the past year, even though there has been nothing like a 7% drop in all economic activity. Says a Government economist. "People take a 1-point drop in the industrial index as being more serious than it is.

The gross national product, one of the most often-quoted indexes, is also open to criticism. Designed to wrap up all the statistics in one package, it comes out only every quarter, thus often reflects where the U.S. economy has been instead of where it is. Says a Chicago banker: "It's a sluggish graph line. When you get a rapidly developing situation, as we have now. a lag can be murderous."

Even so basic on economic statistic as employment is not accurately as employment is not accurately gauged on a month-one of the basic statement of the census Bureau merely sampling of \$5,000 households, uses all ceitmant antional figures. The only figure based on an actual count is the one-showing how many have applied one-showing how many have applied one-showing how many have applied to the statement of the

Another factor is retail assessed which there is no comprehens up-to-date statistic. The most current is the Federal Reserve's weekly index of department-store sales, which shows that sales are on the rise. But since it that sales are on the rise. But since it should be a supportant that the sales of the sales are does not be rise. But since it sales and does upon the rise of the sales and sure whether overall spending is still on the rise or has dropped.

Many Government officials are aware that statistics could be improved by wider coverage and the speeding-up of reporting. But improvements have been blocked to date by congressional reluctance to grant the concessary funds, even though they amount to only a few million dollars.

What is needed even more than ar improvement in basic indexes is the integration of all the indexes into one overall, up-to-date index that could tell economists at a glance where the economy stands. Last fall the Joint Economic Committee recommended such an index, but Congress must first appropriate money to improve existing indexes. Until some overall measure of the economy's health is worked out, the Government will find the job of managing the economy by credit and other fiscal tools harder than it should be, for present indicators do not give enough facts on where the economy is-and where it is going,

but "tax laws cannot be written to take into account every individual's situation." To study the situation further, the governors set up a tristate committee of tax experts.

Also pressured to act last week was New Jersey's Republican Senator Clifford Case whose commuter constituents are taxed not only by New York but by Delaware and Philadelphia as well. Case introduced a Senate resolution calling for a constitutional amendment to prevent any state or local government from taxing nonresidents. His proposal, also plugged by Rhode Island's Governor Dennis J. Roberis, whose constituents are taxed by Massachusetts, has very little chance, Even if it should get by the Senate Judiciary Committee, an amendment would need ratification by 36 states, and about a dozen are already taxing nonresidents.

Actually, the encursus monetoning of New Jersey and Connections in the connection of New Jersey and Connection in the connection of the co

AUTOS

Oldsmobility

For its 15% care. Oldsmobile bonsted of a dashboard transier transier ratio that could be taken out and most of a dashboard transier. The state of t

MODERN LIVING

Power Afloat

In Manhattan's Coliseum last week a record number of marine builders (307) launched the 48th National Motor Boat Show with a record number of boats (455). The boatbuilders were optimistic for 1958, expected that spending of waterborne Americans would top last year's record \$1.07 billion.

Plastic boats, which were about 150 of those made last year, are growing by 26% a year and rapidly taking over the industry. Some 95 plastic or fiber-glass boats were on display, including the 41-ft. Branch with a Death of the plastic the 26-ft. Ludden excenters in plastic: the 26-ft. Ludden excenters in plastic: the 26-ft. Ludden excent plastic: the 26-ft. Ludden experiment and racer; the 15-ft. Feather Crystaller and a plastic: the 26-ft. Ludden excent plastic plast

 There are some valves that Crane doesn't make



but Crane makes more valves than anyone else

CRANE VALVES

Crane Co., General Offices: Chicago 5, Illinois • Branches and Wholesalers in all areas FITTINGS • PIPE

MAKERS OF CRANE PREFERRED PLUMBING AND CRANE QUALITY HEATING EQUIPMENT



BOATS ON SHOW IN MANHATTAN On the deep blue in red and yellow.

set them off on a color spree of red, yellow and blue.

While there were some expensive ships to dream about, such as the 46-ft. Wheeler sports fisherman at \$60,000, the bulk of the boats were designed for the middle- and lower-income groups, who do most of the buying. More than half the boats were for outboards, which have been souped up-and quieted down. Kiekhaefer Motor Co. showed off its Mark 78, the most powerful outboard (70 h.p.) on display (price: \$960). Evinrude and Johnson exhibited the first four-cylinder V-type outboards-50-h.p. engines priced at \$750 to \$850-which, they bragged, were almost free of vibration. Scott-Atwater showed the first three-cylinder outboard, an in-line 60-h.p. model priced at \$980. The first practical outboard diesel, which cuts the danger of fire, was exhibited by American M.A.R.C., a mediumweight (75-80 lbs.). 74-h.p. engine priced at about \$325.

As the horsepower and prices of outboards have risen in the past few years. sales have tapered off. But most of the manufacturers of outboard motors still expect a slight increase in sales above the 605,000 sold last year.

AVIATION

Russian Challenge

The makers of Sputnik are preparing another aerial challenge to the West: the world's biggest commercial air fleet. By pumping cash and talent into a crash drive to improve Soviet Russia's 1,000plane Aeroflot, Nikita Khrushchev hones to make it another impressive display of the achievements of Soviet technology, Says the U.S. Air Transport Association's President Stuart Tipton: "Aerollot is visibly preparing to challenge the supremacy Western carriers. An effective Russian civil airline will facilitate Russia's economic penetration elsewhere, serve as a vehicle for political influence and act as an effective propaganda weapon.

Aeroflot already reaches 16 foreign countries from Norway to North Korea, flies \$8,000 route miles v. 64,000 for Pan American World Airways, the longest U.S. flag carrier. Last month Aeroflot won Britain's approval for flights to London. is expected to start service next fall. Now Aeroflot is dickering for landing rights in France and Holland, is expected to go after rights in the U.S. as soon as it gets enough long-range jets to fly from Moscow to New York, probably within the

Prestige, Not Profit. The Soviets plug Aeroflot as "the only line in the world with mass and regular exploitation of jets." To fly into the jet age ahead of the West. Aeroflot adapted Designer Andrei Tupolev's twin-jet Badger medium-range bombers to regular commercial service. The TU-104 looks like a Victorian Pullman car with ornate chandeliers, overstuffed seats, brass serving trays and oldtime chain-flush toilets. But overnight it has changed Aeroflot from a lowly regarded, primarily domestic line into a major international threat. Aeroflot has about 50 TU-1048, flies them regularly to East Berlin, Prague, Sofia and distant cities within the U.S.S.R., cuts the eightday Moscow-to-Peking rail trip to just nine hours

By U.S. commercial standards, the TU-104 has many shortcomings. Underpowered for a big jet, it has a range of less than 2,000 miles. It lands fast (up to 150 m.p.h.) on weak brakes, often overshoots runways. It gulps so much jet fuel that it would probably break a private line. But the Reds want prestige rather than profit, are willing to let the stateowned line fly in the red for years to come.

& Looking in the other direction, lively little to fly from Alaska to Irkutsk, Siberia,

Aeroflot expects to convert completely to jets and turboprops by 1960, phase out the 800 to 1,000 two-engined Ilvushins (opposite number to the DC-3) that are its bread-and-lard planes. Thus, in less than three years. Aeroflot hopes to leap from the primitive, twin-engined piston stage into the four-jet age, without carefully rolling up experience on larger piston planes as Western lines have done.

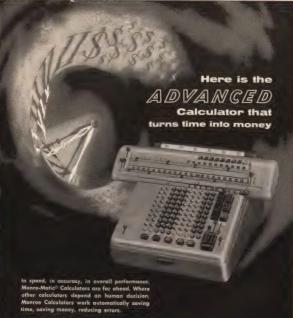
Aeroflot has some impressive new models for the job. It has started to fly Tupolev's new four-jet, 500-to-600 m.p.h. TUrros the 2.700 miles from Moscow to Irkutsk, may put the plane on longer runs to replace the TU-104. For ranges up to 3.000 miles. Aeroflot has shown off prototypes of two 400-m.p.h., four-engined turboprops-Ilyushin's 100-passenger IL-18 Moskva and Antonov's 126-passenger Ukraina-that resemble Lockheed's Electra. now being test-flown. Aeroflot's highest hopes for capturing a large chunk of the foreign market rest on Tupolev's fourengined turboprop, swept-wing TU-114, a double-decked. pressurized behemoth, twice the size of a Super Constellation. The Reds claim that it is the world's fastest propeller airliner (more than 500 m.p.h.), can carry 110 passengers nonstop from Moscow to New York in ten hours, crowd in 220 passengers for shorter trips. Aeroflot has displayed a prototype, plans to have TU-1148 in commercial operation within a year.

Comfort & Confusion, Aeroflot developed into this huge, showy line from a humble beginning. The Soviet state put it together in 1923 from remnants of the revolution's Red air force. In the 1930s Stalin purged some of Aeroflot's best brains, but in World War II he outfitted Aeroflot with hundreds of U.S. lend-lease Dakotas (DC-38), started to expand it fast to open up underdeveloped Russian areas that had no roads or rail lines.

Today Aeroflot is actually Soviet Russia's civil air ministry. Besides hauling passengers and freight, it carries out a massive program of crop dusting and sowing; it runs meteorological and oil-pipeline surveys, organizes flying clubs, maintains all nonmilitary airports and directs two colleges which train pilots and ground technicians. It is difficult to tell where the Red air force leaves off and Aeroflot begins. Bossing it is onetime Air Force Commander in Chief (1950-57) Chief Air Marshal Pavel Zhigarev, 60, veteran pilot and bomber expert who got the airline job a year ago.

Zhigarev rules a rigidly controlled bureaucracy. So tight is his grip that a station manager in Vladivostok sometimes has to seek approval from Moscow-4.000 miles away-to effect changes. At the same time. Aeroflot is so disorganized that its 27 territorial boards print separate timetables, often in the local language, to the consternation of passengers who must change planes on a long trip.

By Western standards. Zhigarev's bureaucracy ignores the basic rules for running an airline economically. While Western lines use their planes up to twelve hours a day for money-saving "maximum utilization," Aeroflot idles dozens of planes



Monro-Matic Calculators are being bought today by top companies like these:







Kimbert & Clark

For the greatest savings choose the world's most advanced calculator

siculating Machine Company, Inc., Orange, New New for sales and service throughout the world

See the MAN from MONROE

Ramset carries a lot of weight in Minneapolis!



With a squeeze of the trigger, this worker drives steel fasteners into 2-ton concrete slabs which form the exterior of a new Minneapolis building.

RAMSET does any fastening into concrete and steel up to 15 times faster than old-style methods. On this job, more than \$2500 and 50-man-hours were saved by Watson Construction Company. Architects were Abbett & Griswolf

RAMSET eliminates drilling and plugging . . . it's the quick, effortless way to fasten modern building materials.

You may make similar savings by using this modern method for new construction or maintenance: light, medium or heavy duty. Ask your RAMSET dealer—he's listed under "Tools" in the yellow pages. Or write factory.

Here's how it works:

Insert fastener and varifidge; close tool	Hold tool tight against work; push down	Pull trigger; fastener is instantly
READY	RAM	SET
Ramset		

Ramset Fastening System

on the ground for each one in the air. Aeroflot does not have enough good ground bases, maintenance depots or technicians to handle its huge fleet. The Russians built Aeroflot's new planes so they can use the country's rough airports, rather than improving the airports. Thus the jets sacrifice payload and range for ruggedness.

On the other hand, the line's big-city serions are long and smooth, and the terminals abound with electronic landing equipment, radar and comforts for passengers. Moscow's Victorian-style Vnukovo Airport compares with some of the best in the West, houses a transient hotel and a nursery with toys and costs for the tots.

a nursery with toys and cots for the tots.

High Fares. Aeroflot's fares are high:
11.3f a mile on flights inside Russia. v.
the 8.6c charged by Western carriers for
trips within Europe and only 5.3f for

OIL Merger for Getty?

Wall Street buzzed with rumous last week that Billionarie Jean Paul Gesty, 65, the richest American (Trast. March a), the richest American (Trast. March a), would soon unite the three major oil companies that he controls. Together, the street of the stre

Why should I try to tighten my grip?"

Despite the disclaimer. Getty was trying to do so, or at least trying to simplify



Aeroflot's 220-Passenger Turboprop TU-114
Flying high in the red,

domestic U.S. flights. Passengers have trouble buying tickets in advance, since flights are often reported fully booked because clerks hold out large blocks to satisfy any last-minute demand by Soviet VIPs. A foreigner can usually wangle a seat at the last moment, even if a nontitled Soviet citizen must be bumped just before take-off. In flight, meals are heavy and ordinary, include Georgian wines, vodka and cognac. The piston planes are unpressurized, and many of the TU-104 jets are pressurized to a cabin altitude of only 9.000 ft. (v. 5.000 ft. for U.S. planes), carry oxygen masks next to each seat for passengers who cannot stand the thin air, Aeroflot pilots, though experienced, have

According piots, though experienced, have won a daredevil reputation for going up in bird-walking weather. This can make or ough and treacherous travel, since or ough and treacherous travel, since in the back-confederation available in the back-confederation available in the back-confederation available in the back-confederation are not equipped for instrumed are not equipped for instrumed was to the walk of a safety record they have, no What kind of safety record they have no mounce crashes unless foreigners are no nounce crashes unless foreigners are not not to the control of the co

For these reasons, Western airmen feel that Aerollot must go a long way before it can match non-Communist airlines in reliability. The real test will come when Aerollot pits its jets against the Western lines in the tough competition in Western Europe and across the North Atlantic.

his complicated empire. Getty Oil now owns only 14% of Tidewater, but Getty himself controls 64½% of Tidewater through holdings in a maze of corporations, including Mission Development Co. (42% owned by Getty).

Mission Development this week will use its stockholders to authorize 1,000,000 additional shares of stock (current coals,000,000 shares) Part of this new stock will then he offected in exchange for he 3,5% of Tiedwater's stock that is owned by still another Getty holding company, Mission Corp. If Mission Corp. Hospital as expected, Mission Development will then have 5,0% of Tiedwater.

Next. Getty says that Getty Gil seill offer to swap its own stock for the 35% of Missian Development that it does not work offer to swap its own stock for the Getty Gil share for 14 Missian Development. It all goes through as expected, Getty Gil offer the Getty Gil

Getty denied that the proposed owny were designed to open the way, for a Getty Oil-Tidewater merger, on the inended of the combine these two with Stelly Gill, Getty argues that he already controls all offers in one do for merger. But oilmen were still skeptical. They said that Getty has long evarned to unite the three, to there is one end for merger. But oilmen were still skeptical. They said that the control of the contro

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any of these Shares. The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

7,602,285 Shares

Nominal (par) value 20 guilders a Share

Royal Dutch Petroleum Company

(N.V. Koninklijke Nederlandsche Petroleum Maatschappij)
(A Netherlands Company)

Rights to subscribe for these shares are being issued by the Company to its shareholders, which rights will expire at the close of business on February 10, 1958.

Subscription Price \$30 or 114 guilders a Share

(at the option of the Subscriber)

The secretal underwriters may offer shares at prices not less than the Subscription Price set forth above cless, in the case of sales to dealers, the concession allowed to dealers, and not more than either the last sale or current offering price on the New York Stock Exchange, whichever is greater, plus an amount equal to the applicable New York Stock Exchange commission.

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from only such of the undersigned as may legally offer these Shares in compliance with the securities laws of the respective States.

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

KUHN, LOEB & CO. THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION LAZARD FRERES & CO.

BLYTH & CO., INC. EASTMAN DILLON, UNION SECURITIES & CO.

GLORE, FORGAN & CO. GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. HARRIMAN RIPLEY & CO.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO. LEHMAN BROTHERS SMITH, BARNEY & CO.

STONE & WEBSTER SECURITIES CORPORATION WHITE WELD & CO.

STONE & WEBSTER SECURITIES CORPORATION WHITE, WELD & CO.

DEAN WITTER & CO. DOMINICK & DOMINICK MODEL, ROLAND & STONE

January 20, 1958.

AMERICA'S LARGEST SELLING PREMIUM WINES



THE GREAT WINES OF

The Christian Brothers

of California

PORT - SHERRY - BURGUNDY - ROSÉ - SAUTERNE - VERMOUTH - CHAMPAGNE

Fromm and Sichel, Inc., sole distributors, New York, N. Y., Chicago, Ill., San Francisco, Calif

She deserves to eat out

-at least once a week!

Whether it be dinner, breakfast, brunch or lunch . . . the pleasure's made greater by America's best-loved beverage-coffee! And Chase & Sanborn Coffees are served by more fine hotels and restaurants throughout America than any other brand!





UNIT HEATERS

THE THEATER

New Play in Manhattan

Two for the Seesaw (by William Gibson | needs only two for the cast. Henry Fonda is an Omaha lawyer, downhearted and adrift in New York while being divorced. Anne Bancroft is a warmhearted racy-tongued. Bronx-to-Bohemia floater whom he meets at a party. All her life she has given too freely; he all his life has taken. Shuttling between their shabby little flats, they carry on a love affair in sick, ness and in health, in banter and in woe bridging a cultural and temperamental



HENRY FONDA & ANNE BANCROFT

She knew about herself divide hetter than they can blot out a

memory of marriage. Though makeshift and spotty, the play is not just one more movie-soppy, moviesafe bit of lonely hearts and flowers, or just one more cleverish game of theatrical double-dummy stage writing. It has its quite funny and its reasonably touching theater, touches of real feeling, But it mingles thematic movement with technical bar-chinning the capacities of an author with the commonplaces of a situation. And though it does not falsify its ending, it oversentimentalizes it. As a twocharacter piece, it has wasted moments and overworked effects, more changes of scene than of story, and two telephones that are almost a liaison in themselves.

Beyond bringing a rather promising playwright to Broadway. Two for the Secsaw brings a remarkably appealing actress. TV's Anne Bancroft has an urgently personal quality and unmistakable comic

TIME, JANUARY 27, 1958



Atomic "Half Life" saves human life

helped by Air EXpress with extra-fast delivery!

This radioactive material has a rendezvous with fate, And it must not be late. Its power to diagnose or cure disease spans just a handful of hours, called a "halflife." Then, swiftly, its potency leaks away

To forestall such danger, this peaceful atomic weapon must race the clock to a hospital, often thousands of miles away. And the vital responsibility for on-time delivery is entrusted to Air Express.

Jobs like this are all in a day's work for Air Express. And this same service is always at your service - no matter what you make. With Air Express, you can multiply your opportunities to sell anywhere in the country, because Air Express gives you 10.212 daily scheduled flights - plus fast pick-up with 13,500 trucks,

many radio controlled - plus a nationwide private wire system. Yet Air Express is inexpensive. For instance, a 15 lb. shipment from Chicago to New York costs only \$5.15 with Air Express - \$2.30 less than any other complete air shipping method. Explore all the facts. Call Air Express.



GETS THERE FIRST via U. S. SCHEDULED AIRLINES



CALL AIR EXPRESS ... division of RAILWAY EXPRESS AGENCY

NOW! from Continental

A suggestion:

Start your pension plans now!

Tax savings in 1958 can pay most if not entire cost of pension plans

You as an employer, almost regardless of the size of your working force, are permitted to enjoy substantial and far-reaching benefits under current tax laws.

The avenue open to you lies in the broad field of employee benefit plans for retirement, pensions, profit-sharing, deposit administration and equity trusts.

Guidance is available to you, through your own agent or broker, from Continental Assurance... designer of more types of master contracts to fund pension plans than any other company.

Start your plans now to benefit your firm tax-wise in 1958. Write now for basic facts and an informative booklet, "An Important Consideration."



gifts. Allotted a distinctive lingo and some carthy lines. She wonderfully brightens her early scenes with a blend of Bohemian bluntness and Bronx cheer. But she can manage emotion too. and inner perception, and suffering she wants to conceal. In a far weaker part—being virtually a straight man in concedy secrees, and a dartoity doil.

Like Gittel Mosa, the girl she plays in Two tor the Secata, Actress Anne Bancroft speaks pure Bronsea with expansive gestures to match. Like Gittel she likes bulky sweaters long black stockings and that shoes. With this hackermound she needed just one reading to wan the part rum Producer Feed Cur. Say. Director Arthur Penn. "She didnet sweat read me—I was sold on sight. She ze Gittel."

me—I was sold on sight, She is Gittel."

Born in The Bronx 20 years ago. Anne (original name. Anna Italiano grew up into a dark-eyed. black-haired girl with a craving for stagecraft. "I always wanted

to get up in front of people and do something, "she says, "When I was a little kid, I assed to go up to the WPA workers in the street and ask if they dike me to sing." After a session at the American Academy, After a session at the American Academy, the street of the street of the street Leading rodes for two seasons (Statie Otte, Kraft Theaters, then put in a weary tour in Hollywood cating in second-rate films (Vew York Confidential, The Naked Street). Last August the went back to Manhattan to study acting with Drama den fame on Broadway.

Like a method player, Actress Bancrout, who has some through marriage and a divorce, uses her entire life to help create the character of Gittel admits. "everything method with the character of Gittel admits." everything the would zet good notices, and now that she has we feel like proud parents. Anne shrings off her success. "In happy for us, for his family—Coe and Gittel admits." he was the she was the she will be successed in the proof of the success. "In happy to us, for his family—Coe and Gittel."

MILESTONES

Born. To Félix Gaillard. 38. Premier of France. and Dolorès Gaillard. 36: a girl. their second child. her fourth: in Paris. Name. Isabelle-Aimée. Weight: 8 lbs. 14 02. 14re FOREIGN NEWS1.

Morried, Jayne Mansfield, 2a, showoff blonde cinematries (Kiss Them or Me): and protein-packed. Hungarian-born Miklos ("Mickey") Hargitay, 20, otherwise "Mr. Universe of 10,00" both for the second time: in Portugese Bend (south of Los Angeles). Calif.

Married, Edward G, Rohinson, 64, Rumanian-born, onetime cigar-munching cinema tough guy (Little Caezar), now cast as a middle-aged Romeo in Paddy Chayef-sky's play Middle of the Night; and Jane Adler, 38, sometime New York dress designer now working backstage; both for the second time; in Arlington Va.

Died, William Vincent Griffin, 72 longtime vice chairman of the board of directors of Time. Inc.; of a heart attack; in Manhattan, After Yale, where he took an LL.B. ('08) and a B.A. ('12), wise, devoted Bill Griffin started a business career without any sign of a silver spoon, became a trustee of the estate of James C. Brady and chairman of the board of the Brady Security & Realty Corp.; invested in Chrysler in the '20s, was soon a member of the board of directors of the Bank of Manhattan. Continental Oil Co. and more than a dozen other large industrial and financial corporations. Wartime ("dollar-a-year") special assistant to the administrator of the lend-lease program. later director of its British Empire branch, prominent Roman Catholic Layman Griffin was longtime (1947-57) president of the English-Speaking Union and co-chairman of the American Fund for

Westminster Abbey, was cited by the Vatican (Knight Commander of the Order of St. Gregory the Greats, once headed the Vale University Catholic center and chapel fund-raising committee. In 1947 President Truman awarded him the President's Certificate of Merit, and in 1935 Queen Elizabeth II made him honorary Knight Commander of the Britis Empire.

Died, Jesse Louis Lasky, 77, pinners moviemaker who cranked out in 1914. Hollywood's first feature-length film (The Joguest Mari) in a barn stediu; of a heart attack; in Beverly Hills, Affer his rat attack; in Beverly Hills, Affer his more follows: Affer his Affer h

Died. General José Miaja. 79. "Savior of Madrid" and hero of Spanish Republican resistance during the disastrous (about 1,000,000 killed out of a 24 million population) 1930-39 rehelion led by Francisco Franco; of a heart attack; in Mexico City.

Died, Matthew Mansfield Neely, 3, bongtime talmost 32 versis. Democratic Senator from West Virginia, onetime Representative and governor whose acid-tongued criticism and flowery eulogies became congressional legends; oi cancer. after lone illness: in Bethesda Md. A trey New Dealey. Neely served (since 1940) as chairman of the Senate's District of Columbia Committee (Washington's "modificial mayor"). Rejublican Governor Coeff H. Unitervool's expected, appoint-seat will reduce the Senate's Democratic majority from 6-50-61 (6). 2014.



Why geographers are interested in "gals"

The earth is not perfectly round, as any school child knows. It is not even a simple flattened sphere, as we often think of it . . . but a mass of bumps and hollows that have thrown geographers way off in their measurements.

To correct these errors, modern scientists have been busy recording the force of gravity at various points all over the world. Expressed in units of gravity called "gals" and

"milligals" after Galileo, such measurements help determine how far a point is from the center of the earth . . . and hence enable us to compute and outline the earth's actual shape.

The most absolute accuracy has long been our ambition at Rand McNally ... not only in our fine maps and atlases . . . but in the many specialized printing tasks we perform for American industry. And if, like the

geographers, we can find a way to improve on our results, we welcome any new methods or equipment that will make it possible.



PUBLISHERS - PRINTERS - MAP MAKERS - ESTABLISHED 1856 - CHICAGO - NEW YORK - NASHVILLE - SAN FRANCISCO - WASHINGTON 89

Looking for Something?









CINEMA

The New Pictures

Witness for the Prosecution |Arthur Hornblow: United Artists). "He's like a drowning man clutching at a razor blade. A famed British barrister (Charles Laughton) is referring to his feckless client (Tyrone Power). Indicted for the murder of a wealthy widow, the fellow faces a trial in which all the evidence-a will too timely altered in his favor, a maid who places him in the house on the night of the murder-is disastrously against him. His only hope is the testimony of his wife (Marlene Dietrich). But on the witness stand the wife declares that in the first place she is not his wife, and in the second place his story is a lie.

At this point the legal tangle begins to look painfully like a hangman's knot. But presto! The tangle turns into a car's cradle of evidence that whodunit expert Anatha Christie, author of the long-running play on which the picture is based, manipulates with the skill and deft craftsmanship of long experience. The last scene is as the British says, a basitis says,

Credits: to Director Billy Wilder, for his usual skillful job, and to Actor Charles Laughton, for an amusing piece of ourrageous mugging, His John Bullge at the waistline is absurdly impressive, and his cranks and quildities are sometimes elegantly sly Churchillustrations.

Pursuit of the Graf Spee (Powell and Pressburger: Ronk) is a good sea story, not very well told; but there are moments when it holds, like a sea shell, the sounding memory of the waves Britannia used to rule.

In 1939, just after World War II began, three cruisers of the Royal Navy (Ajax, Achilles, Exeter) sighted a dangerous Ger-



PETER FINCH AS GERMAN OFFICER Like the sounds in a sea shell.



DIETRICH & LAUGHTON IN "WITNESS"
Like a grip on B razor blade.

man raider, the pocket battleship Admiral Graf Spee, off the coast of Uruguay, and attacked. They had their nerve. The German was one of the most formidable ships afloat-a fact soon demonstrated. In little more than an hour the Exeter was wallowing out of action. But the other two cruisers, harrying the enemy like sharks at a whale, managed to hit where it hurt. The German commander (Peter Finch) withdrew into the River Plate, and docked at Montevideo. Prodded by the Allies. neutral Uruguay allowed the Graf Spee less than four days for repairs, and meanwhile the British spread rumors of a large (and largely nonexistent) fleet that had gathered to intercept the raider's escape. The Germans swallowed the bluff: Hitler himself approved the order to scuttle the Graf Spec, Britain had won the first significant sea fight of World War II.

The story is competently filmed in pretty Technicolor, and it is probably accurate from barnacles to binnacles, but it lingers too long over the details. The producers seem to have forgotten that in war pictures, as in true love, there is little to be said for long engagements.

Smiles of a Summar Night | No. Somesh Roses, On the subject of temporation, Martin Luther, once said. "You can't prevent the hirds dying ower your head, but you can keep fifteen from nesting swedings." With this not his text, Swedish are seen to a sense of the seen of t

* No kin to Swedish Actress Ingrid Bergman.



The Marchant calculator demonstration Bill Harvey asked for ... to see for himself how much time it will save on his figurework

A Marchant is the ideal calculator for Bill's business.

A Marchant speeds figurework by delivering answers faster, with complete assurance of accuracy, and with remarkable ease of operation. These are the unique benefits of Marchant's exclusive proportional-gear mechanism, which operates smoothly throughout the calculating cycle. No continual jarring start and stop; utmost dependability, longer life.

Together, the speed, accuracy and dependability of Bill's Marchant will make it one of his most profitable investments. FOLLOW BILL'S LEAD - MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY

MARCHANT CALCULATORS, INC. - DAKLAND 8, CALIFORNIA



Modern Management Counts on Marchant

'Of course we fly ... a TRI-PACER"



Mr. and Mrs. Laurence A. Weaver, Jr., and James D. Gonia, executives of Weaver Incorporated, Atlanta, Ga., publishers' representatives, all fly the Piper Tri-Pacer.



cluding points far from the beaten path," Mr. Weaver says, "We relax en route, save time, give better service to our clients.



"I used to dread driving hundreds of miles to be home for the week end. Now we can count on dinner at home every Friday. This means a great deal to a salesman

The Piper Tri-Pacer, world's most popular low-cost, 4-passenger airplane, was designed with the businessman in mind. Fast, easiest to fly, economical to buy and maintain, the Tri-Pacer is the ideal business plane. More than 6,000 are now being flown. Couldn't you profitably use a Tri-Pacer in your business? See your Piper dealer or, for brochure and details of 'Learn As You Travel" plan, address Dept. 3-T.



MORE PEOPLE HAVE BOUGHT PIPERS THAN ANY OTHER PLANE IN THE



PUSH-BUTTON FOCUSING

Easy to use Push-Button Focusing and Spectramatic Flash Settings make color photography easier for advanced amateurs and beginners. f/2.8 lens systems, double exposure prevention. built-in self-timer and all popular 35mm camera features. Must be demonstrated to be appreciated.

-- Only \$87.50 -

Complete outfit-camera, case and flash \$99.50



You tie up two valuable assets when you own your trucks-capital and executives. Why waste them on an unprofitable operation?

A NATIONAL truckleasing expert can put them both back to work for you, making profits.

WRITE for details—and the name of the NATIONAL firm in your oreo.

Members in principal cities in the United States TRUCK National LEASING

SYSTEM SUITE C-1 CHICAGO 4, ILL

The fast-acting

aid in preventing and relieving Travel Sickness.

THE WORLD OVER TEMED

THE HOTEL OF THE AMERICAS mericana

BAL HARBOUR MIAMI BEACH FLORIDA

Cannes they gave it a grand prix as the best comedy of 1956. It may not be all that funny, but it is sexy enough in a simple, sweaty way,

The interlocking triangles include a prominent Swedish lawyer, his grown son, his young wife, his ex-mistress, the upstairs maid, a Swedish peer and his funloving wife. Essentially it is love's old sweet story of how the man chases the woman until she catches him. Everybody ends up at a house party where the moral climate is established by the hostess, who declares that the only time a person needs morals is when he is playing solitaire.

Shot straight, the story would make nothing better than a smoker film. But Director Bergman has played it all as a dainty piece of what might be called De Maupassementerie. His settings are in exquisitely bad fin de siècle style; his landscapes redound with swans and willows, In the soft, romantic focus of his camera, outline fails, objects become memories, events transpire in a precarious tense neither past nor present. But the screenplay -which Bergman himself wrote-is a hard mosaic of epigrams (I love people, cries a naughty old woman, "I could have them stuffed-and set up in rows, just to look at"). And he often shows a wicked sense of just when to stop a joke, of the eloquent thing not to say.

Plainly, Director Bergman intended to produce the best French picture ever made in Sweden. But in this at least he failed. A Frenchman would surely have reminded himself, as the racy lines came popping into his mind, that the best way to spoil sex is to talk too much about it.

CURRENT & CHOICE

The Enemy Below, A thriller of a duel between a DE and a U-boat, well played by Robert Mitchum and Curt Jürgens. sharply directed by Dick Powell (TIME, Jan. 13)

The Bridge on the River Kwai, Director David Lean's magnificently ironic, savage adventure story, developed into a tragic exploration of the unmeaning of life; with Alec Guinness, William Holden (TIME. Dec. 23).

Ordet. A religious allegory, swathed in a peaceful northland light, by Denmark's Carl (Day of Wrath) Dreyer (Time,

Paths of Glory. A passion out of fashion, antimilitarism, is vented by a gifted new director, 29-year-old Stanley Kubrick (Time, Dec. 9)

Don't Go Near the Water. A daffy piece of South Pacifiction, based on William Brinkley's novel about some officers and men engaged in the Navy's public relations-and their own private affairs (TIME. Nov. 25).

Gervaise. Emile Zola's L'Assommoir, a vast cry at man's fate, diminished by French taste into a touching story of a woman's ruin; with Maria Schell (TIME,

Pal Joey. A mildly anemic version of the full-blooded Broadway musical-with Frank Sinatra supplying a strong jolt of the glamour vitamin (TIME, Oct. 28).

"I didn't have time for self-improvement ...until time began to run out"



" I NEVER HAD THE CONFIDENCE to get up and talk before groups of people. I knew that, Still, I kept putting off self-improvement . . . kept telling myself I 'couldn't find the time' . . . until I was faced with a situation I couldn't handle. It wasn't until later in life that I enrolled in the Dale Carnegie Course. Now I wonder why I didn't make the time to take the course 20 years sooner!"

Joseph Henkle was elected Lieutenant Governor of Kansas in 1956-in his first bid for state office. He says. "No doubt about it. The Dale Carnegie Course gave me the self-assurance I needed for my new position.

Lieutenant Governor Henkle is just one of thousands of men and women who have turned to the Dale Carnegie Course during critical times in their lives. Seeking the ability to speak effectively, they have found much morenew enthusiasm for living, new zest for participating in

community affairs, new ability to get along with people. Every man or woman who takes the Dale Carnegie Course is a busy person. That includes doctors, engineers, teachers, housewives, foremen, supervisors, merchants, Why do they take time out from their crowded lives for self-improvement? Mainly to win the support of employees or customers . . . to sell themselves and their ideas . . . to learn to speak convincingly . . . to fit themselves for more active participation in community affairs, All gain a new outlook on themselves, their attitudes and their relations with other people.

How about you? Would you like to attend a free "preview" session demonstrating the Dale Carnegie Course? Call or write the Dale Carnegie Sponsor in your city for time, place and further information. Or write to the address below,

Free Booklet! "How to Rate Your Personal Abilities"—an interesting, informative self-analysis quiz you'll enjoy taking. Write to the address below for your free copy.





DALE CARNEGIE COURSES

DEPT. T-587, 15 W. 46th ST., NEW YORK 36 ce 1912, more than 600,000 people have profited from Dale Carnegie training

BOOKS

New American Tragedy

HOME FROM THE HILL [312 pp.]— William Humphrey—Knopf (\$3.95).

Sooner or later the genuine novelist discovers that his bread and butter depends on the quiet desperations that lie imbedded in the lives of most men and women. How he handles them is one measure of his worth, Texas-born William Humphrey, 33, has learned his lesson early. Alongside a fine book of short stories (The Last Husband and Other Stories), he can now place a first novel that shows how extraordinary the ordinary can be. Home from the Hill tells a story that will be largely familiar to every small-towner. What takes it well beyond village gossip and to a fairly high fictional level is Author Humphrey's knack for turning the feelings and motives of his characters this way and that, until each has taken an unshakable hold on the reader's interest.

Wade Hunnicutt is the big man and big landowner of his county in Texas. He rates first not merely by virtue of wealth, but because he is the best hunter, the most responsible citizen, the man whose at the same time, everyone suspects the truth about Wade and Hannah Hunnicutt's marriage-that he has slept with just about every other woman in the county. He has a preference for married women, and altogether too many youngsters in the town are dead ringers for Wade Hunnicutt, All this his wife Hannah knows, as well as the whittlers down on the square. Now she lives for two things: to raise her son Theron nobly, while deepening his love for her, and to nourish the son's respect for his errant father as a matter of pride and principle.



NAPOLEON III Truce in the boudoir.



NOVELIST HUMPHREY Tragedy in the familiar.

Young Hunnicutt learns about his father's extramarital reputation the hard way when the girl he loves is kept away from him by her prudish father. Gradually Theron learns or senses nearly everything that has poisoned the lives of his parents. and Home from the Hill becomes a sad record of innocent youth brutally awakened to the fears, hatreds and frustrations of adult life. Novelist Humphrey is honest: the seeds of tragedy having been sown early, the crop is tragic throughout, The Hunnicutt story ends in disaster and

Home from the Hill is notable for its firm evocation of small-town attitudes. Like Faulkner, Humphrey knows that customs, especially Southern customs, are as important as life itself, and that to flout them can mean inviting death. Unlike Faulkner, he can unravel fabrics of suspicion, deceit, envy, love and hatred without getting the strands into a seemingly unmanageable snarl. His fine hunting scenes create a nostalgia for a vanishing side of U.S. life, and the crash of Theron Hunnicutt's ideals marks the passing of a Southern code of conduct. A book that a bit too plainly shows the sweat of honest novel that begins where most "promising" ones leave off.

The Girl with the Moneybags MISS HOWARD AND THE EMPEROR (224 pp.) Simone André Maurois—Knopf (\$5).

Into Lady Blessington's London salon one evening in 1846 marched "a little man, four and a half feet high . . . with huge moustaches and pigs' eyes." He was Prince Louis Napoleon, nephew of the great Bonaparte, pretender to the French throne and newly escaped from the French fortress of Ham, where he had been dumped by King Louis Philippe for trying to nab the throne. Exiled Louis was in search of a treasure chest from which to subsidize a fresh coup. One of Lady Blessington's guests, a beautiful "tenth rate" Shakespearean actress known as Miss Howard, had just the chest Louis was

The destined pair exchanged confidences. Blushing Miss Howard confessed that her life was not free from stain: an evil man had taken advantage of her sweet naturewith the result that, though only 23, she had one illegitimate son in the fashionable London district of St. John's Wood and at least £1,000,000 in the kitty. His eyes sparkling, Prince Louis forgave Miss Howard. He himself, he confessed, was not without sin. While incarcerated at Ham. he had fathered two sons of the jailer's daughter-"the fruits of captivity," he murmured. Then he threw himself at Miss Howard's feet and knocked her off her hank balance.

Simone André Maurois, wife of the famed French biographer, tells the full. fabulous story of Miss Howard and Louis Napoleon for the first time. It has not been told accurately before because Actress Howard, with understandable shyness told lots of little fibs and falsified lots of little

Emotional I O Us. To begin with-as Author Maurois has diligently discovered -Miss Howard was not, as she said, an "orphan" from Dover named Harriet Howard. She was Elizabeth Ann Haryett. daughter of a Brighton bootmaker, Seduced at 15 by a jockey named Jem, she became an excellent horsewoman and later an actress at London's Haymarket Theater. At 18 she became the mistress of a wealthy Guards officer, who poured a fortune into her purse. At 19 she bore him a son. When she took the infant to be baptized, she named her own father and mother as the parents, and when asked



ACTRESS HOWARD

Treasure in the chest.

the father's profession, replied with simple spontaneity: "Plumber." All this has made accurate biography difficult.

Louis Napoleon, himself an inveterate liar, was not told about all these girlish pranks, nor was he interested in them. For two idyllic years Miss Howard sheltered Louis in her London house, financed his exile's finaglings and plottings. When Louis Philippe was deposed and France became a republic again, Miss Howard followed her lover to Paris, backed his successful campaign to make himself President. In 1852, after "throwing everything she possessed into the fray," she heard her Louis proclaimed Emperor.

The new monarch, notes Author Maurois, "owed her five million gold francs" (about three million modern dollars). In her desk, "tied with the thin silk ribbon known as a 'favour.' " Miss Howard cherished the dear evidence-a huge collection of signed receipts, along with impassioned love letters, proposals for "tightening such dear links" (marriage?), promises to "raise her to the position she deserved"

(empress?). In the Field, Miss Howard waited patiently for fulfillment of the imperial promises. Instead, one day the Emperor begged his "dear and faithful Harriet" to undertake a special embassy to England. Trustful Miss Howard got as far as Le Havre where, stormbound overnight, she opened a newspaper and read an official announcement of Louis' betrothal to Spain's Eugénie de Montijo, Countess of Teba and sister-in-law of the Duke of Alba, Bounding furiously back to Paris, poor Miss Howard got a second blow. All the locks in her boudoir had been smashed, the contents of her wardrobe thrown on the floor, her desk's secret drawer torn out. The secret police had done such a thorough job that she "no longer possessed a single letter from the Emperor Napoleon III."

He came in person to bargain with her, He promised to repay all the money and drew up the draft of a document creating her Comtesse de Beauregard-she had bought the huge château and park near Paris bearing that name. "The duel over." says Author Maurois, "there was a reconciliation upon the field."

Good Name at Last, Empress Eugénie so detested sex ("disgusting," she said) that the Emperor reportedly continued for some time to find reconciliation upon the broad fields of Beauregard. But as time passed, the "countess" (her title was never confirmed) devoted more and more of her life to good works, flowers and tapestry. For convenience' sake she married an Englishman named Trelawny, thus acouiring at last a good name, but still, out of old habit, using phony ones. She died in 1865-and her tombstone carries incorrect dates.

What sort of woman was Miss Howard? "Intriguer," "courtesan," "creature," "English chain," are some of the unkind names she has been called, Gallant, Gallic Mme. Maurois will have none of these. At the end of a biography that lacks her husband's professional brilliance but is highly competent in its own right, Author Maurois tenderly quotes the description of Miss Howard given to an interviewer by an aged servant of Beauregard: "I shall never forget Milady descending the stairs in the Château on the tick of seven in a great crinoline and wearing all her pearls. Ah, Monsieur, how beautiful she was! I promise you that she was a most respectable person and fairy-godmother."

Small Grand Guignol

A Touch of the Sun (250 pp.)-William Sansom-Reynal (\$3.50).

The English are an incurably romantic race, one of whose romantic illusions is that they are a commonsensical people. English Author William Sansom-one of the best short-story writers now at workis commonsensical enough to know this. His characters may be environed by a wilderness of asphalt, or by a sea of powder-blue wall-to-wall carpet, or by the



AUTHOR SANSOM At home in haunted houses.

price-tagged jungle of a department store; yet each embarks on a voyage of the spirit, with misery as the home port. In A Touch of the Sun, his title story,

Sansom gives evidence that he is trying to escape the thrall of La Belle Dame Sans Merci-the enchantress who from Keats backwards and forwards has been the patroness of all true romantics. The unattainable, visionary woman dominated Sansom's novel The Loving Eye (Time, April 15), and now she crops up again like a bad guinea. The story is a little shocker of how "this man Greville, traveller, Englishman, thirtyish, a sort of student on remittance, sitting now cooling off in his little Spanish police-cell, tried again to piece together in his hot red mind what in all strange hell had happened," He is tantalized by a fleeting vision of beautya girl he thinks he once loved. But as pieces of the mad mosaic drop into place, it becomes clear that he is not facing a beautiful girl but a harridan with bluerinsed hair and "grey old teeth that licked at him with such a smile of knowledge. In the end, the knowledge comes to him that his fate is at the mercy of a vengeful crone he has jilted.

Author Sansom has learned the lesson of V. S. Pritchett that the proper study of British fiction is class. One of the best stories in this collection is set in Venice and is strongly reminiscent of theVenetian episode in Lady Chatterley's Lover. Like D. H. Lawrence, Sansom plays his defunctive music undersea on the G string of sex, but class composes the melody. In this case a gondolier rashly falls in love with a beautiful English girl whose snobbery is so intense that it simply does not occur to her that a mere gondolier could aspire to be her lover. When the uninformed Venetian finally begins to understand, he swills wine, falls off a quay and is drowned, but not before the reader wishes that he had taken his painted oar to the girl in Liberty silks.

In story after story, Sansom demonstrates his special ability for staging Grand Guignol within the puppet-sized theater of the short story. He can write about the rivalry of two barbers, in Impatience, without giving the reader the feeling that he has just dropped in for a quick shave; the scene in which the barbers take to each other with straight razors evokes the violence of the London slums in a specially horrible way, And On Stony Ground introduces a wistful clerk who has only two window boxes, but each day he buys a packet of seeds; his predicament is comic but only on the surface. Sansom is a real bloodletter, Suicide, madness and irreparable loss are the themes of other stories, and in each case the atmosphere is created with the soft, ghostly touch of a man who could feel at home in a haunted house.

Mixed Fiction MY FACE FOR THE WORLD TO SEE. by Alfred Hayes (183 pp.; Harper; \$3), is the latest book by the author who, a decade ago, wrote The Girl on the Via Flaminia, an effective novel about the blighted romance of a frail-gunning G.I. and a beautiful Italian girl who is bothered about being bought. Now Scriptwriter Hayes (The Rainmaker, Island in the Sun) has restaged his old no-soap opera. This time the shattered city is Hollywood. The Girl on Wilshire Boulevard is a blank-souled beauty with a neurotic yearning for stardom. The sentimental, insensitive G.I. is a few years older and wryer-a screenwriter on leave from his wife. The prose still has an unwashed smell, but it has been sponged off here and there with the English lavender of Henry James. The details are still gutsy. In the earlier book, a lonesome U.S. soldier tries to make a pet of an owl, thoughtfully breaks its legs so that it will not escape; in the Hollywood retelling, the girl screams and vomits uncontrollably

at the inevitable Mexican bullfight. The celluloid rubble of Novelist Hayes's Hollywood ("to see or be seen . . . to eat

Love Letters to Rambler



Swiss electrical engineer Jack Daetwyler and his wife vacationed 34,000 miles in five months in their Rambler— Alcan Highway to Alaska, Pan-Ameri-

Alaska, Pan-American Highway to Mexico and Central America, Florida Keys, Canada, virtually all of North America. He writes:

24 MILES A GALLON WITH AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

"We can't say enough for our Rambler. We saved on hotel bills by sleeping in hotel bills by sleeping in hotel bills by sleeping in over sever yet averaged 24 mights. gallon over every type of driving condition. The Reclining condition. The Reclining Seats relaxed us on long hops and the large trunk had plenty of room for all our luggage. Believe me, we really love our Rambler."

Your next vacation can be the best you've ever enjoyed—and the most comfortable — in a

able — in a Rambler. With Airliner Reclining Seats, Twin Travel Beds,



All-Season Air Conditioning and the wonderfully smoother ride, it's the world's finest travel car. Drive one today at your Rambler, Nash or Hudson Dealer and see.

Tense, Nervous Headaches Need This Relief

A survey shows 3 out of 4 doctors recommend the famous ingredients of Anacin to relieve pain. Here's why Anacin® gives better total effect in pain relief than aspirin or any buffered aspirin:

ACIS INSTANLY: Anacin goes to work instantly.

Brings fast relief to source of your pain.

MORE EFFECTIVE: Anacin is like a doctor's prescription. That is, Anacin contains not one, but a
combination of medically proven ingredients.

SAFER: Anacin simply can not upset your stomach.
LESSINS TENSION: Anacin also reduces nervous
tension. leaves you relaxed, feeling fine after
pain goes. Buy Anacin Tablets today?

or be eaten") seems unreal. And his people, though carefully and competently labeled, are also carefully unexplored, as if he were afraid that the characters, if given life, would twist out of control. But Hayes is tellingly accurate about the emotions of bored bed partners who do not even like each other, and sometimes eloquent about the vacant longings of pretty, light-dazzled girls: "If they expected her to resist, or any of the girls like her, then it would have been wiser in the first place to have concealed all of it: wall around the big estates, and abolish from the newspapers those brides in the expensive veils, and keep the cameramen away from the yacht races." There is about Hayes's central character an air of minor damnation, the more poignant because it is insignificant. When struck by thought, she rings dreadfully hollowand in her hollowness, she sometimes rings true.

THE MAN ON THE ROCK, by Francis King (248 pp.: Pantheon; \$3.50), is based on the fact that the human comedy is seldom humane. British Novelist Francis King, 34, pitches his inhumane comedy on the rise and fall of a young Greek spiv of the postwar dead-beat generation. The book's larger theme is the old motif of American innocence v. European corruption. Reflected in the golden eye of a Mediterranean setting, what is sordid and depraved becomes corrosively hilarious. Spiro Polymerides is a sun-baked peasant Apollo. He is taken up by an arty, effeminate, high-minded official of a U.S. relief mission in Athens. To fiftyish Irvine Stroh. Spiro is a kind of male Liza Doolittle. whom he goes about refashioning in his own cultural image. Actually, Irvine is an emotional neuter except for the heartsickness he feels when Greek mulcts Greek. Spiro, who as an adolescent saw Communists murder his father and mother, regards Irvine's sentimentality about Greece as fatuous. In Spiro's world one cheats to live, and underdog eats underdog,

Eventually Spiro is infected with the virus of sophistication, lands in the arms of Helen Bristow, a lonely, pliable American matron of about 4,8 who likes to play with Greek fire. Unfortunately for her, Spiro soon develops a rage to leave—for a pastry-plump Hellenic miss whose shipping-magnate adoly happens to be loaded with sugar. When Helen commits suicide, Spiro suffers a had quarter-hour's resonance in the supplier of the production of

By novel's end, this social Spirochete has destroyed or degraded each life with which he has come in contact. Spiro may be a human parasite, but at least he is true to his instinctual self. The Irvines and Helen Britsons are spiritual nomads, Author King implies, with no selves to be true to. They sleepwalt through realised to the contact of the self-spiritual parasite properties of the contact of the self-spiritual parasite properties and the self-spiritual parasite properties of the self-spiritual parasite properties of the self-spiritual parasite properties and the self-spir

MISCELLANY

Rock 'n' Vote. In Charlotte, N.C., four candidates in the Central High School election, disdaining the conventional office titles—president, vice president, secretary, treasurer—announced that they were running for "big boss, little boss, pen pusher and moneybags."

Space Slip, In London, Frank Barrow, explaining why he could not appear in court on a parking summons, wrote the judge: "I have volunteered this week for space travel in satellite or rocket, so I cannot foresee whether I shall be available to be present in court."

Still Life. In Fall River, Mass., Manuel V. Oliveira Jr., 44, who lost the city's garbage-disposal contract last October, was arrested by federal agents for operating an illegal distillery, admitted he spentisg nibration of the still be garbage-cooking plant into a still.

Double Time. In Seattle, Mrs. Dorys Alkire was fined \$1 for a parking violation, despite her argument that she had not broken the law by parking her small sports car in a space parity occupied by another sports car because the owner of the first auto had already put the necessary nickel in the meter.

Bench Worront. In Tallahassee, Fla., Circuit Court Judge Vassar B. Carlton, whose plea for a divorce from a "nagging and hadgering wife" was rejected by a fellow justice, declared in an appeal to the State Supreme Court 'that "a judge has a right to a divorce as much as anybody else."

Teacher's Pet. In Depew, N.V., Teacher James McGuire, 37, was suspended by the board of education for insubordination after he submitted a schedule of his classes and wrote at the bottom: "Total hours per week—average 60; overtime pay—none; time off for overtime work —none; salary—poor; gratitude— none; feelings—disgusted."

Anyone's Guest. In Wenatchee, Wash., Shelby Thrift sued Grocery Owner Roy Duvaul for \$2.500 danges after having been pecked on the leg by a rooster which she claimed the grocer harbored "knowing it to he of a vilowed limited that the bird was not his, to be only the control of the control of the Duvaul inside that the bird was not his, it just "show up at the store and hung around."

Subtract One, In Los Angeles, Rosetta L. Randall, 20, won a divorce from her husband Donald, 31, after testifying that he placet their marriage on a point system: "When I did anything right hed give me points and when I did anything wrong he would take points away. I never knew the results. I had so many points taken away I guess I didn't have much of a score."





nightly as you dine at famous rooms of Hilton Hotels everywhere.



FINE FOOD You will enjoy the excellent dining facilities and

HILTON HOTELS LEAD THE WAY



activity . . . convenient to business, shopping and transportation,



RESERVATIONS For immediate reply, contact the Out-of-Town Reservation Service at any hotel, or Reservation Offices below.

NEW YORK The Waldorf-Astoria The Plaza The Statler The Savoy-Plaza

HARTFORD

CHICAGO WASHINGTON, D. C. CLEVELAND CINCINNAT

ST. LOUIS DETROIT COLUMBUS The Deshler Hilton

RESERVATIONS: NEW YORK, LOngacre 3-6900 • CHICAGO, Financial 6-2772 * SAN FRANCISCO, YUkon 6-0576 * MIAMI, FRanklin 9-3427 PITTSBURGH-COurt 1-5600 . TORONTO, EMpire 8-2921 BEVERLY HILLS LOS ANGELES The Statler HOUSTON

EL PASO

FORT WORTH The Hilton Hotel SAN ANTONIO ISTANBUL, TURKEY The Istanbul Hilton

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO MEXICO CITY PANAMA CITY

SAN JUAN, P. M. The Caribe Hilton MADRID, SPAIN